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The Bombay Chronicle

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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

VOL. XXV NO. 53 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

REVOLVER SHOTS IN POONA HOSPITAL

INTRIGUING SITUATION

Provincial Autonomy Will Be Inaugurated Without Ministers

NO OATH ON APRIL 1

LUCKNOW, March 3.

An intriguing situation appears likely to develop as a result of the decision of the Congress to observe April 1st, the date of the inauguration of the New Constitution, as anti-constitution day and to observe a hartal. It is understood that if the Congress decides to accept ministry, the Congress Ministers would refuse to take the Oath on that day, and the Governor would be for practical purposes in charge of all departments. No dates have yet been fixed for the first meeting of the legislatures, but it is likely that they will meet at the beginning of the second week in April for three days, in which, besides the taking of the Oath and the election of a Speaker and Deputy Speaker, the salaries of Ministers and Parliamentary Secretaries will also be decided.

The Legislative Department is already busy answering the queries of members and arranging various preliminaries, and owing to the extra work, the Department has been strengthened by the appointment of an assistant secretary and about half a dozen clerks.

In view of the decision of the Congress not to affiliate with any other party, and since only one Muslim has been elected on the Congress ticket, the question has arisen as to who should be the Muslim Ministers. It is, however, reliably learnt that certain Independent Muslims of Congress leanings and Muslims of other parties are willing to join the Congress Party.—A. P.

STEEL PRICE MAY SHOOT UP

Effect Of Higher Wages And Shorter Hours In Industry

NEW YORK, March 3.

The higher wages and shorter hours now adopted by the entire steel industry are reliably estimated to cost nearly 150 million dollars a year, which is expected to increase production costs by an average of four dollars per ton. An increase in prices is expected on Friday.—Reuter.

CUT MOTIONS IN ASSEMBLY

Division Of Work Among Parties

NEW DELHI: March 3.

The subjects on which cut motions will be moved by the parties in the Assembly during the discussion on the demands for grants have been decided upon.

The Congress Party will concentrate on three questions, namely, Indians Abroad, Frontier Policy, and the general policy of the Executive Council. The debates on these will be initiated respectively by Mr. Saxena, Mr. Asaf Ali and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai.

The Independents will raise a discussion on the Defence Department, to be opened by Syed Murtaza Saheb, while Mr. Aney, on behalf of the nationalists, will move a cut to censure repressive policy.

The European Group's cut motion relates to the demand under customs to consider revenue duties.—A. P.

BUDGET DEBATE ON PAGE 7)

Nurses And Attendants Rush To Patient

SUICIDE TRAGEDY

Col. Frere Found Dead In Chair With Shot-Wound On Forehead

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

POONA, Mar 4 (2-45 a.m.)

Colonel Frere, formerly Administrator of the Icchalkaranji Jehagir, Kolhapur State, was found shot dead in his special sick room in the Sassoon Hospital at about 2 a.m. this morning. Colonel Frere was an indoor patient, suffering from diabetes.

Rush To Room

It is stated that hearing revolver shots from his room nurses and attendants ran to his room to find him dead in the chair with a shot wound on the forehead and a revolver and cartridges lying by his side. The reason for the suicide is anticipated to be his illness.

Ajra Incident Recalled

Colonel Frere was Administrative Officer of Icchalkaranji at the time of the Ajra firing tragedy when the Jehagir police fired on a Muslim crowd, killing eight and wounding several others.

Absolved Of Guilt

The Kolhapur Durbar instituted an inquiry into the firing by appointing a special commission which, while finding some Jehagir officials guilty, absolved Col. Frere. Local police are investigating suicide incident.

PLEA FOR CLEAN AND CLEAR-CUT POLICY

Jawahar Carries Day Against Office Acceptance

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, March 3.

By a overwhelming majority a public meeting held in Swaraj Bhawan this evening rejected a resolution for acceptance of ministry by the Congress in provinces where it secured a majority. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru presided and about 2000 persons attended the meeting.

Yard And Balance

Pandit Jawaharlal, the Congress President, declared in emphatic terms that the objective of the Congress was capture of power, and they should have yard and balance to measure every step they took in their struggle to ascertain whether they were proceeding in the right direction. Unless they had some fixed standards whereby to judge their actions, they would be lost in confusion about the issue of Congress accepting Ministry.

The Basic Idea

Although the Congress had kept the issue open it had given sufficient expression of its policy in the Election Manifesto and resolutions passed from time to time by the Working Committee etc. The Basic idea was not to co-operate with the Constitution. The Congress Working Committee had again placed the basic Congress policy before the people at the last meeting at Wardha.

"Cleverness" Won't Pay

"We are fighting for things afar and must look ahead. We must have a clean and clearcut policy. If we have a clean policy we may expect the masses to support us." Pandit Nehru stressed that "cleverness" would not pay. He had tried to understand the 'kisans' and he was of the opinion a clean and straightforward policy could be better understood and appreciated by them. Kisans and labourers were in his view, anti-imperialists.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that he was surprised to hear Dr. Katju arguing that they should go to the legislatures to prove their capacity to maintain Law and Order and reduce forgery and perjury. That was not the question before Congressmen at all. They should keep in view the object and means and be careful, to find what effect a particular course would have on their army.

ACHARYA KRIPOLANI.

Acharya Kriplani spoke in favour of office acceptance. He said that all agreed that the Congress could not get Swaraj through Councils, but even a revolutionary party could not afford to give up small advantages in the struggle. He thought that Congressmen in Office could create deadlocks earlier than in the Opposition. It was pretty certain that Congressmen could not stay in office for long as they would come in conflict with the Governor.

He thought that within 5 or 7 months Congressmen would have to return to the country.

Acharya Narendra Deo opposed the motion for acceptance of office. He said Congressmen could not improve the status or dignity of the ordinary people by forming a Cabinet. They could not dismiss a single Provincial Service man and the police would be out of their control. The police regulations could not be changed by them. The framers of the Act had taken care to keep the police out of the control of any political party. So even from the psychological point of view they could not create any mass effect.

It was no use accepting office under the Charter of Slavery when they clearly could not fulfil the high hopes of the people. This victory of the Congress in the elections could be turned into failure. Congress might have to go into the wilderness again. It might again be ridiculed and laughed at on its impotence and failure. "But our star would rise again after we had been looked down by the world."

Congress Legislators Warned

No Parleys With Govt.: Nor Alliances With Other Groups

CIRCULAR TO P. C. Cs'

ALLAHABAD, March 3.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in a communication to all the Provincial Congress Committees, draws their attention to the resolution passed by the Working Committee at Wardha. He says:—

"These resolutions give a definite and clear lead to the Congress organisation and to the country generally in regard to our future work and policy, both inside the legislatures and outside. Final decisions about the policy will no doubt be taken by the A.I.C.C. in Delhi. But, whatever the decision on the question of ministries might be, the general background of our policy is clear and is bound to remain. Every newly elected Congress member of legislatures, as well as all other Congress workers should, therefore, be fully acquainted with it and should act up to it. You will, therefore, kindly take immedite steps to inform all such persons, as well as Congress Committees in your jurisdiction of these resolutions. At the next meeting of your Provincial Congress Committee these resolutions should be read out.

KEEP UP TEMPO.

"In particular I should like to draw your attention, and through you of all the Congressmen in your province, to the immediate necessity of our organisational work being carried on in rural and other areas at almost the same tempo as during the election time. The elected members have a special responsibility for this in their own constituencies. They should also see that people in their areas are not harassed or ill-treated, because of their support to the Congress in elections, and every such case should be investigated."

He further draws the attention of the Congress workers and Congress members of legislatures to the damage to crops due to the recent hail and frost, and asks them to make personal enquiries and help the peasantry in putting forward demands for remission and other forms of assistance to relieve their distress.

A WARNING.

He further warns the leaders and members of the Congress Parliamentary Parties that **"we can enter into no alliances with other groups, nor can we negotiate with the Government or their representatives in regard to our further work in legislatures. So long as the A.I.C.C. has not definitely laid down its directions, no such conversations can serve any useful purpose. In the event of any particular developments taking place the matter should be referred to us to ensure that an identical and uniform policy is followed everywhere."—A. P.**

STOP PRESS

BIHAR PARTY LEADER.

PATNA: March 3.

The "Associated Press" understands that Mr. Srikrishna Sinha has been elected leader of the Congress Party in the New Bihar Legislative Assembly. He was the leader of the Swaraj Party in the Bihar Legislative Council.—A. P.

MADRAS TRAMWAY STRIKE.

MADRAS: March 3.

Most of the tramway employees who struck work yesterday are still holding out. Temporary hands are being employed to maintain the full service which was re-established last evening. According to an official estimate out of a total of 651 men only 200 are on strike at present.—A. P.

Fantastic Press Stories Exploded

No Truth In Press Reports About Ministry Quarrel Among Congressmen

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

Long before the nominations for the elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly and the Council were filed, busy bodies were engaged in freely distributing the different portfolios in certain Congress leaders who were before their eyes.

DISTRIBUTION OF PORTFOLIOS

Now that the elections are over, they have intensified their activities and have begun suggesting all sorts of names as probable Ministers.

FANTASTIC STORIES

Enquiries made in informed Congress circles show that there is absolutely no truth in the news that there is intrigue or plot or counter-plot to oust this or that Congress leader in the City from the Chief Ministership. It is only after a decision is taken at Delhi on the office question that the question of the personnel of the Ministry could be taken up for consideration.

DISGUSTING PROPAGANDA

So far it was taken for granted that the man who is elected as the leader of the Party will be the Chief Minister of the Province. But news from Wardha indicates that the Working Committee will have a direct hand in the formation of ministries, in case Delhi decides in favour of acceptance of office.

The two leaders themselves, who are the subject of newspaper discussions are disgusted with the propaganda that is being carried on.

While it might be a fact that some of the Congressmen are discussing as to who shall be the Ministers when Congress decides in favour of ministries, the Congress High Command, I am authorised to state, has not paid any attention to it.

SARDAR AMUSED.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, told me on enquiry, that he knew absolutely nothing as to who should be the Chief Minister. He was amused at the controversy that had been going on and humorously remarked: "We will make Bhaiji Vaghela from Kaira, who was the first to be elected unopposed in the whole country, as the Chief Minister"!!! Many Congress leaders who were sitting around the Sardar agreed that that should put a stop to the controversy.

QUESTION NOT DISCUSSED.

The position at present is that the selection of the Ministers has not been discussed among the persons who matter. It will be discussed and decided upon, only after the Delhi decision on the office question and not before. It is difficult to say at present as to who shall be the Chief Minister or who shall be the other Ministers. It will depend on the nature of the resolution on the office question that will be passed by the All-India Congress Committee at Delhi.

As to what will be the decision of the A. I. C. C. will depend on the nature of the recommendations that have been sent by the different Provincial Congress Committees on the office question. Each Provincial Congress Committee has been asked to discuss in detail their views on the question. Hence there are bound to be several conditions and other safeguards to be enforced before the Congress Ministries are formed. It is not as easy a job as it looks.

SEVEN MINISTERS FOR BOMBAY

In Line With Other Provinces

The "Chronicle" understands from a very reliable source that the number of Ministers, when provincial autonomy comes into force in Bombay will be seven instead of five as stated sometime ago.

It appears that the Bombay Government have fixed the figure at seven after consultation with the other Governments also so that there might be some uniformity all over the country. The following will be the Portfolios which will be distributed among the different ministers:—

Chief Minister—(Political Matters, etc.).

Education Minister—Education and probably Excise also.

Minister for Law and Home Department.

Revenue and Agriculture Minister.

Finance Minister.

Minister for Public Works.

Minister for Industries and Development.

NARENDRA DEV DENIES IT

Press Report On His Views In Favour Of Offices

ALLAHABAD, March 3.

Referring to an Associated Press message dated the 27th February emanating from Wardha, Acharya Narendra Dev, a member of the Congress Working Committee, who arrived in Allahabad with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru last night, stated that the message, which gave currency that he was in favour of office acceptance, was wholly inaccurate. He further stated that he was not only opposed to accepting offices by Congressmen all along under the present constitution, but also continued to hold the same view even now.

He said that there was nothing at the Wardha meeting that could induce him to change his views in favour of Office Acceptance. Under these circumstances, the report as stated in the message, he said, was sheer concoction.—United Press.

JAWAHAR AND "C.R." STATEMENT

ALLAHABAD, March 3.

Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding Mr. C. Rajagopalacharya's statement on office acceptance, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said that what Mr. Rajagopalacharya meant was that deadlock would be created on real live issues, like the agrarian and labour demands, which our people could understand, and not on mere legal quibbles intelligible to lawyers only.

Pandit Nehru was inclined to think that there was no contradiction between Mr. Rajagopalacharya's statement and the resolution of the Congress Working Committee.—A. P.

NEW YORK, March 3.

Carnegie Illinois Corporation has announced a wage increase to five-dollars and forty-hour week.

NEW NAVAL PROGRAMME

Huge Increase Estimated In Expenditure Over Last Year's

ADDITIONAL TAXATION

LONDON, March 3.

The Navy estimates total 105,065,000 sterling which is an excess of 23,776,000 over the last year's, including the supplementaries. The new construction will consist of three battleships, two air craft carriers, five 8,000-ton cruisers, two 5,300-ton cruisers, sixteen destroyers, seven submarines, and forty-five smaller vessles.

SHARE OF NEW CONSTRUCTION

The largest increase, namely that of 14,033,215 sterling, is for the new construction. The increase is due not only to the commencement of the building programme, which is appreciably larger than that of 1936, but also to a full annual provision for the 1936 programme, which is more than double the programme of the immediately preceding years.

FLEET PERSONNEL

£9,081,985 have been set aside for the maintenance of a fleet, including modernisation of capital ships. The fleet personnel will be increased by nearly 11,000 making the total 112,000. The battle ships will be of George the Fifth type.

QUALITATIVE LIMITATIONS

Pending ratification of the London Naval Treaty of 1936, the qualitative limitations contained therein will be observed in ships now laid down or projected. Twenty-seven millions sterling out of the total will be provided by a loan, under the Defence Loans Bill, leaving 78,065,000 to be met by taxation as compared with 81,289,000 of the last year.

NEW BATTLESHIPS.

It is understood that according to the present arrangements, the new battleships provided in the navy estimates will be armed with fourteen inch guns.—Reuter.

NURSERY FRONT FOR ITALY

"More Births" Campaign To Be Launched: Increase In Bachelor Tax

ROME, March 3.

The Fascist Grand Council presided over by Signor Mussolini tonight will discuss measures to prevent the continued fall in the Italian birthrate and develop a "nursery front" as a recruiting ground for soldiers and colonists of the future. Millions of lire have been spent since 1926 on the Fascist campaign to encourage births but the rate has dropped from 29 per thousand in 1922 to 22.2 in 1936.

It is now possible that the Government will introduce a system of discrimination in employment against bachelors and childless husbands, also the bachelor tax may be greatly increased. It is considered that a further decline in the birthrate will make it difficult to colonise Abyssinia and will give Italy fewer soldiers to defend her new Empire.

It is considered that Abyssinia must have a population of five million Italians in a few years to be made secure.—Reuter's Special.

GOVERNOR INVITES SARAT BOSE

CALCUTTA, March 3.

It is understood that Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee and leader of the Congress party in the Bengal Legislative Assembly has also been invited by the Governor to see him, but has not yet replied to the letter.—A. P.

HOW TO REAP

FULL BENEFIT

From reawakened prosperity

? ? ?

The best way followed by those wishing to take this opportunity is to insert a short advertisement stating their requirements in the classified section of the "Chronicle"

TABULATED ADLETS

Low-Cost Advertisements

INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile", "Bicycles and Motorcycles", "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods," "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational", "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery", "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instrument", "Miscellaneous", "Patents", "Radio", "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant", "To Rent", "Travel", "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertisers, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week ..... Full rate
Thrice and over in a week...25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement. All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office. Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until cashed. Registered post should be used when currency notes and stamps are sent for payment.

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt. Box No.... "The Bombay Chronicle", Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No. ..... should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the six words "Box No..... "The Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for.

REDIRECTING REPLIES: For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made.

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No. ..... by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or mislaid in transit.

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day.

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

LOST & FOUND

Found National Bank of India, Cheque No. BO45189. Please claim at the "Bombay Chronicle" Office, between 11-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m. (2588).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted L.C.P.S. Lady Doctor. Pay Rs. 125. Fully qualified Nurses and Lady Compounder for Hospital. Apply Box No. 7860, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted energetic canvassers to book orders for Hosiery and Cloth. Pay Rs. 150 with extra allowances and bonuses. Apply with 1|- stamp to The Gupta Hosiery Mills, Ludhiana. (7771).

Wanted—Immediately by an Old established Hindu firm importing millstores, chemicals and sundries (1) experienced salesman and (2) English-knowing, experienced godown keeper. Moderate salary. Apply stating age, experience, certificates and minimum salary required to Box No. 7845, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted A Lady for Poona Exhibition as saleswoman. Apply to-day only. Prof. Kazi, Room 14, Imperial Hotel, Sita Ram Building, Crawford Market, Bombay. (7856).

Wanted—Managers on Rs. 100 P. M. with increment for Branches at Bombay, Ahmedabad, Poona, Surat, Belgaum, Sukkur, Rajkot, Indore, Jodhpore for a reliable new Bank. Reply to:—P. B. 10009, Calcutta. (4940)

Wanted immediately a treasurer only hard working men need apply Cash security Rs. 500. Apply Box No. 7848, "Bombay Chronicle".

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

15 years' experience in printing, business, Hindu seeks position as Manager, Superintendent or Canvasser. Write to Box No. 2589. "Bombay Chronicle."

An all-round man, good at gardening. Reliable and handy to do any out-door work. Fifteen years' experience in all class of construction job. Will give entire satisfaction. Good reference. Pay according to the work. In urgent need, please write to Box No. 2605 "Bombay Chronicle."

Non-matric, experienced typist with knowledge of Gujrathi and Hindi seeks position in any firm on reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2581 "Bombay Chronicle."

TO
ALL THOSE WHO
ARE UNEMPLOYED

"Chronicle" in order to assist all those who are without employment requiring full time or part-time positions, offers to insert an advertisement in the Tabulated adlets columns, FREE OF CHARGE provided the unemployed are married, have been out of job for one full year, and have experience at anyone trade or profession for five continuous years. Only three names will be accepted for free advertisement in any one class of work.

The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

Fast and accurate typist seeks part or full-time employment. Ten years' all-round commercial office experience. Will accept any reasonable salary. Fluent in Gujrathi, Hindi and Marathi. Excellent references. Apply to Box No. 2560 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted by educated, elderly Euro-pean widow, work in any capacity. Good house-keeper and companion for invalid. Expect least Rs. 50 with board and lodging. Please communicate to Box No. 2565, "Bombay Chronicle'.

Experienced and Energetic youth desires part-time or full-time job as typist, shorthand typist or teacher. Will accept any reasonable salary. Good reference. Please write to Box No. 2545 "Bombay Chronicle."

Young Gujrati having seven years' experience in Government income tax office seeks position in any capacity. Knows general office work and typing. Best references furnished. Please write to Box No. 2570, "Bombay Chronicle".

Efficient Typist General Clerk, 13 years experience in Bombay commercial firms, seeks situation willing to accept living wage. Write to Box No. 2557 "Bombay Chronicle."

Reliable and experienced Chris-tian seeks position as cashier, store-keeper. Accounts clerk, general clerk or typist. Can arrange security if necessary. Up-country chance preferable. Apply to Box No. 2597, "Bombay Chronicle."

Energetic and experienced civil engineer seeks employment in an Indian State or in a reputable firm. Is acquainted with Land Revenue Code and District Municipal Acts. Held responsible engineering post in Lloyd Barrage and Canal construction scheme. For five years acted as consulting Engineer and Architect to a firm in Sind Hyderabad Please write to Box No. 2607, "Bombay Chronicle".

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

Ex-Service man can work in any capacity—electrician, store-keeper, clerk, yarn testing master, salesman, cashier, etc. Any reasonable salary will be accepted. Excellent references furnished. Please write to Box No. 2592, "Bombay Chronicle".

Experienced Medical Canvassing Salesman with good knowledge of Toilet and Sundry articles seeks employment and is prepared to handle any line of new products. Several years in retailing merchandise. Influential among medical people and retailers. Assures busines. Excellent reference. Write to Box No. 2576.

Save Rupees Through "Chronicle" Transactions

Salesman with 18 years exper-lence in provision and druggist trade seeks position in any capacity. Has travelled all over India. Please write to Box No. 2544 "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced Assistant Accountant desires part or full-time position. Knows thoroughly general office work. Living wage will be accepted. Please write to Box No. 2562 "Bombay Chronicle."

Entomologist with considerable experience. Available for consultation about developing cottage industries like Lac-culture and Seri-culture. Write to Box No. 2580, "Bombay Chronicle".

Engineering assistant, experienced in surveying, estimating and supervising constructional works. Suitable for Public Works Department and Engineering concern. But will accept any kind of job on reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2568, "The Bombay Chronicle".

Petroleum—Works Superintendent with sixteen years experience in charge of petrol tank installation. Best references. Knows oil business thoroughly. Box No. 2590, "Bombay Chronicle."

12 TO BE LET

To Let—For Hindus only (prefer-ence to Gujratis and Dekhsanis). Airy flats of five, three and two rooms in new building, Parvati Mansion, Plot No. 164A, Vincent Road, Dadar. Also a Motor garage. Apply Receiver's Office, at the premises between 9 and 11 a.m. or to Lowji, 60 Forbes Street, Fort. Telephone 20280. (7859).

To Let—Second and third floor of Heera House, Sandhurst Road. Spacious accommodation for Hindus only for office or residential purposes. (7844).

Large godowns for storing valuable goods or for starting small industries. Near Police Court, Mazagaon. Apply Mr. Jeejeebhoy, Nesbit House, Nesbit Road (2600).

Bungalow with large compound, 12 spacious rooms, on Warden Road, suitable for a wealthy family. Apply Box No. 2611, "Bombay Chronicle".

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET

To be let for vegetarian Hindus airy big rooms from Rs. 10 to 15 per month in old and quite new buildings open on four sides with Electric lights and abundant water supply in Madhav-Wadi at the junction of Dadar Main Road and Naigam Cross Road close to G. I. P. Dadar Railway Station. Apply Mehtaji or Bhaiyaji at the premises or the owner Madhowji Thakersey at Pherozesha Mehta Road, Behramji Mansion Second Floor, Fort, Bombay. 4980.

Shops—Parsi Bazaar Street, suitable for stationers. Apply to Mr. Suntoke, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street. (2582).

29. PLOTS FOR SALE

At Kalyan: 5,000 square yards, ten minutes from Station, facing road, plentiful water. Moderate rate. Apply Box No. 7851, "Bombay Chronicle".

56. EDUCATIONAL.

For expert individual Training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping and Accountancy: Join Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road. (7846).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Want second hand Harvard Clas-sic and latest Encyclopaedia Britannica. Address Box No. 2555 "The Bombay Chronicle" stating price expected.

61. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Wanted used piano—Steinway small size. Cash on delivery. Write to Box No. 2599, "Bombay Chronicle", stating price

63. RADIO EQUIPMENT.

Wanted slightly used Radio broad-casting set for D. C. Main of not less than six valves. State price. Apply to Box No. 2587, "Bombay Chronicle."

73 AGENTS WANTED

Insurance Agents First Class Life Office offers liberal scale of commissions to energetic and well educated young men, in Bombay City. Apply Box No. 4918, "Bombay Chronicle."

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE.

For Sale—Secondhand Cochran Steam boiler 14ft. x 6ft.—6 inches x 150lbs. pressure and Vertical steam engine 75 horse-power with tachometer. Apply Eruch D. Engineer & Co., Apollo Street, Bombay. (7853).

121. DAILY WANTS.

Tea consignment. Best quality tea in original packing at most moderate price. Straight from the plantations to be supplied only to dealers. Apply Box 2527, "The Bombay Chronicle".

123. FURNITURE.

230 D. C. electric ceiling fan in good condition. Will sell for Rs. 50. Write to Box No. 2575, "Bombay Chronicle".

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Earn Money in Leisure Hours. No investment or special experience required. Ask for free particulars from Box No. 7857, "Bombay Chronicle," Bombay.

MOTOR BICYCLE

Wanted good Motor Bicycle with side car. Will pay up to Rs. 200 cash. No brokers need apply. Write to Box No. 2578, "Bombay Chronicle".

TYPEWRITERS

Used Remington No. B.E. 88603, Standard key board, for sale. Rs. 150. Write to Box No. 2573, "The Bombay Chronicle".

A. E. G. Typewriter in perfectly good condition. Price Rs. 100. Apply Box No. 2585, "Bombay Chronicle".

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

Wanted—Desks, leather furniture, chairs. Write stating price to Box No. 2610, "Bombay Chronicle".

Scribbling pads—White in 8 1|2 x 5 1|2 and 11 1|2 x 8 1|2. Cost per pound only annas four. Write to Box No. 2614, "Bombay Chronicle".

PRINTING MATERIAL

Excellent illustrations in zinc block—of famous people and public activities can be had at reasonable price. Apply to Box No. 2594, "Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

NO. 1979/M. V. of 1937.

REGARDING RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES.

MOTOR OWNERS ARE INFORMED that all Registration Certificates and Taxation discs issued under the Bombay Motor Vehicles Rules and Bombay Motor Vehicles Tax Act, 1935, expire on the 31st March, 1937 and are required to be renewed for the year ending 31-3-38 or the quarters ending 30-6-37, 30-9-37, 31-12-37 and 31-3-38, on payment of the requisite tax within 15 days from 1st April 1937. They should therefore take step to renew the certificates and pay the taxes.

Tax can be paid by cash, cheques or challans; cheques should be crossed and drawn in favour of the Superintendent of Police, Motor Vehicles Department, Bombay.

Hours for receipt of payments from 15th March, 1937, onwards:—10-45 a.m. to 3 p.m, on all week days except Saturday on which day payments will be accepted between 10-45 a.m. and 12-30 p.m.

To avoid delay mofussil owners are reminded to quote the registered numbers of their vehicles in the money order coupons when the amount is remitted by money orders. Cash should not be sent in registered covers.

Renewal application forms can be had from the Motor Vehicles Department Office in Bombay and from the Offices of the District Superintendents of Police in the mofussil. It is particularly requested that, when the renewal form "G" is produced in Bombay or sent by Post from the Mofussil, the registration certificate book should also accompany it.

(Sd.) W. L. K. HERAPATH,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
M. V. & Taxation, Bombay.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 1st March, 1937.

4914.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHIRIN MERWAN IRANI for herself and as guardian of the person and property of her sister Daulat, daughter of Behram Khodadad Irani, a Lunatic, of Bombay, Iranian Zoroasthrian Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 111, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses, standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the plot No. 5 of Dadar, Matunga Estate of the Bombay Improvement Trust, in the Registration Sub-District and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1491 (one thousand four hundred and ninety-one) square yards or thereabouts and registered under New Survey Nos: 1258 and 1259, Cadastral Survey No. 27/10 of Matunga Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward Nos: 6658(5) and 6658(5a) and Street Nos: 224D-225 DA and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North-East by a Road 66' in width on the South-East by plot No. 6 of the said estate agreed to be leased to Behram Khodadad Irani, on the South-West by land of the Trust laid out as a service passage and on the North-West by plot No. 4 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to Madhavdas Lakhmidas and Lakhmidas Nemidas, together with the two buildings thereon each containing of a ground floor and two upper floors and two outbuildings of ground floor only and which premises are now occupied by their tenants.

Dated this 3rd day of March, 1937.

N. C. DALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

4913.

Public Notices.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of intending tenderers that the date for receiving tenders for the work of (1) widening Love Grove Bridge and providing cement concrete slabs along the widened bridge including other accessory works, and (2) extending southwards the existing sea-wall west of Love Grove Bridge and providing tidal balanced flap gates therein, is extended upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on Thursday the 8th day of April 1937.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK.
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices.
Bombay, 2nd March, 1937.

4915.

Legal Notices.

TO

BHOJANNA BALOO OTTAY PALLOO, OF BOMBAY.

Residing at Tungway Tarf Marole, Taluka Salsette, Bombay Suburban Division.

WHEREAS you have committed default in the payment of the Mortgage debt, due by you under a Deed of Mortgage executed by you in favour of Jamietram Dayanoth, and Caliram Raoji, on or about the sixth day of August in the year 1892 and WHEREAS the Power of Sale reserved under the said Deed of Mortgage to the Mortgagee has become exercisable in consequence of your said default and WHEREAS Messrs. David Sassoon and Co., Ltd., are the Transferees of the said Mortgage in due course under a Deed of Transfer, executed in their favour by the previous Transferee of the said Mortgage, and registered at No. 354 Pages 105 to 111 of Book No. 1 by the Sub-Registrar of Bombay, and as such Transferees Messrs. David Sassoon and Co., Ltd., are desirous of exercising the said Power of Sale. Now this is to give you notice and call upon you forthwith to pay the whole of the Mortgage debt due under the said Mortgage Deed of 6th August, 1892, to Messrs. David Sassoon and Co., Ltd., at their Registered Office 59, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, and to obtain their discharge and to intimate to you that in the event of your failing to pay unto Messrs. David Sassoon and Co., Ltd., the amount of the said mortgage debt within one Calendar month from the date of this notice, Messrs. David Sassoon and Co., Ltd., will feel compelled to proceed to exercise their Power of Sale and to sell the property comprised in the said Mortgage at your risks and costs, and in that event all the interest that you may have in the equity of Redemption will be extinguished of which please take note.

RAMDATT W. DESAI,
Advocate for Messrs. David Sassoon & Co., Ltd.

Dated this 3rd day of March, 1937.

Bombay, 5th Dhuswady.

4912.

Public Notices.

GRESHAM LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.
(Est: 1848).

THIS PROGRESSIVE SOCIETY HAS NOW established a Branch Office in Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, and has vacancies for keen, active agents. Liberal terms of commission and good prospects for educated young men. Apply to the Manager, P. O. Box 444, Bombay.

4917.

READY WASTE FOR SALE.

COTTON and YARN WASTE of different sorts accumulated in the Crown Spg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd., situated at New Parbhadevi Rd., Parel, are for sale. Tenders for the same will be received at the Company's Registered Office No. 16, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay, upto 5 p.m. (S.T.) on Tuesday, the 9th March 1937 along with a Deposit of Rs. 500 for each tender. The Company reserves to itself the right to accept, or reject any tender or tenders fully or in part. Tender forms may be obtained from the Company's Office.

(Sd.) PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
Secs., Treas., & Agents.

4919.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration with the Will annexed of the property and credits of TOLARAM NEBHANMAL, late of Tatta in Sindh as also of Bombay Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, a merchant, who resided at Nagdevi Cross Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay ... Deceased.

BACHUBAI, daughter of the said Tolaram Nebhanmal and wife of Dwarkadas Purshottamdas of Bombay, Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Nagdevi Cross Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration with the Will annexed.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 8th day of February. One thousand nine hundred and thirty-seven and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI,

The 8th day of February, 1937.
MESSRS. KAMDAR & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

4916.

ADVERTISEMENT RATE

Space to be taken within one year	Per inch. Per insertion.
1" to 149"	Rs 3—0—0
150" to 249"	Rs. 2—8—0
250" to 499"	Rs 2—4—0
500" to 749"	Rs. 2—0—0
750" to 999"	Rs. 1-12—0
1000" & over	Rs. 1—8—0

EXTRA CHARGES FOR SPECIAL POSITION:—

Facing Leader Page 50 per cent. over the Scheduled Rates.

BOX NUMBER ADS

Reply by letter to the "Chronicle" Office will be placed at once in the Box of the Advertiser.

For Mofussil and Local, see the information on Tabulated Adlets.

Rs. 100 REWARD

Will be paid by the "Chronicle" for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone obtaining money fraudulently through Tabulated Adlets published in its columns.

AD-WRITING ASSISTANCE

"Chronicle" maintains an Ad-writing Department to help you word your Tabulated Adlets to secure the best results.

There is NO CHARGE for service.
Time: 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

CONVENIENCE

A Tabulated Adlets Ad-Viser is near you as your telephone. If not and if you prefer, a "Chronicle" man will call at your home or office in the Fort Area only or advice will be given by Post.

IMPORTANT

All Tabulated Adlets from our Mofussil patrons should reach our Office at least one day prior to the date of publication. And in order to correctly insert the advertisement "Chronicle" requests that the matter should either be typewritten or written in block-letters to avoid mistakes.

OUR SERVICE

Every day of the year except Sundays and Public Holidays our Office is open to receive your Tabulated Adlets and to give you service during office-hours from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Call "Chronicle" Ad-Viser—Telephone 22037
or you are invited to come to Chronicle office,
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

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Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SUNDAY, the 14th March, 1937, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at "The Mount", (Barodawala Bldg.),. Altamount Road Cumballa Hill valuable household furniture such as dining table, chairs, sideboard, drawing-room Chesterfield suites grand Piano by Bechstein, writing-tables, almyrahs, dressing tables, card-table dressers, wooden bedsteads with box-mattresses, bath-tub, ceiling and table fans, crockery and glassware, one lot numerous flowering plants in pots and tubs, etc.

The property of R. Mather, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 3 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE VALUABLE PROPERTY SITUATED AT KAMATIPURA 1ST LANE.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1629 of 1936 (Bai Bibibai, widow of Habib Juma and others vs. Mahomed Yusuf Habib Juma and others) pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Decree dated the 2nd October, 1936 made in the said suit, Messrs. Bennett and Co., will sell by Public Auction the following property on the day mentioned below:—

LOT NO. II.—TO-DAY THURSDAY, the 4th March, 1937 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

Lot No. 11—ALL that piece of Quit and Ground Rent land with dwelling house at Kamatipura 1st Street containing by admeasurement 176 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward No. 1044 (2), Street Nos. 3-3a and bounded on the East by the property of Haji Abdulla Abdul Karim, on the West by the property of Lingoo Ellappa, on the North by Kamatipura First Street and on the South by the property of Bhowsar Pragji Thakurdass.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Patel & Ezekiel, Attorneys for the Court Receiver, at Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, Hornby Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

THE EMPIRE

Daily 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

SPECIAL CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

NEXT SATURDAY

THE PRIVATE LIFE OF AGENIUS!

"REMBRANDT"

with

CHARLES LAUGHTON

Directed By ALEXANDER KORDA

Plans Open. —:::::— 'Phone 20286.

Help Kidneys

If you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Circles under Eyes, Nervousness, Leg Pains, Rheumatism, Swollen Ankles, Backache, Dizziness, Headaches, Lost Vigour, Burning, Smarting, Acidity, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, get the Doctor's prescription Cystex (Siss-tex) from Chemists. Don't delay, your life may be in danger. £1,000 deposited with Westminster Bank, London, backs up Cystex Guarantee to increase vigour and end trouble in 8 days or money back on return of empty package.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s. (13.97 m.) GSF 15.14 Mc/s. (19.82 m.) GSB 9.51 Mc/s. (31.55 m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Reginald Foort at the BBC Theatre Organ. Suite The Merchant of Venice. (Rosse). Serenade (Kazacsay). The Lost Chord (Sullivan). Nuit Enchante (Godowsky). Reminiscences of Schubert (Arr. Foort). 8-0 p.m. A Commentary on the Cheltenham Gold Cup From the National Hunt Meeting, Cheltenham. 8-25 p.m. Bransby Williams. A selection from his repertoire of character studies. 8-45 p.m. The Central Band of His Majesty's Royal Air Force. 9-30 p.m. 'Cumberland Crack'. 10-0 p.m. The News and Announcements. 10-20 Dance Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Instrumental Music. Mandolin Solo. V. Y. Chowdhari. 8-10 a.m. Light Classical Music. Sumatibai Wadkar. "Rama Jamana bhave"—Khayal Asavari, (Iktala). "Ali ri sun piyaki".—Titala Asavari. 8-30 a.m. Talk. (Gujerati): "I saw it". The Great Jambooree of 1937. By K. B. Godrej. 8-45 a.m. Some Indian Melodies. (Recorded Odeon and H.M.V.) 9-0 a.m. Light Music. Sumatibai Wadkar. "Kabu me ho rahe ho"—Qawwali. "Pahu kuthe Rama tu). —Marathi Pad. (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla). 1-0 p.m. Market Report and Announcements. A Studio Concert. Russian Trio. Leo Goutkin. Violin. Rudolph Kougel Cello. Michael Beno Piano. Overture "Der Frieschutz" Weber. Opera "Lolanthe". Tschaikowsky. Hymne au Soleil Rimsky-Korsakow-Kreiser Danses Norvegiennes Grieg Popular Russian tunes. 5-25 p.m. The Gwalior Hockey Cup. Semi-final Relayed from the Cooperage. 145 Borodin. Quartet No. 2 in D Major. Played by the Pro Arte String Quartet. 7-30 p.m. "The Table Under the Tree". 8-15 p.m. The Stardust Corner. 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): "Behind the Wheel". Tune your Engine. By Pilot Ray. 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. Been Solo. Prof. Mahomed Khan. 10-0 Popular Ghazals. Yusuf Effendi. "Daraya nabi per pra rahonga paray. hi rahnay say kam hoga".—Naat. "Dete hain vo dunya ko paigan-e, mohabbat kay"—Ghazal. "Chhor challon Sarsar" Bhajan. "Kahoon kis kay apna mai raz-e-dil, Kay sonay vo pardai raz may"—Ghazal. "Us Hussain ibn Haidar pa lakhou salaam"—Salaam.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

12 36 p.m. SB The 'Radio Sextette". An Orchestral Programme. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 p.m. A Broadcast for School Students. Talk: "Vitamins" by Dr. Kudrat-i-Khuda. Talk: "Books to Read: Fables by Nripen Chatterjee. 2-6 p.m. Instrumental Duet. Sitar and Flute. Kirit Roy. Sudhendu Roy. 2-16 p.m. "The Haunted House." A Story. by Subimal Bose. 2-31 p.m. Orchestra. by Chaturanga. Modern Bengali Song. Gobardhan Mukerjee. 2-51 pm. Talk: "Eminent men and women: Newton". by Nirendra Nath Basu. 5-6 p.m. A Broadcast for Rural Areas. 6-36 p.m. A Musical Variety Programme. Arranged by Panchanon Mukherjee. Shovarani Bhownic—Kheyal (Malkosh). Karuna Sen—Bhajan (Surdas) Purnima Dey—Dadras. Ranu Dey—Bengali Song. Jatin Mukherjee (Santee)—Bengali Song. Satyendra Nath Ghosal Kheyal (Behag Jiben Ch. Upadhayaya Gazal. Saroj Kumar Ghose Bhatiali. Dhirendranath Ghose. Modern Bengali Songs. Nripen Nag—Sitar Solo. Panchanon Mukherjee—Tabla Sangat. 6-51 p.m. Modern Bengali Songs. Mira Dey Sarkar. Kalyani Chatterjee. 7-21 p.m. The Betar Orchestra Conducted by Tarak Nath Dey. 7-36 p.m. Modern Bengali Song. Maya Mukherjee. 7-51 p.m Dhrupad (Baroda)—Abhayapada Chatterjee 8-6 p.m. SB Talk: "Anatomy of Melodies. Kafi and Sindhu". By Suresh Ch. Chakravarity 8-12 p.m. SB Toppa. Bhishmadeb Chatterjee 8-41 p.m SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-46 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 9-1 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 9-21 p.m. SB Interview: "Buying an Used Car". Salesman E.O.M. Skinner. Buyer. Mrs. C. Pearce. 9-36 p.m. SB "Words and Music.". A Radio Revue. Freda Gray. Comedienne. Fred Collier. Entertainer. Ted Frangopoulo and his Blue Harmony Boys.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Indian Music (Recorded). 9-0 a.m. Talk: (Hindustani): "Famous Urdu Authors" No. 4. Dagh. By M. H. Khan. 9-15 Umrao Zia Begum. Light Music. 9-40 a.m. AIR Orchestra. Gujri Todi. 10-0 a.m. G. A. Khan and Umrao Zia Begum. Duets. 10-5 a.m. Sarod. 10-10 a.m. G. A. Khan Gwaliori "Luti hai jab keh tujhe se teri faryad karun" Khamsa. "Ilaj kj nahin hajat dil-o-jigar ke live Bas ik nazar teri kafi hai umar bhar ke liye". (Jabil). 1-0 p. m. A Light Orchestral Programme. (Recorded). 1-55 p.m. 1st News and weather Report. (English). 2-0 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). "Ham Bhi Hain" (A Programme arranged for Women). 2-5 p.m. Banjo. 2-10 p.m. The News. 2-2 p.m. Ghazal. 2-25 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Stories from History" By Begum Muzzafer Ali. 2-40 p.m. Amateur Music. Songs. By Miss Esme Rallia Ram. 5-30 p.m. AIR Orchestra. Gauri. (With an introduction to the Ragni). 5-45 p.m. Allah Ditta. Thumri and Punjabi Folk Songs. 6-5 p.m. Chhaya Nat On Sitar. 6-15 p.m. Irshad Ali. "Chawkae hain kia dagh-i-jigar ah-i-rasa ne, In Phulon men aur ag laga di hai saba ne." 6-25 p.m. G. A. Khan Gwaliori. "Yeh ankh woh hai keh jis ko hai just-o-ju teri Yeh dil woh haid kej jis hai arzu teri". "Mar dla mar dala" "Mati ka putla bole re". Bhajan. 6-55 p.m. Nautch Gat on piano. violin and tabla. 7-0 p.m. "For Villagers Only". (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.) 8-0 Talk: (Hindustani): "Twice-Told Tales." No. 9. Italian. By Dr. Mansoor Ahmed. 8-15 p.m. Pilu on Banjo. 8-20 A Skit. (Hindustani): "Naujawan Doctor". By Mirza Azim beg Chaughtai. (Performed by AIR Artists.) 8-27 p.m. Umrao Zia Begum. Light Music. 8-55 p.m. Umrao Zia Begum and G. A. Khan. Duets. 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "The Patient's Dilemma". No. 3. Cholera. by Col. J. Taylor, I.M.S., Director, Central Research Institute, Kasauli. 10-0 'Kentucky Minstrels' Devised and Produced by Harry S. Pepper. Orchestral arrangements by Wally Wallond. Music arrangements by Doris Arnold. (A BBC Recorded Programme.).

Phohi Programme

(WAVELENGTH 16.88 M.)

18-00 National anthem—Opening anouncement. 18-10 The latest news. 18-20 Gram Records. 18-30 Talk on behalf of the V.P.R.O. 18-50 The Phohi—Chamber-Orchestra. 19-10 Talk by Mr. S. de Vries 19-30 A recital by Mrs. Jo Hendricks—Zalsman (Soprano). 19-40 The Phohi chamber orchestra.

GONORRHOEA

CURED. Medicine charges on Cure with guarantee. Time: 9 to 12 a.m. & 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. Sunday: 9 a.m. to 12 a.m. only.

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regtd.), Sandhurst Rd., Opp. Central Bank. Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4.

WHY HE RESIGNED FROM B. P. C. C.

Lack Of Harmony, Says Mr. Pratap

The following is the full text of the letter addressed by Mr. Ramdas Pratap to Mr. K. F. Nariman resigning from the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee of which he was a member for a number of years and to which he was again elected only three days back:—

"My dear Mr. Nariman.

"I beg to tender my resignation of the Membership of the B.P.C.C., herewith and further beg to request you that the said be accepted.

"It is a matter of deep sorrow for me to be so away from the institution with which I was associated for a long period and through which I had the honour and privilege to serve my country and countrymen accordingly to my light and capacity.

"You are all well aware that I was an active member of the B. P. C. C., since long and for many years I have considered it an honour to work for it without any personal ambition for power or wealth. Since last two or three years i.e., since the second C.D., movement was postponed I have very often noticed that the things were not smooth and that the leaders of the institution were unable to maintan harmony in the institution particularly, in the last Council Election I have further noticed that the above mentioned tendency on the part of the leaders was going ahead instead of disappearing

OUTWARD SHOW

"I do not want to dwell at length on this subject because that will serve no purpose. Almost all the leaders including yourself are themselves aware of this fact and it is a pity that no remedy was ever contemplated. I am aware that the leaders have so far been successful in maintaining the outward show of the institution, but I am afraid that, if things are permitted to develop further the leaders will not be able to maintain that outward show.

"I want to make it clear that I have personally no grudge against any of the leaders either individually or collectively. But I feel that somebody must show a Red Signal so that things may improve and the fair name of the institution be maintained.

THINK SERIOUSLY.

"I hope you know all things as they are and you will be kind enough to recognise the underlying feelings of this letter which will help you in thinking seriously about it.

"I take this opportunity to thank you and other workers for the kind treatment I have received so far and further assure you that either inside or outside B. P. C. C. I shall continue to serve the cause of my country as I have done so far.

Yours Sincerely,
RAMDAS PRATAP.

"INDEPENDENT INDIA" PUBLICATION POSTPONED

BOMBAY, March, 3.

Mr. M. N. Roy, Editor and Sreemati Maniben Kara, Managing Editor of the "Independent India" in a statement say that they owed the public an explanation for the failure of the "Independent India" to appear on March 1 as announced.

"Radical nationalists", they say, "are eagerly awaiting the appearance of the journal which is expected to play an important part in the development of our struggle for freedom. Nevertheless we have not been able to raise the fund necessary for meeting the initial expenses. The difficulty has proved to be even greater than we expected it to be. Therefore, we have been compelled to defer the publication of the paper for a couple of weeks.

"The next date of publication will be announced shortly."—United Press.

Suspect To Be Deported From City?

The activities of one Mahommed Hussein (alias Mahomed Chawala), particularly during the last communal riots in the city have been watched by the police. He has now been taken into custody and papers were put up for his deportation, to which, it is understood, the Commissioner has agreed. He will be removed from Bombay as soon as certain matters, now pending in the Courts, have been disposed of.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Wednesday.

On a charge of criminal breach of trust, Collins Bellitty was arrested by Byculla Police at 8 last night. He was placed before Mr. I. S. Haji who released him on bail till the 5th instant, at the Mazagaon Court to-day.

The suspect, it is stated, told the complainant, a salesman for Augusto Formendi and Company that he could dispose of a second-hand Remington Typewriter.

The salesman took the machine to the suspect's room at Nesbit Road, Mazagaon. The suspect, it is alleged, pledged it with a Marwari at Mazagaon for Rs. 32 and absconded.

The inquest on the body of one Ganu Krishna, (30) who died on Tuesday, as the result of injuries sustained from a motor lorry in motion, at Sandhurst Road was held to-day.

Evidence showed that he was run over by the lorry near Topiwalla Building.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Surajmal Ramawtar and four others were arrested last night in the compound of an Aerated Water Factory at Ulster Road.

Surajmal Ramawtar was charged with accepting and the others with laying of Sutta bets.

The Magistrate remanded all the suspects in custody for a week at the Mazagaon Court, to-day.

The names of the four others are: Ananda Dudhaji Krishna Sajnaji, Ganapath Genoo and Bahiroo Roop.

The Prevention of Gambling Squad arrested five persons during a raid at Ganesh Galli last night.

Alleged Satta chits and cash including marked coins were seized.

Mr. I. S. Hajee remanded all the suspects in police custody till March 13th at the Mazagaon Court to-day. The suspects are: Mahadeo Ganpat, Laxman Dhakoo Khandekar, Devji Babaji Tawde, Bhanoo Dagdoo Shinde and Yeshwant Shivaji Mazagaonka.

The inquest was held to-day on the body of a newly born female child which was found yesterday lying in a sweeper's lane in 8th lane, Khetwadi.

The police took charge of the body and removed it to the morgue. The mother of the child has not been traced.

The cause of death, the Jury held, could not be ascertained as the body was in a very advanced stage of decomposition.

The City Coroner held an inquest to-day on Ramparadat Bhagwati (23), a coolie.

The deceased was employed in the Gas Company. Yesterday, a motor lorry loaded with coke bags left the premises of the Company at Lalbagh. The deceased sat on top of the bags. As the lorry was going along Queen's Road, he rolled down and fell on the road, fracturing his skull. He was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where he died in the evening.

The Jury returned a verdict of death by fracture of skull due to accidental fall.

This Bride Never had a Honeymoon!

Her's was a love marriage!
But the family stepped in—
Here's a great Social story written by Barrister K. M. Munshi.

Daughter-in-Law

(Kulvadhu)

Starring: SABITADEVI

with Motilal, Pessi Patel, Pande and others.

SAGAR MOVIETONE'S Great Social Classic.

From the 6th March at

IMPERIAL TALKIES

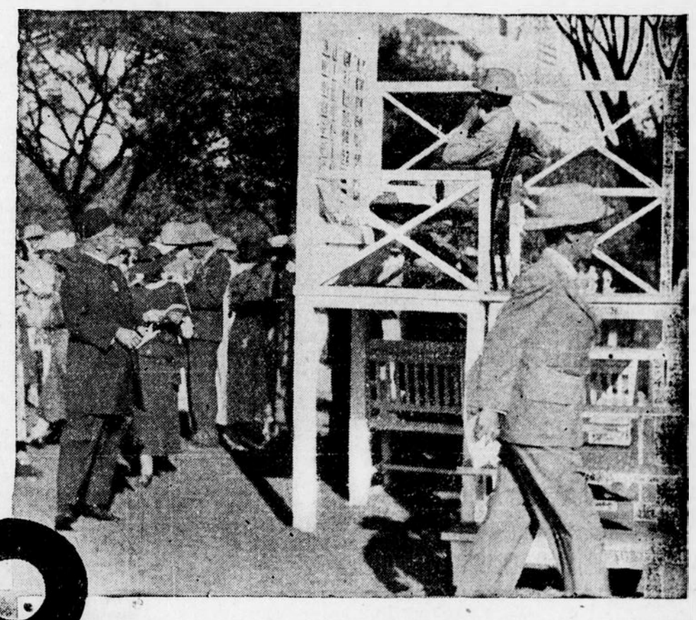
Lamington Road, Bombay.

3rd DAY SPRING MEETING

MARCH 6th

NORTHUMBERLAND PLATE

FIRST RACE 2-15 P. M.



REDUCED ADMISSION RATES

1st ENCLOSURE..Gentlemen Rs 3. Ladies Rs. 2.
2nd ENCLOSURE .. .. Rs. 1-4
(All prices inclusive of tax).

SPECIAL RETURN BUS SERVICE EACH RACE DAY FROM—COLABA, DADAR, BALLARD ESTATE.

SPRING MEETING

4th	DAY	....	Thurs.	11th	March.
5th	„	....	Sat.	13th	„
6th	„	....	Sat.	20th	„
7th	„	....	Sat.	27th	„

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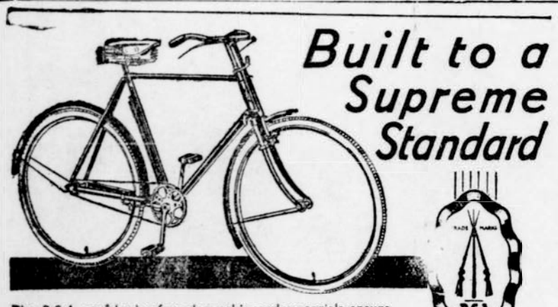

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All Out For Overnight Score Of 165

Voce And Farnes Caught By Badcock And Nash Respectively Off Fleetwood-Smith's First And Second Balls

AUSTRALIA RETAIN THE 'ASHES'

MELBOURNE: March 3.

The expected has happened. England has been defeated in the Fifth Test by an innings and 200 runs. It has been proved once again that during the present series, whoever won the toss, won the match.

Though it was a foregone conclusion that England would lose the Fifth Test and Australia retain the Ashes, nobody was prepared for such an utter collapse.

It was the most disastrous day for England to-day and her two remaining wickets were dismissed by Australia without allowing them to score even a single run, both Voce and Farnes, who joined Verity, being caught out.

Ten thousand people were admitted free in cool and sunny weather to see the last day's play in the present series of Tests but they saw only two balls bowled.

The first dismissed Voce and the next Farnes, who had joined Verity and England were all out for the overnight score of 165 runs.

Voce was caught off Fleetwood-Smith by Badcock at long on and Farnes was caught by Nash at deep mid on.

Verity, who was an overnight not out was left undefeated with two.

Fleetwood-Smith took three wickets for 36 and O'Reilly three for 58.

ENGLAND (2nd Innings)

Barnett, l-b-w, O'Reilly	41
Worthington, c Bradman, b McCormick	6
Hardstaff, b Nash	1
Hammond, c Bradman, b O'Reilly	56
Wyatt, run out	9
Leyland, c McCormick, b Fleetwood-Smith	28
Ames, c McCabe, b McCormick	11
Allen, c Nash, b O'Reilly	7
Verity (not out)	2
Voce, c Badcock, b Fleetwood-Smith	1
Farnes, c Nash, b Fleetwood-Smith	0
Extras	3
Total	165

Fall of wickets:—1 for 9; 2 for 10; 3 for 70; 4 for 121; 5 for 142; 6 for 142; 7 for 153; 8 for 162; 9 for 165; 10 for 165.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
McCormick	9	0	33	2
Nash	7	1	34	1
O'Reilly	19	6	58	3
McCabe	1	0	1	0
Fleetwood-Smith	13.2	3	36	3

Australia Wins Speedway 'Ashes' Also

In the Speedway Test Match, run at Sydney on February 6 last, under muddy conditions, Australia beat England by 31 points to 22. Australia thus wins the series by 3 matches to 2.

Heat Results: A. Wilkinson 1, N. Parker 2, C. Parkinson 3 (66 4-5sec.); V. Huxley 1, T. Croombs, 2, V. Duggan 3 (66 1-5sec.); W. Little 1, N. Parker 2, L. Wootton 3 (65 3-5 sec.), J. Parker 1, V. Huxley 2, C. Parkinson 3 (66sec).

C. Nitchell 1, W. Little 2, T. Croombs 3 (64 4-5 sec.); A. Wilkinson 1, R. Case 2, L. Wootton 3, (66 1-5sec.); W. Little 1, J. Parker 2, C. Parkinson 3 (67 1-5sec.); V. Huxley 1, N. Parker 2, V. Duggan 3, (64 3-5sec.)

Test Defeats Tell In England

Good Days For Young Blood Coming?

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON: March 3.

I understand as a result of England's defeat in the Test series, drastic changes in the composition of the English Test match selection committee and the method of selections is likely to be sought when the Board of Cricket Control meets at Lords shortly during the fortnight.

It is very likely that Bert Holmes of Surrey and A. W. Richardson of Derbyshire, both of whom are contemporary first-class cricketers, will be elected as selectors; thus bringing the much-needed youngblood into the selectors of future English teams.

A. I. T. U. C. EXECUTIVE MEETING

BOMBAY, March 3.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the All-India Trade Union Congress will be held at Delhi on the 18th, and 19th of March.

Besides routine matters about affiliation etc., it is learnt, the Committee will discuss the important question of policy and programme of the T. U. C. legislators inside legislative houses. It will also issue instructions to its representatives attending the National Convention and the Labour Conference.—United Press.

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Borneo	,,	26th	,,	10th	
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IN HUMANITARIAN CAUSE

American Lady Donates 2250 Dollars To Bombay League

In pursuance of the will of the late Miss Georgianna Kendall, a great humanitarian of New York, the President of the Bombay Humanitarian League got a cheque of 2 250 dollars through the Government of India, as a donation to the League for humanitarian activities.

The Committee of the League has placed on record its sense of gratefulness to the late Miss Georgianna Kendall and its appreciation of her very valuable humanitarian activities throughout her life time and her great sympathy for the activities of the Bombay Humanitarian League.

The Committee resolved to perpetuate her memory and her great love for humanitarian propaganda by including her name as the Patron of the League and installing her enlarged photo in the Patron's Gallery and by spending annually upto Rs. 1,000/- out of the balance of the amount of her legacy to the League in publishing "Miss Georgianna Kendall Humane Publication Series" dealing with humanitarian topics.

T. V. ACHARYA SEES "SAGA OF BELAPUR SUGAR"

Sir T. Vijayaraghavachariar was present at a special show of films depicting the different processes of sugar manufacture, both modern and indigenous, at the Film City, Tardeo, Bombay, on Tuesday evening.

The films were "Saga of Belapur Sugar" and a couple of reels still not titled. The cameraman in charge, Dr. P. V. Pathy, was also present at the show.

Sir T. V. Acharaya very much appreciated the pictures and remarked they were "striking", from every point of view.

Dr. Pathy is shortly proceeding to the South in connection with the production of some industrial films.

NO DEFAMATION BY MULLAJI SAHEB

High Court Dismisses Appeal In Excommunication Case

The revisional application filed by Tyebji Musaji Mandviwala "alias" Koicha against the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate acquitting the Mullaji Saheb of defamation came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah appeared for the petitioner and Dewan Bahadur Shingne, the Government Pleader, for the Crown.

The petitioner's complaint was based on an order of ex-communication issued against him by Messrs. Payne and Co., solicitors for the Mullaji Saheb who is the religious head of the Dawoodi Borah community.

SOLICITORS' LETTER.

It appeared that the petitioner received a letter from Payne and Co. in February, 1934, in which it was stated that the Mullaji Saheb had received information that the petitioner was disobeying the "Fatwas" of the Dawoodi Borah community and that he should, therefore, present himself before the Mullaji Saheb to explain his conduct.

The petitioner, in his reply, wanted to know the specific charge against him Thereafter, it was intimated to him by Messrs. Payne and Co. that he was ex-communicated.

The petitioner stated that no reasons were mentioned for ex-communicating him and no opportunity was given him for defending himself. This had resulted in lowering him in the estimation of his community. He, therefore, charged the Mullaji Saheb with defamation.

THE JUDGMENT.

Their lordships, in the course of their judgment, observed that the Magistrate had come to the conclusion that the petitioner had not made out a "prima facie" case against the Mullaji Saheb. The Magistrate had held that the Mullaji was convinced that the petitioner had behaved improperly and was, therefore, justified in ex-communication him.

Their lordships observed that if the Mullaji's order was in accordance with the constitution and custom of the community, no criminal court could enquire into the reasons which led to the ex-communication.

UNNECESSARY PUBLICITY.

On the materials before them, their lordships could not say that the petitioner was denied the opportunity of defending himself before the ex-communication order was passed

Their lordships did not accept the view that the ex-communication order had received undue and unnecessary publicity by being conveyed through the solicitors. The course was in keeping with the dignity of the Mullaji Saheb.

Their lordships upheld the Magistrate's order and dismissed the appeal.

At a meeting of prominent Belgaum citizens under the presidentship of the Collector, Mr. R. S. Hiremath, it was decided to start an ambulance corps for the town. Mr. Hiremath was elected chairman.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTORS AND UNDERWRITERS

The Sole Agency of an established Insurance Company promoting a Unique Bond Scheme will be worked out with PRINCIPAL'S assistance for any Investor willing to invest Rs. 5,000—10,000. Anticipated monthly Income Rs. 300—500. Write for details and interview to:—Box No. 101, C/o "The Bombay Chronicle."

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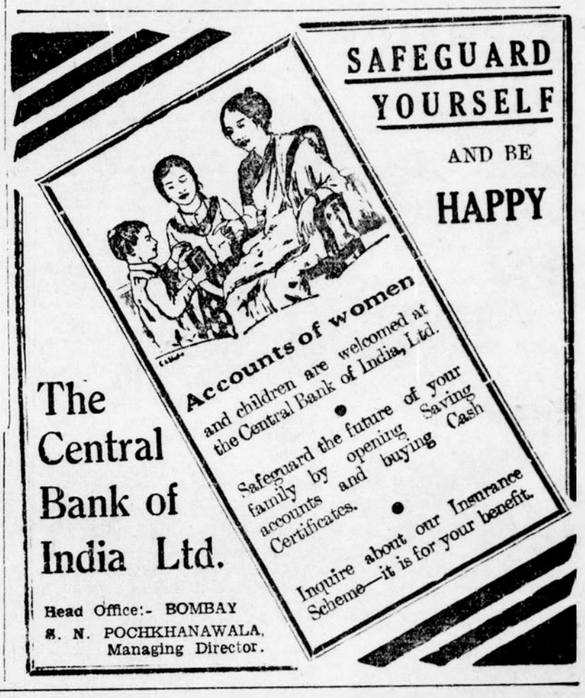
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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-Day

Hindu: Magh Vad 7, 1993
Muslim: Jilhej 20, 1305
Parsi: Sheherever 30, 1306
Hightide: 3-11; 16-25
Lowtide: 9-36; 2-55
Sunrise: 6h. 56m.
Sunset: 6h 45m.

S. S. 'Strathmore' with English mails of February 18 due at 6 a.m.
Municipal Schools' Committee, 5-40 p.m.
Indian Central Cotton Committee: Conference of Scientific Research Workers on Cotton, Vulcan House, Nicol Road, 11 a.m.

Saturday, March 6.

S. S. 'Strathmore', with mails for London, sails at 1 p.m.

M. L. A.'S LEAVE FOR DELHI

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and Mr. Hoosenbhoy A. Laljee, members of the Indian Legislative Assembly left for Delhi last night.

BHATIA MITRA MANDAL DINNER CLUB

The 4th dinner of the club will be held to-day (Thursday), at 8 p.m. (S.T.) Mr. G. Morarji Vice-President, Indian Merchants Chamber, will be the guest of honour.

SWASTIK LEAGUE

Five Miles Running Race for the members of the League will be held on Sunday March 7, instead of March 6, as previously announced, at 6 a.m. The starting and finishing points will be Swastik House, Lamington Road.

ANDHERI CONGRESS COMMITTEE

A meeting of the executive committee of the Andheri will be held to-day (Thursday), at 8-30 p.m. at Mr. Vaikunth Lallubhai Mehta's Bungalow (Murzbanabad) to express its opinion on the question of acceptance of offices. All primary members are also invited to take part in the discussion.

STUDY CLASS ON GATHAS

Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, Theosophical Society, Dr. Irach J. S. Taraporevala will conduct a study class on Gathas in Gujarati at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Thursday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

URDU LECTURES

A lecture in Urdu will be delivered at the Ismail College, Jogeshwari at 3-30 p.m. to-day (Thursday), by Prof. N. A. Nadvi on "Hindustani as the Lingua Franca of India". At the same time and at the same place on 5th and 8th March he will speak on "Bal-e-Jibril" and "Zarb-e-Kalim" and "Urdu in Bombay."

GIRGAUM D. C. C.

A meeting of the members of the Girgaum District Congress Committee, Election Propaganda Committee and the Workers from "D" Ward will be held to-day (Thursday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Congress House to congratulate the successful candidates in the last Assembly (A.B.C. and D.) and Councils Elections.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Road to Glory"! Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Devil's Squadron" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Mary of Scotland." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Iman Farosh." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Desh-Diwan." Time as usual.
KRISHNA—"Prem Bandhan." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Jungle Queen". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Amar Jyoti". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Izzat". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Devils Squadron" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Dharmaveer". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Beloved Vagabond." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pratima". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Mr. and Mrs. Bombay." Time as usual.
WEST-END—"Flower Girl" Time as usual.

Concert In Aid Of Parsi General Hospital

In aid of the Jubilee Fund of the Bomanji Dinshaw Petit Parsi General Hospital, a concert has been organised on Tuesday, March 16 at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed Registered and Unregistered Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per S.S. "Cabarita" Via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3-0 p.m. on Saturday the 6th inst. and 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 7th inst. respectively.

Superscribed regd. and unregd. Mails for Mombasa Extra per S.S. "Binfield" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 11 and 11-30 a.m. respectively on Saturday the 6th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O.S.K. Steamer "Buyo Maru" left Miike on February 26 and is due to arrive in Bombay on March 22 via usual ports.

The O.S.K. Steamer "Koshin Maru" left Singapore on March 1 and is due to arrive in Bombay on March 14 via Penang and Colombo.

The O.S.K. Steamer "Borneo Maru" left Sakito on March 1 and is due to arrive in Bombay on March 26 via usual ports.

IN AID OF MURDESHWAR PUBLIC LIBRARY

In aid of the building fund of the Murdeshwar Public Library, Murdeshwar (N. Kanara), a cinema show of "Vagabond Prince" will be held at the Krishna Cinema at 9-30 a.m. on Sunday the 7th inst. Dr. V. M. Kaikini, chairman and members of the committee of the building fund appeal to the generous public and to Kanarans in particular to help the cause by patronising the show.

Pundit Sunderprasad and Kumari Pooviah as they will appear to-night (Thursday) at the C. J. Hall in a programme of Kathak dancing of great appeal.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S POOR PHYSIQUE.

Dr. Gilder Stresses Importance Of Sports

The fourth annual social gathering of the Zoroastrians of Byculla Parel, Lalbag and Mazagaon was held under the auspices of the Byculla Zoroastrian Association, on Sunday last, when the main function of the day, viz., the holding of sports, was observed on the Victoria Gardens lawns under the presidency of Dr. M. D. D. Gilder. An interesting programme of 27 items, which drew a record number of entries, was gone through, which went to show how great is the enthusiasm evinced by Parsi boys and girls, for sports, if proper encouragement were given. Seventy prizes in all were distributed to successful competitors after the contests had lasted for about five hours. Among the items that proved very exciting were these—ball and bucket race, blind-folded race, hymns, game, (for ladies) also chatty-breaking thread-and-needle, and "musical-chair" races.

Dr. M. F. Bisni, President of the Association, said their Association was doing useful work for the Parsis—rich or poor—of Byculla and adjoining districts for about seven years years past. It was also encouraging youths by offering competitions in elocution. He stressed the fact that Parsis were ever enthusiastic about participating in sports, and they would never lag behind in the manly activities of sport.

POOR PHYSIQUE OF PUPILS.

Dr. Gilder said an examination of school children had revealed the fact that 75 per cent of them had been suffering from one defect or another. So he was glad to find the Byculla Association was doing its best to promote sports and thus encourage development of physical culture. He then expressed his gratitude to those Zoroastrians of Byculla, Dadar, Parel, etc., who had given him wholehearted support in his recent election to the Bombay Assembly.

Mr. Framroze Batliwala, said they had got a record number of entries, viz., 201, which refuted the scaremongers' cry of lack of enthusiasm in sport among Parsis often raised in the Press, and added that Parsis had been taking the leading part in sports since 1872.

The audience were treated to very interesting contests and spent a delightful evening. To make the function a success the Jt. Secretaries of the Association, viz., Messrs. Framroze K. Ichhaporia, V. M. Bhomisa aided by the Sports Committee members, worked indefatigably for weeks together. No less important was the task performed by the Judges and Timekeepers, Dr. Dara N. Kapadia, M.B.B.S., Messrs. M. M. Bhathena A. M. Sethna, and B. M. Marshall.

Children's Beauty Competition

Dadar Parsi Motherhood and Childhood Benefit Clique has organised a beauty competition of children from the age of one month to ten years. Valuable prizes will be given to the most beautiful children from the artist's view. The competition will commence from 6th instant and prizes will be distributed to successful children at the variety concert to be held on 7th March at 5-30 p.m. at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. Entry fee is only Re. 1/-. All information regarding this competition can be had from Dadar Parsi Matahit and Balhit Clinique Boman Lodge, Khodadad Circle, Dadar.

GWALIOR CUP HOCKEY

Customs Qualify For Final: Pinto's Hat-Trick

The Bombay Customs qualified to meet the Winners of Lusitanians and Telephone Company in the final of the Gwalior Cup Hockey Tournament by defeating the City Armed Police by 5 goals to 1, at the Cooperage this evening.

The game opened with a bout of end to end exchanges and the Police were very popular with the crowd, receiving rounds of cheers time and again for their plucky game. Their's was indeed a very creditable display particularly in the first half. They were playing against a very strong side, one which included players of the Calibre of Pinto, Custom's well-known Inside-left, Aslam and Brewin, the two Olympic players.

A few minutes after the start, Pinto sent in a beautiful pass to Milne, who rushed in to score, but Scott, the Police Goalie, brought about a good save. Following this the Police pressed the Customs, but their forwards found their better in Aslam and S. M. Khan, who were responsible for spoiling a number of their promising movements. A good combined move between Milne, Feroze and Pinto resulted in the latter players' opening the account for his side. The Customs crossed over with a lead of one goal.

FINE DISPLAY BY CUSTOM'S FORWARDS.

After resumption the Customs settled down to a combined game and they treated the spectators with their short passing tactics. Although the Police fought hard, they could not check the Customs forward line from scoring. Feroze Khan, Customs centre-forward, scored the second goal for his side after a melee in front of the goal-mouth. Pinto, the Customs Inside-left, played a spectacular game and combining well with Feroze and Milne, he was intrumental in scoring two good goals, his second goal being the result of an accurate pass by Sweeney.

The Customs had definitely the upperhand at this stage, Brewin, their pivot, steered his forwards in a masterly fashion, being ably assisted by his wing halves, S. M. Khan and Saleem. Mid-day through this period, Milne worked his way to the Police ring and sent in a timely pass to Feroze, who gave the finishing touch by scoring the fifth goal.

The Police were fighting hard to reduce the lead and Jameson, who had changed places with the centre-forword, succeeded in scoring a goal, the Customs retiring winners by a good margin of 5 goals to 1.

Kadir, the Police centre-half played a sound game for the losers.

The Results

CUSTOMS	5 goals.
POLICE	1 goal.

The Teams

CUSTOMS: Lynn; Abreo, Aslam; S. M. Khan, Brewin, Saleem; Sweeney, Milne, Feroze, Pinto and Jagat Singh.

POLICE: Scott; Jameson, Mahmood; Kadir, Hamid II, Aziz; Baboo, Roane, Shanker, Abbas and Hamid I.

TO-DAY'S MATCH 2nd SEMI-FINAL 5-40 P.M.

LUSITANIANS 'A' VS BOMBAY TELEPHONE.

TICKET COLLECTORS DISCHARGED

Echo Of Sensational Case Of Acid Throwing

The sensational case of acid throwing on the Head Ticket Inspector of the G. I. P. Railway was disposed of by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala Presidency Magistrate, third Court, on Wednesday when he ordered the accused Nathan Abraham; Abraham Aaroon; Rasool Ismail Sheikh; Titus Vaz and Mir Murtaza Ali, ticket collectors G. I. P. Railway, to be discharged as the evidence was unsatisfactory to maintain the charge of conspiracy preferred against the accused.

The Magistrate framed a charge of causing hurt against Jummo Mugroo and adjourned the hearing of the case against him.

City Accountant Sent To Jail

The Chief Presidency Magistrate Bombay sentenced Nansi Raghavji, accountant in a local firm, to undergo two years rigorous imprisonment on being convicted of having misappropriated Rs. 83,000 belonging to firm.

The prosecution case was that the accused manipulated the account books and misappropriated the moneys.

BUS TURNS TURTLE

Several Passengers Injured

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, March 3.

A serious bus accident occurred near Kalkhatgi. A Bus carrying passengers and post from Hubli yesterday turned turtle about 6 miles from Kalghatgi. The cause of the accident is said to be the collapse of brakes. Several passengers were injured. Five receiving severe injuries are lying in hospital.

SUIT AGAINST BAR PROPRIETRESS

Claim For Supply Of Provisions

Mr. Justice Somji at the High Court heard the suit filed by Joseph Izra Gubbay, proprietor of Messrs. James Anderson and Co., wine merchants, against Bai Pirojbai F. N. China and Dr. M. N. Balsara.

The suit was for Rs. 7,040 for provisions supplied to the first defendant who is the proprietress of the China Bar at Bhindi Bazar, the Grant Road Bar and the Three Tanks Bar. The second defendant who is her son-in-law and manager, stood surety for the payment of the plaintiff's bills.

The defence was that the plaintiff had supplied illicit liquor and therefore he had no right to claim payment.

In this suit, his lordship passed a consent decree in favour of the plaintiff according to the terms of settlement between the parties under which the defendants agreed to withdraw all allegations against the plaintiff.

Mr. M. M. Jhaveri, instructed by Gagrat and Co., appeared for the plaintiff.

MUSLIMS SUPPORT RENT ACT DEMAND

(From A Correspondent).

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At the mass meeting of the Muslims, especially workers, held yesterday at 9 p.m. at the Husseini Bagh-Madanpura, to congratulate Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, Mr. J. Bukhari moved a resolution supporting the resolution of the Tenants' Central Committee, demanding reduction of house rents by 50 per cent and asking the elected members of the Legislatures to bring forthwith in the first session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly a bill for Rent Act.

The resolution was duly seconded and passed unanimously. Mr. Bukhari exhorted the audience to form Chawl and street committees and hold public meetings in order to carry on successful agitation.

BOMBAY RIOT ECHO

Schools Committee Asks For "Word Of Regret"

A resolution asking for a "word of regret" from a Sub-Inspector of police in connection with an incident that took place at the South Kamatipura Marathi Boys' School during the communal disturbances in the city, was passed by a majority of 6 to 2 at a meeting of the Municipal Schools Committee held on Wednesday evening.

It may be recalled that one P. L. Kasurkar, the head master of the School and a peon complained before the Schools Committee of alleged assault and rough-handling by a police Sub-Inspector stationed on duty at the School.

The Committee at its meeting on Wednesday considered the reply from the Commissioner of Police, to a communication sent to him.

Mr. M. V. Dhonde moved a resolution that the Schools Committee considered that there was no need for the School master to exaggerate the incidents and that the Schools Committee had come to the conclusion that "the Sub-Inspector, being a new man in the locality, failed to judge the situation properly and had overdone his duty.

"The Committee therefore brings to the notice of the Police Commissioner that a word of regret will palliate the feelings of the public and will help to meet the ends of justice."

Mr. I. S Patel seconded the resolution.

Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavle moved and Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole seconded an amendment that the Police Commissioner's letter be recorded. The amendment was defeated, three voting for and six against.

The resolution was passed.

ADDITIONAL PREMIUM IN FIRE INSURANCE

Information For Policy Holders

BOMBAY, March 3.

The Secretary, the Bombay Fire Insurance Association, has issued the following:—

"We learn that, in view of the disastrous fires having taken place in buildings having timber floors, the Bombay Fire Insurance Association have decided to charge one anna per cent additional premium on the building or contents of Retail Shops and Stores and Warehouses and Godowns, having such floors in the town and Island of Bombay.

As from 1st March 1937 the following warranty will be inserted in all policies covering such buildings of Classes 1 and 11 construction or their contents or alternatively, the above extra premium will be charged:—

"Warranted that during the currency of this policy no part of the floor or floors (except verandahs and staircases) of any building or buildings insured by or containing the interests insured by this policy shall be constructed of timber. A timber floor laid on a reinforced concrete and or ferro-concrete structure without intermediate space is not considered to be a timber floor within the meaning of this warranty."

The additional premium is also applicable to floors of tiles, stone or cement on wood and policy holders are requested to satisfy themselves that the building described in the Policy fully complies with the warranty, or that the consequent additional premium is paid, in order to avoid the possibility of liability being repudiated in the event of loss arising.—A.P.

Indigestion Gone in 5 minutes

Read this letter, sent by an old sufferer:—"For the past two years I have suffered greatly from indigestion. During that time I have tried many remedies, some of which were fairly good, others entirely useless. However, it has been left to your Digestif Rennie to render me the great service. I bought a tin about a week ago, and, being in pain at the time, sucked one pastille. In exactly five minutes the pain had completely gone. I was amazed at the speedy action of that pastille. Hitherto, when using other remedies, I had considered myself lucky if I obtained relief in a few hours!"—A McM.

Digestif Rennie Pastilles contain antacids which neutralise excess acid—the cause of nearly all digestive disorders. When excess acid has been neutralised, indigestion *simply cannot start*. And Digestif Rennie is more than an antacid. It also contains absorbents to free you of stomach gas, and ferments which *actively help to digest food*.

Digestif Rennie Pastilles are pleasant to take, and each one is individually wrapped in paper. They are obtainable of Chemists, Stores and Bazars, packed in hermetically sealed tins.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1937

NEW ASSEMBLY IN BOMBAY

Questions of considerable constitutional interest about the working of the new Provincial Legislatures are being discussed in Congress circles in Bombay City, as elsewhere. The question of office acceptance will be formally decided by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee a few days hence, but it is an open secret that the body will, by an overwhelming majority, declare for acceptance. The issues now most discussed in this connection are about the composition of the ministry—aprrt from the purely personal aspect—and the principle of joint responsibility and others of like nature. It is obvious that with the certain support of several non-Congress Nationalist members, some of whom may even join the Congress Party in the Bombay Assembly in accordance with the resolution of the Working Committee in this behalf, that Party will have a decisive majority. Consequently the Ministry, if Congress decides to form one, must necessarily be a purely a Congress body. Babu Rajendra Prasad has expressed the unanimous opinion among Congressmen in declaring categorically that "in no circumstances can the Congress form a coalition ministry which would include parties not accepting the Congress policy and programme." To the more specific question—of special interest to Bombay—whether the Congress could include the Muslim League in its fold, Rajen Babu gave the only tenable reply that the Congress could not possibly do so as the Congress was out to wreck the Constitution, while the Muslim League was prepared to work it. If at all the Governor should insist upon a coalition Ministry on communal or other grounds, he will thereby be inviting a constitutional crisis much earlier than might otherwise be expected.

Nominations To Legislative Councils

Another question of constitutional importance now being discussed in Bombay, as in many other provinces, is about the nominations by the Governor to the Legislative Council. Under the new Constitution the Governor is to nominate a specified number of members—not less than three nor more than four in Bombay—to the Upper House. He is expected to make the nomination "in his discretion." That, however, does not mean "at his own sweet will." Inasmuch as the object of nomination is to add to the representative character of the House, the Governor should, in accordance with the established constitutional practice in self-governing countries, consult the Chief Minister in the matter or, "the person who in his judgment is most likely to command a stable majority in the legislature." This question is of special importance to Bombay, where the Congress majority in the Assembly is small and where only thirteen out of the twenty-six elected numbers of the Council are Congressmen. The Governor should not be allowed to prevent the Congress from getting a majority in a joint session of both the Houses. It is understood that in Madras the Governor will make his selection in consultation with the new Ministers. It is to be hoped that the Governor of Bombay, too, will follow the same sound constitutional practice.

No Flouting The Congress

As regards the time of forming a Ministry, wherever the Congress has a clear absolute majority, with or without the support of other parties, the Governor has no alternative but to wait till the Congress decides the question of ministries. Nor can he make a grievance about the delay since the new Constitution comes into force on April 1, and the Congress will decide the question in the third week of this month. The Governor of Madras, it is understood, will wait till the Leader of the Congress Party has the permission of the Congress executive to discuss the matter with him. The Governor of Bombay may be expected to do likewise. But the Governor of Orissa is reported to be actually interviewing leaders of minority communities with a view to appointing one Minister to represent those interests. If Congress decides to accept offices, it will be obviously impossible, as stated above, to allow the Governor to foist a non-Congress Minister upon a Congress majority. The Governor of Orissa will only invite trouble by trying to flout the Congress in the local Assembly.

Last Trench Of Liberty

If those statesmen of Europe who pretend to champion democracy were honest they should hang down their heads in shame before Senor Delvayo's denunciation of their "Foolhardy Pacifist Policy" in regard to Spain. As Senor Delvayo said: "To deliver Spain fighting not only for her independence but also for the independence of occidental Europe into the hands of Germany and Italy, only because the spreading must be avoided at all costs, is equivalent to smoothing out the path towards international preponderance of two Fascist Powers." If they have avoided immediate war they have done so by increasing a hundred-fold the inevitability of war. And they have succeeded in smoothing out the international Fascist path. Senor Delvayo is quite correct when he says: "Madrid has been transformed into the last trench of European liberty." The tragedy is that statesmen of European Democracy realise this but imperfectly—if they do not ignore it deliberately. The proceedings at the latest session of the Non-Intervention Sub-Committee prove this. Lord Plymouth, supported by French, Czech, Swedish and Soviet representatives, suggested the withdrawal from Spain of all foreign volunteers. German, Italian and Portuguese delegates deliberately put obstacles in the way of the proposal. They had to do it because there are no less than 80,000 regular Italian, German and Portuguese soldiers fighting on the side of Franco. What is significant is that they should have insisted upon immobilising the Government's gold deposited abroad. This is natural. Both Italy and Germany are concerned about the money due to them by General Franco. But what is noteworthy is that Democracy's champions did not firmly and summarily reject the Fascist proposal as a defiance of International Law. They have only postponed the discussions.

"Aussies" Retain Ashes

Looking at the series of the England-Australia Test Matches as a whole, it is quite true that the element of luck was, on balance, on the side of the Australians. But the advantage was more than counter-balanced by a distinct and equally effective handicap. Australia began the series by losing the first two matches. The position for them, had thus become literally desperate. Every subsequent match was a needle match. It had become a trial of their nerve, their grit and their morale against a side enjoying the supreme strength of two victories. But in place of complete demoralisation and collapse, they effected a decisive recovery for which no tribute to Don Bradman and his team is too great. On cricketing merits also Australia deserved to retain the Ashes. They were England's superior in almost every department of the game. They bowled better and they also thrashed the bowling of their opponents better. As to the outstanding figure of the series, Don Bradman, he is simply and literally incomparable. No words of admiration can at all express the greatness of this wonder-cricketer whose interview after the last match proves that he is a generous sportsman too.

TAGORE'S CHITRANGADA

An Appreciation

BY S. P. SHAH, I.C.S.)

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The dance-acted dramatic performance of "Chitrangada" by a troupe of students from Shantiniketan is a dance-representation of one of the minor episodes of the epic age of India. The performance maintains a high level throughout and conforms with the requisites of the "natya" stage of the Indian classic art of interpretative dancing. The scenario is laid in the Manipur jungles; naturally, the Manipur school of dancing, with its shuffles, leading up to lifeful poses (tableaux vivantes or Chitrankanas) appropriate to the dominant sentiment and moods (i.e. rasa and bhavas) depicted is prominent. But connoisseurs of the curvilinear pictorial art—whether in its graphic version as at Ajanta or in its plastic form as at Ellora—which endowed mere brush lines and cold stone with a rich warm glowing and varied life will see that the Manipur skeleton is frequently animated with the supple finger-play and sinuous eurhythmic movements of the limbs (anga-bhangas) and the expression of the soul and interpretation of its moods; this after all forms the unique contribution of our classic art to the world. The depiction of 'bhavas' is, however, done in an unduly subdued manner and in the case of several of the artistes one is left to wonder whether 'bhavas' are properly depicted on the face and in the eyes and in the anga-bhangas. There are, of course, notable exceptions; e.g., the eros in the eyes of Chitrangada, the solemn dignity of the couple in the vow-taking scene towards the end. But one still wishes that the 'bhavas' had been interpreted more intensively and in greater detail. The theory of 'anubhavas' and 'vibhavas' seems to have been almost completely ignored.

The Poses.

The poses are statuesque, but not statuary. The subdued activity in the eyes, lips, fingers and other limbs and the breathing serve to remind the audience that as enjoined by Bharatacharya only life and not deadness can appear on the stage. Though the Tagore school does not consider itself hide bound by these classic precepts, the rationale underlying them will be appreciated by those who can contrast the lifefulness of the tableaux vivantes as distinct from the cold effect of petrified statutory as in European tableaux and their apish imitations in India. Prose portions are also dance-acted; naturally, timing and expression are maintained during the interpretation. This is natya or sa-tala-bhava-abhinaya dance-acting.

The Setting.

The setting is simple and traditional. A plain blue screen symbolic of open space forms the background; the orchestra and the reciters of the story squat at its foot. The music is subdued and soothing; it never forgets that its role is subsidiary. The dancing is dignified and quiet; there is none of the acrobatics of the Kathic style as now practised nor the excess of conventionalism which overclothe the natural ancient form of the Bharat-Natya style. Yet, one wishes that the jingling bells had, now and then at any rate, been laid aside, leaving the cultured portion of the audience to judge the tala bol and parana for itself without their adventitious aid. Dress and decoration are classical—except in the case of Cupid whose effulgence fails to conceal his pyjamas. The grouping and composition reveal the master's grasp of the aesthetics of form and sound and their balanced harmonisation. Students of classical Indian civilisation will see the concepts, motifs and technique which India sent out to Java, Bali, Indo-China and the far East, where they are still to be seen in but slightly adapted forms. For a while one feels transported to the fourth, fifth or sixth century.

Unique Opportunity.

The preparation of a critical pamphlet explaining the technique would have added to the educative value of the performance to the public. The dominant tasa and the bhavas through which it is manifested in each scene could be stated; their consonance with the music, the form-line and the colour effects could be explained. The extent of deviation from the classic path and its justification would have enabled the critical and cultured section of the audience to judge for itself how far the deviation is an improvement on the orthodox tradition and theory. New India is not un-

(Continued On Page 7—Col. 1)

University Reform—VI

Aggrandizement Of The Academic Council

By A Special Contributor

If there has been a silent usurpation of the functions and powers of the Senate by the Syndicate, and of the Syndicate by the Vice-Chancellor, there has also been a certain seeming increase in the authority and importance of the Academic Council

When first this innovation was introduced in this university, many educationists regarded it with grave suspicion. No doubt it has relieved the Senate of the mass of purely academic detail, which involved no serious questions of fundamental educational policy. But the original apprehension in that allowed under the Act, powers and functions, on the ground of their affecting the academic side of the University, which affect fundamental policy, and, therefore, ought properly to belong to the Senate.

The Senate is now, however, "the Supreme Governing Body" in the University.—hardly even in name. The device of setting off the 'amour propre' of one body against another, has played, in astute hands, extremely effectively in aggrandizing, apparently, the Academic Council, at the expense either of the Syndicate, or of the Senate.

Reasons For Aggrandizement

There are many reasons why the Academic Council should have been exalted, in an imperceptible manner, over the Senate and the Syndicate. It is, compared to the Senate, a small body with a preponderant official element dominating it. Moreover, not only can that body pretend, under the terms of the Act, to expert knowledge of academic questions and therefore claim the absolute and exclusive custody of the academic conscience of the University; it lays claim to being free from those considerations of public policy in matters academic, which a body composed as the Senate is likely to import in its deliberations. In the eyes of these sol-disant academicians it seems to be a major crime to have regard for considerations, like that for instance of national self-respect, when disposing of "academic" matters. Otherwise, they would never have passed Regulations for giving a particularly privileged position to those passing the Cambridge Senior or the examination which had, ever since this University was established, enjoyed a status no higher than that of the Matriculation Examination of our own University. That the body holding these examination has no statutory existence; that it has no more connection with the Cambridge University than the Royal Hair Cutting Saloon has with the British or any other Royalty; that it affects to-day no more than one-third of one-per cent. of the students going up for higher University education in our University; that British Universities and other educational authorities have consistently shown the most studied contempt for Indian University qualifications; and that, were there no other reason, this one alone of our past history would make every self-respecting Indian revolt at the idea of allowing gratuitously such a specially privileged position to an alien body in an Indian University,—a position, moreover, which, once accorded cannot be denied easily under the new Constitution and that, such privileged recognition of a foreign body's examination, utterly outside this University's control by way of inspection of apparatus; approval of staff; prescription of courses of studies or standards of examination, would mean the doom of our own schools, unless they all choose to become denationalised and get recognition from the Cambridge Senior authorities.—these and all other analogous considerations were, to the Academic Council, under the skilful narcotic administered by a master anaesthetician like chaff before the wind.

Modern Amichands

The Senate is, under the law, a "supreme governing body", which in such matters, is neither supreme nor governing, nor even a body. For, in the matter of the Ordinances passed by the Syndicate, giving effect to the executive decisions of that body; and in regard to the Regulations passed by the Academic Council, the Senate has little more than a nominal authority. They are submitted to the Senate for information and confirmation, as it were. That body cannot undo these items in the Government of the University, except with a two-thirds majority of those present in the House at the time such vote is taken. In counting this two-thirds majority, blank votes are taken to be 'against' such an upsetting. Except, therefore, in cases, where the self-respect of the Senate is manifestly deeply wounded, or where an outrageous case of Executive or Academic highhandedness has to be rectified,—as was the case in regard to the recent instance of the Regulations passed by the Academic Council giving superior status to the Cambridge Senior Examinations, the Senate is practically powerless to correct the mischief perpetrated by a minority in these bodies.

It is true that this alien influence in the University bodies succeeds in such offending activities.

Fortunately, on such occasions, the Senate takes the bit between its teeth, and runs away with the most adroit rider, the most consummate tactician, and most ruthless dictator; and offers a consolation if not an assurance to the public that, weak and handicapped as it is under the Constitution, it is nevertheless not altogether dead to the claims of National self-respect.

Examinerships

The most important single factor tending to the seeming aggrandizement of the Academic Council, and, in its turn, of its own subservience to the official Dictator, lies in its command over such patronage by way of examinerships, as the University can offer. It is right and proper that the Academic body should have an adequate say in selecting examiners, prescribing courses of studies etc. It must also be admitted that efforts of men like Mr. D. R. Gadgil have succeeded in recent years in removing much of the impurities that used to affect this function of the Academic Council, viz. the recommendation of names for appointment as examiners. Conventions have of late been adopted, in which their aggregate, will tend to remove the scandals that once used to cluster thick in the season of examiner-making, like flies at the time of jam-making. But when all allowance has been made for recent improvements, the fact must also be mentioned that these are still only 'conventions', without any legally binding force; that there are innumerable ways of evading or circumventing such loose bonds of rectitude in University conduct; that the ancient, hardened, cynical offenders in such matters still muster strong in this body and that their manoeuvres more often succeed than not,—though perhaps not in an equally obvious and obnoxious manner.

The Necessary Reform

The reform of the Academic Council must, accordingly, embrace not only a radical change in the constitution of that body but also a fundamental reorientation in the powers and functions assigned to it. A degree of responsibility to the supreme governing body must like-wise be enforced, which is to-day utterly lacking. If the Academic Council is not to be a drill-ground for the obedient cohorts of an official sergeant-major; and, at the same time, if it is to be really an academic body its strength must be increased,—at least by assigning an 'ex-officio' place to the Principal of every recognised collegiate institution; a much wider representation to the headmasters of schools than is the case to-day; and a far larger element from the Senate direct. Instead of the present Thirty-five Immortals of this Academy, there would then be something like 80 per cent including 35 college principals, 10 University Professors or Readers and Deans of Faculties; about 5 Headmasters of recognised schools; about 20 representatives of the Boards of Studies, and about 10 representatives of the Senate. This will not be too unwieldy a body; nor would its composition militate against a careful and proper choice of examiners; suitable courses of studies, and adequate standards of examinations,—especially if effective safeguards in the form of Statutes embodying the essence of the present Conventions, are provided against any abuse of such powers and functions.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

BRITAIN AND ITALY

Italy is evidently continuing on the war path and with greater zeal if possible. The decisions already taken by the Fascist Grand Council are revealing and symptomatic. Italy, according to these decisions is to be converted further into an armed camp. According to a Press report she is, among other things, to complete the militarisation of all the active forces of the nation from the age of 18 to 55 and to attain the maximum self-sufficiency as regards military requirements and "the total sacrifice, if necessary, of civil to military needs". This is not the only answer to Great Britain by her friend Italy. We referred the other day to the creation of an air base in a deserted island. This is not all. Air bases are already under construction in Sardinia, Sicily and South Italy and, as the report says, "the creation of these bases is expected to give Italy complete control of the narrows between Sicily and Africa". For what and against whom this dangerous strategy? The answers are obvious. Yet Britain has been indirectly helping Italy in Spain!

TORY TEARS.

The "Morning Post's" reaction to the challenging onslaught of the Congress has been strictly emotional and, consequently, incoherent. Lord Linlithgow has the burden of the great "trust"—"the welfare of the inarticulate" millions. Everybody knows that great British statesman does not speak the language of the "inarticulate" millions. Therefore, Lord Linlithgow, can return the compliment. The millions as well as their ruler have remained friendly and their "welfare" has remained in "trust" and mutually inarticulate. To this logically dramatic situation the Congress election victories have supplied the tragic denouement. "The forms of democracy will prevent", observes the "Morning Post", "Lord Linlithgow from direct approach to the Indian people." Under the system he will only be able to approach them "through the distorting medium of a hostile ministry." We have not perceived the tragedy, we confess, of a situation where the direct or indirect approach of friends who exchange mutually inarticulate compliments is obviously immaterial.

UNCHRISTIAN AND CONTEMPTIBLE.

"The Congress is the enemy of God', has been the theme of many sermons preached in some Roman Catholic churches since the inauguration of the recent election campaign to the Legislative Assembly" thus protests a correspondent. And he adds that these ecclesiastical demagogues are still carrying on their diatribes. Similar complaints have been made against some preachers in Madras also where the pulpit did its best, as in Bombay, to defeat Congressmen. The reverend gentlemen might consider it the essence of godliness to lose their heads and their sense of Christianity. But we wish it had occurred to them that their contemptible charges against Congress cannot hurt the great national organisation nor can they stop the growing consciousness among Indian Christians of patriotic duty to their country and their fellow-countrymen. And if they are completely incapable of looking at public affairs from the Indian point of view, we wish they had realised that their denunciation of Congress convicted them of friendship for Imperialism and for the slavery of India. And such friendship is unchristian.

HINDUSTANI CLASSES IN BOMBAY

The long list of Hindustani classes conducted by the Hindi Prachar Sabha of Bombay testifies to the good work that is being done in the city by the Sabha. It is now recognised by all that Hindustani alone, that is to say, the language which is spoken by crores of the people of Hindustan, both Hindu and Muslim, and which is neither too Sanskritised nor too Persianised, is the only language that bids fair to be the established national language of India. It is, therefore, the duty of nationalists to popularise the language as fast and as extensively as possible. We are happy to know that in Bombay City institutions like the Hindi Prachara Subha and the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee are doing this work earnestly. Though they use the traditional name Hindi, we know that they teach Hindustani, as interpreted above. It will be excellent if they teach both the scripts, Devanagari and Urdu. We have already published the list of the classes conducted by the Hindi Prachar Sabha. For fuller particulars the readers may communicate with the Sabha, opposite Roxy Theatre, Adenwala Building, new Queen's Road, Bombay 4.

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WITHOUT COMMENT.....

ALLAHABAD, March 3.

It is understood that the U. P. Government have withdrawn the order suspending the Judicial Officer of these Provinces for alleged participation in Congress procession and meeting organised during the election tour of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

The Government's decision, is regarded as significant in view of the Congress victory at the election in U. P.

* * * *

The London "Morning Post" confesses to "considerable sympathy with Lord Linlithgow who has the courage to face the consequences of his policy."

Three cheers for the "Morning Post," H. E. Lord Linlithgow—and the Viceregal Reserve Powers!

* * * *

"It is unfortunate" adds the Die-hard journal, "that forms of democracy will prevent him from direct approach to the Indian people."

"Forms of democracy"—or, shall we say, spectres of autocracy?

* * * *

According to their Legal Adviser, four new clauses are demanded in the Instrument of Accession in order to safeguard the rights and powers of Indian princes.

They are wholly superfluous One would have been sufficient—'status quo' at home and the right to sabotage democracy outside the States.

* * * *

"During the past few months,' says Judge W. H. Wadhams "great progress has been made in exploring the Federation field.."

So much, so, in fact, that soon there will be nothing left of the field itself.

* * * *

At Nairobi, His Highness the Aga Khan was weighed in gold the gold was presented to His Highness and his Highness "returned the whole sum to the donors for the purposes of social advancement."

Verily, said a hard-boiled confrere, the generosity of His Highness knows no limits

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS
(Perpetrated by the Junior Coleague, as usual).

(1) The "prominent Congressman of Bombay" quoted in yesterday's Bori Bunder has "nationalist eyes."

(2) The Italian "Fascist Grand Council" at its recent momentous session decided to pursue a policy of pacifism and disarmament by refusing to extend conscription to new born children and deciding to sacrifice, if necessary, civil to military needs.

(3) An official of the South African Government will shortly be invited by Government of India to give the benefit of his experience in a scheme of racial discrimination to be launched in India.

(4) Mr. Winston Churchill will now thunder against Australian cricketers, Australian pitch and Australian rain-clouds for having robbed Imperial Britain of its cricketing glory.

* * * *

Said Mr. Eden, Britain's Foreign Secretary,:—

"In rearmament Government are making the greatest contribution in their power for the preservation of world peace."

It is said to be an evidence of the stolid British character that not a single M.P. smiled, winced or sighed when the above statement was made.

* * * *

Government Capture Strategic Positions

—Madrid Cable.

The Non-Intervention Committee should pass at least a vote of censure if not actually convert Madrid into a zone to be patrolled by Italy, Germany and Portugal jointly.

* * * *

'Doctorr' said the patient, 'I'm bothered with a curious pain. When I bend forward, stretch out my arms, and make a semi-circular movement with them, I feel a sharp stab in my left shoulder.'

'But', said the doctor, amazed, 'why on earth make such motions?'.

The patient looked at him carefully.

'Well, doctor' he said 'if you know any other way for a man to get into his coat, I wish you you would tell me.'

Day Of Reckoning Before Resurrection

Pandit Pant Attacks "Barbarous Budget"

FINANCE MEMBER'S IMMORTAL RECORD

GRIGG DEFENDS SUGAR EXCISE DUTY

The Assembly continued to-day the general discussion on the budget.

Sir Mahomed Yakub, speaking first to-day, declared that the Finance Member's proposals would cause great hardship and resentment. The increase in the Excise duty on Sugar had already created a stir in the country and he did expect that it would bring the estimated revenue. The imposition of additional Silver Duty was not an unmixed blessing. Silver was now the only commodity which the people of India could look upon as a treasure to help them in times of need and they would not welcome a duty on it.

"SUGAR DADDY."

Sir Henry Gidney referred humorously to the Finance Member as "The Sugar Daddy" of the House who, after having lost about eight crores in revenues from imported sugar, proposed to increase the sugar excise whereby he hoped to secure additional revenue of 105 lakhs.

IN CHASTENED MOOD.

Mr. N. M. Joshi declared that during the last two years, the finance member had unwisely surrendered the surcharges on income-tax and recklessly spent crores on what he called rural development, which was a subject for which the Government had no responsibility. Mr. Joshi mentioned that several votable items had been changed into non-votable this year, and asked why the 100,000 rupees for the South African Delegation was to be treated as non-votable. He criticised the progressive restriction on the functions of the Standing Finance Committee of the Assembly, while need was for enlarging their scope so that all public expenditure might be scrutinised.

Sir Ahmed Nawaz Khan attempted to reply to the charge made by Lala Shamlal yesterday that the expenditure on Defence and the salaries of high officers were treated as untouchable items.

CHAMPION OF I.C.S.

Mr. J. F. Sale (Nominated Official from U.P.) speaking in his private capacity as one who had served the country for 30 years and was about to quit it, said that British members of the Indian Civil service were not all die-hards.

Mr. Azharali thought that the Finance Member had framed the budget with eyes and ears closed.

ASSEMBLY HOAXED.

Mr. Basantakumar Das said that the Finance Member played a hoax on the House last year when he said that there would be a surplus budget this year. He had done so in order to give his rural grant of a crore of rupees in order to prepare the rural people against the Congress. The speaker was glad that the masses stood by the Congress in the recent elections.

"AXE" HIGH SALARIES.

Moulana Shaukat Ali said that the Excise Duty on Sugar would harm the Sugar Industry as well as the cultivators of sugar cane. The time had come to cut the salaries of high paid Government Officials.

Mr. S. K. Som said the Finance Member must look to the interests of the people in imposing taxation. He should not have imposed sugar excise duty. The speaker had expected lowering of the Postage on post cards but the Finance Member had already pampered British industrialists by reducing the postage on packets.

WHY FOREIGN EXPERTS.

Mr. Muthuranga Mudaliar declared that India had been used as dumping ground for third rate and fourth rate experts from foreign countries. It was a notorious fact that the Indian army was maintained primarily in the interest of Britishers.

ECONOMY AND RETRENCHMENT.

Mr. M. S. Aney declared that there was no further scope for enlargement of the Revenue. The only way open to make both ends meet was economy and retrenchment.

Dealing with military expenditure Mr. Aney explained that the gross expenditure really amounted to 55 crores and 85 lakhs including loss on strategic railway lines, and the cost of tribal expenditure. The salaries of Defence and Simla Exodus were items which stood in need of drastic curtailment.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir said that the budget had been framed under exceptional conditions, but the separation of Burma was foreseen. The Finance Member had shown a gross loss of about 342 lakhs next year, but had taken credit for 229 lakhs to be recovered from Burma. The speaker contended that the Finance Member was not entitled to credit for this amount. He could only take credit for the interest on this amount. Referring to the defence budget, Sir Cowasji Jehangir said that credit was due to the Finance Member for the fact that, while other countries were spending more money on armament, India had kept her expenditure on the army stationary. Money was cheap, and the Finance Member might consider ways and means of converting the sterling debt into a rupee debt.

Dr Dalal said that there had been some reference in the course of the debate to the Ottawa Agreement. Dr. Dalal gave export figures in various items for 1932-33 as compared with 1933-34 to show that there had been substantial benefits from the Ottawa Agreement.

PANDIT PANT'S ATTACK.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant opened by saying that it was not possible in the space of the few minutes available to do more than touch on the fringe of the subject.

Sir James Grigg's three budgets had made an immortal contribution to the history of India. The first was a budget of Bacchanalian Abandon, the second was a promise of recovery, and this third now before the House was a hope of resurrection. In the words of a Presbyterian Minister, this budget would find an abiding place. Pandit Pant said that before these hopes of resurrection could set in, there must first be a day of reckoning, and the country awaited that day as a prelude to resurrection, recovery and reconstruction.

BARBAROUS BUDGET.

He said he found difficulty in describing the budget in Parliamentary language but..... (Sir James Grigg: "So did I") (laughter and applause)..... He characterised it as a barbarous budget such as no Finance Member would have presented in any civilised country. He thought that the Finance Member would agree with him, but Sir James Grigg was a victim of circumstances from which he could not escape. Pandit Pant called it a barbarous budget because in these enlightened days no less than 63 per cent. of the entire revenue of the country was devoted to defence.

MISLEADING STATEMENT

He then adduced arguments to show that the budget statement on the defence expenditure was misleading. For the purpose of comparison Pandit Pant showed that the total given in the budget statement after deducting receipts and adding the amounts saved on Burma and Aden, was Rs. 47.28 crores, which was two crores more than the figure stated by Sir James Grigg. Compared with last year, defence expenditure had increased by two crores.

DISGRACEFUL.

Pandit Pant said that it was disgraceful that in a difficult year of financial stringency defence expenditure should increase by this huge sum.

GUILTY OF INDISCRETION.

Pandit Pant retailed from the supplementary statement certain heads of expenditure. For example political had been increased, but he showed that the provision for agriculture, education and health, etc. had been cut down. The speaker gave figures of the sums spent by the British Government on education, health and sickness and old age insurance to show how badly India had been treated in social service expenditure. The Finance Member had been guilty of indiscretion when he restored the salary cuts, and gave up the surcharge on income-tax. The trouble must have been foreseen and it was most unfair to lift the charges from persons who could best afford to bear them.

Pandit Pant concluded that recovery would not come till top heavy expenditure and top heavy salaries were removed. But the day of reckoning was coming.

Mr. Nauman paid tribute to the lucidity of the statement which the Finance Member had presented. He congratulated the Finance Member on making both ends meet, but the burden had laid on the sugar industry which could ill-afford it. The income-tax returns showed that the factories were not making money.

FINANCE MEMBER'S REPLY

Sir James Grigg was applauded, when he rose to reply to the general debate.

The Finance Member said that he had listened to the usual platform accusations of exploitation on the part of Britain, which had already been exposed times without number. He, therefore, had come to the conclusion that there was no prospect of cessation of this type of criticism until members, who levelled them, had to do things for themselves. Such opportunity was now presented to them over a large part of India and, therefore, "I will leave it to time to do the work that argument has failed to achieve."

PRICES OF PRIMARY PRODUCTS

The Finance Member then replied to the contentions that prices of primary products had not advanced. One speaker had mistakenly taken wholesale prices but even so the index figures showed that wholesale prices were substantially higher than for many years past.

Sir James Grigg then quoted comparative figures of staple primary products to show that the prices had substantially increased in recent years. He admitted that there was some point in the contention that part of Burma annuity should be carried to capital. He estimated this at Rs. 30 lakhs and to this extent it was an argument for strengthening the Sinking Fund as soon as possible.

INCOME-TAX SYSTEM.

On the subject of giving effect to the recommendations of the recent Income-tax Enquiry Committee, Sir James Grigg said that his proposals were tentative and he should not be regarded as binding himself. There did not appear, however, any chance of legislation being introduced in the Simla session, but he expected legislation would be ready for the next budget session and it would then be referred to a Select Committee. The Committee could sit in the interval between the budget session and the following Simla session. He expected that the Bill would be passed into law at the Simla session and come into force on April 1, 1939. As regards the administrative part of the Committee's recommendations, Sir James Grigg said that some parts of the proposals could be enforced without legislation and steps would be taken to improve the machinery of the administrative part of the income-tax system.

SUGAR DUTY.

Referring to the sugar duty the Finance Member thought that mutually contradictory statements had been made in the course of the debate. The tax could not ruin produce and also injure the consumer. The increase in price paid by the consumer would merely be an adjustment of the gain previously given by unnecessary price cutting. Indian sugar was being sold at eight annas and more below import parity of Java Sugar. The tax could do the producer no harm if it remedied over-production. Similarly since cane prices were fixed on a sliding scale the cultivator would not suffer, but might even benefit. Furthermore, over-production had led to a dangerous position and it was necessary by this small operation to prevent a desperate situation growing worse. In passing Sir James Grigg said that his previous reference to Sir T. Vijayaraghavachary's opinion was meant to imply that Sir T. Vijayaraghavachary's opinion could not be accepted as unbiased since he was connected intimately with the sugar industry.

Mr. Satyamurti interjected: "You are the only unbiased person.'

Sir James Grigg replied: "Very nearly."

Concluding the Finance Member said that he had deliberately avoided answering more rhetorical and less factual speeches, which he thought were echoes of election speeches. Considering the tone of these speeches in the House he ought to apologise for coming before the House in such a gentle mood. The Finance Member said. "I hope the House will appreciate my more lighthearted and less abandoned manner." (Laughter and applause).

The House adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

RACIAL WAR IN S. A.

Transvaal Appeal To Leader Of Opposition In Assembly

NEW DELHI, March 3.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Congress Party in the Legislative Assembly, has received the following telegram from Mr. Kazee, President of the Transvaal Indian Association, Johannesburg, regarding anti-Asiatic Bills:—

"Our Executive will be grateful for the action taken by you and the Congress Party. The Prime Minister, General Hertzog, has refused the appeal through the Agent-General to receive the Congress deputation.

The subject matter of the Bills has been referred to a Select Committee, the personnel of which, excepting the chairman Mr. Hofmeyr and Mr. Derbyshire, hold definite and pronounced views in favour of the principles contained in the Bills.

We are constrained to feel that the composition of the Committee is a surrender to the reactionary element in the Union Cabinet, and is deliberately backed to achieve the object of the Bill despite facts and equity."

It is understood that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will see Sir G. S. Bajpai in this connection.—A. P

LIMITED TARIFFS FOR QUOTAS

Economic League Of Small Nations For Removal Of Trade Barriers

THE HAGUE: March 3.

The Economic League of Small Nations opened a conference which will last several days with the aim of laying the foundations of economic appeasement. The conference, which consists of the signatories of the Oslo Convention, —Holland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Finland, Belgium and Luxemberg,—was opened by Dr. Colijn, who hoped that the Great Powers would support it.

He said that a new hope had dawned with the currency agreement between Britain, France and the United States. It was to be hoped that trade quotas would be replaced by limited tariffs, and it might be necessary to contemplate a new interpretation of the Most Favoured Nation Clause which at present hindered the removal of trade barriers.—Reuter.

DAMAGED CITY DRAIN RENEWAL

A special grant of one lakh of rupees was made by the Municipal Standing Committee, on Wednesday, to have the 50-year-old underground drains in Abdul Rehman Street, Nagdevi Street and Masjid Bunder Road, scrapped and renewed by substituting modern methods of construction, strong enough to withstand tre vibrations of traffic.

EXTENSION OF OSLO CONVENTION

STOCKHOLM: March 3.

The Foreign Minister, M. Sandler, recently discussed the possibility of extending the Oslo Convention to Switzerland and the Baltic States. He proposes shortly to tour the three Baltic Capitals.—Reuter.

ASGARALI DEAD

LUCKNOW, March 3.

The death has occurred of Thakur Muhammad Asgarali of Tipraha who was recently elected to the U. P. Provincial Assembly from Bahraich Muhammadan Rural Constituency on the Muslim ticket.—A.P.

JUTE STRIKE SPREADS

CALCUTTA, March 3.

Both Gagalbhai and Premchand jute mills in a suburb of Howrah were closed to-day as the strike in these mills is complete involving 10,000 workers.

Negotiations for a settlement were resumed to-day by the strike leaders with the authorities of the Gagalbhai mill but no final decision is yet arrived at. Armed pickets are guarding the mill areas. So far no trouble has, however, been reported from any part of the affected area.

The strike in the six mills in Budge-Budge involving 30,000 jute workers is continuing. Strikers are peaceful.—United Press.

LABOUR AND DISARMAMENT

Parliamentary Party Not To Challenge Whole Question

LONDON, March 3.

After a discussion lasting over two hours, The Parliamentary Labour Party decided not to challenge the whole question of rearmament. They therefore, will not call a division on the whole rearmament vote, but will divide against separate items on the grounds that there is no co-ordination of expenditure, no safeguarding against profiteering and no constructive peace policy.—Reuter

ALL PARTIES UNITED IN BRITAIN ON ARMAMENTS

Opposition Motion Thrown Out In Commons

LONDON, March 2.

Contrary to expectations in some quarters neither Mr. Lloyd George nor Mr. Winston Churchill participated in the debate which followed the traditional Party lines, the Opposition ascribing much of the present evils to alleged League feebleness in Sino-Jap dispute and Abyssinian War for which British Government shared the blame.

Mr. Noel-Baker said that the Labour Party favoured the use of armed forces to uphold international law and if the Government got the support of France, Russia, the Little Entente, Belgium, Holland, Scandinavia, Finland and Poland they would make an irresistible combination.

Lord Cranborne winding up declared that the debate had shown little difference between the policy of the Government, and the Opposition as both had agreed that British forces would never be used for aggression and both uphold collective security.

It was better that the forces, therefore, should be too strong than not strong enough, because in the latter case you would have heavy expenditure, and war too. He appealed to the Opposition to moderate their attitude and avoid giving abroad the appearance of disunity which did not exist.

The Opposition motion was defeated by 243 votes to 134.—Reuter.

SPANISH COAST SUPERVISION

Participants Have No Power Of Arrest

LONDON: March 3.

In the House of Lords replying to the debate on foreign affairs Lord Halifax said that ships of navies participating in the supervision in Spain would have no powers of arrest or right of search. Their duties would be confined to establishing the identity of all ships proceeding to Spain in order to verify whether they conformed to the obligations imposed on them—of taking supervisors aboard—under the agreement. Apart from this the position remained unaltered. The British Government made themselves responsible for the protection of their own shipping.—Reuter

MILITARY SCIENCE AND STRATEGY

Prominent Item In Soviet School Curriculum

MOSCOW, March 3.

Military science and strategy will henceforth be a prominent item in the curriculum of all schools teaching children from eight years upwards under a law just promulgated. Millions of miniature bullets, gasmasks, guns parachutes and aeroplanes will be manufactured as models and teachers are enjoined to encourage children to play games, inculcating military lessons.—Reuter's Special.

STOP GERMAN PRESS CAMPAIGN

Czech Foreign Minister's Reply To Parliamentary Commission

PRAGUE, March 2.

The Foreign Minister, M. Krofta, addressing the Parliamentary Commission hoped that Herr Hitler would stop the German Press campaign against Czechoslovakia.

He denied the German allegations that Czechoslovakia was spreading the Bolshevist virus. "We shall remain a democratic orderly state, wherein Communist activity will not find a fertile soil."—Reuter.

German Batteries Active In Madrid

HEAVY ARTILLERY FIRE IN LABOUR AREA

Govt. To Enforce Rationing Of Bread From March 11

MADRID, March 3.

A bread ration of ten and a half ouces daily will come into force on 11th March.

A communique mentions that an insurgent bombardment this morning by German batteries of heavy artillery in Madrid working class quarter of Cavapies claimed many victims among civilians and did considerable damage.—Reuter.

Rebel Barracks Attacked

Toledo the scene of the famous Alcazar seize in autumn is again directly threatened according to Government claims.

It is stated that local operations south of Tagus have led to the conquest of a number of strategic positions.

Government artillery is now firing upon Barriode Toledo.

Buildings used as barracks and military Governor's headquarters near Alcazar have been hit.

A sharp struggle is continuing. —Reuter.

Gandhiji Not Meeting Viceroy

"Chronicle" Special

Enquiries made in informed circles in Bombay show that there is no foundation for the news emanating from Delhi that Gandhiji is likely to see the Viceroy in connection with Congress acceptance of ministries.

There has been no discussion whatever among the members of the Congress High Command on that question.

It is however understood that the Mahatma has been requested to be present at Delhi during the Congress Working Committee and the All-India Congress Committee meetings, so that he may be available for advice, during the discussion of the office question.

It is further understood that the Working Committee will place a resolution on the office question before the All-India Congress Committee in the light of the recommendations made by the different Provincial Congress Committees and in the light of the informal discussions that have taken place both at Wardha and at other places.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside at the Monghyr District Political Conference to be held on March 13 at Jamui.

SOME SOB-STUFF FOR VICEROY

Congress Victories Will Injure His Good Mission

LONDON, March 3.

The Congress successes in the elections are the subject of a leader in the "Morning Post" which states, "We confess to considerable sympathy with Lord Linlithgow who has the courage to face the consequences of his policy and the intelligence and benignity to feel and understand his great trust—the welfare of the inarticulate and helpless millions of Indian people which is at stake at this crisis.

"It is unfortunate that the forms of democracy will prevent him from direct approach to the Indian people: under the new system he will only be able to approach them through the distorting medium of a hostile ministry.

Parliament has tied the hands of its servants in India, and we can only hope, with more optimism than facts seem to justify, that their devotion will, nevertheless, find a way through, and the practice of these elected persons will be more practicable and less hostile than their programmes. —Reuter's Special.

Germany's Colossal Secret Debt.

NEW YORK: March 2.

Revelations regarding the so-called secret debt of about 2,000 million dollars on account of Germany's re-armament and unemployment programme have been made by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The matter came to light in connection with the registration of German Government issue of 69 million dollars funding bonds to meet German Government interest indebtedness.

The Commission made the customary request to Germany to state the whole outstanding indebtedness. Germany did not deny the existence of the secret debt but refused to include details on the ground that it was not Governmental debt.

The Commission agreed without prejudice to the registration of the 69 million funding loan but stated that full publicity should be given to the existence of unrecorded obligations which include advance tax certificates, short term financing of employment programme, motor highway construction and rearmament costs.—

MILITIA MEN SURRENDER

AVILA: March 3.

400 militiamen from the left Bank of the Tagus arrived at the Insurgent lines at Talavera waving white flags and surrendered. They are being brought here. It is alleged that they were recruited at Valencia by force and sent to the front immediately.—Reuter.

HUSBAND AND WIFE BECOME ROYAL ACADEMICIANS

LONDON, March 3.

For the first time in history, husband and wife share the distinction of being Royal Academicians: Harold Knight has been elected a Royal Academician. His wife, Dame Laura Knight, was elected last year and is one of only three women admitted to full membership of the Academy since its inception in 1768.

Gilbert Ledward, the sculptor, has also been elected a Royal Academician.—Reuter.

TAGORE'S CHITRANGADA

(Continued from page 6.)

critical of the past but is not prepared to throw everything overboard on the mere ground that it is not in the latest mode.

But even without such a pamphlet the performance suffices to give one a glimpse of the heights attained by the most composite and therefore the most difficult of India's classic arts viz natya, claiming her universal tribute. It will undoubtedly help forward the present-day attempts all over the country to revive and rejuvenate the cult of Saraswati—the Savante and the artiste rolled into one indivisible entity.

Altogether the performance is a unique opportunity for visualising the epic episode in an artistic setting and an elevating spiritual feast for the eye and the ear prepared by the high-priest of the renaissance of Indian art—Dr. Tagore, his gifted lieutenants and talented pupils

Religion Meeting Ground Of Humanity

And Ramkrishna Represents Cosmic Humanism

SIR B. N. SEAL'S ADDRESS AT PARLIAMENT OF RELIGIONS

CALCUTTA, March 3.

"Articles of faith, creeds and dogmas have divided man from man, but we seek in religion a meeting ground of humanity. What we want is not merely universal religion in its quintessence, as Mahatma Raja Ram Mohan Roy sought it in his earlier days, not merely on eclectic religion by compounding the distinctive essences, theoretical as well as practical, of the different religions as Brahmananda Keshab Chandra Sen sought it, but experience as a whole as it has unfolded itself in the history of man.

"Religious expression, however, is not the only expression of the ultimate experience. The consumation is to be found in Cosmic Humanism which frees mankind from its limitations of outlook by finding man in the universe and the universe in man."

This conception of the objective of man's life on earth was emphasised by Sir Brojendra Nath Seal in the course of his presidential address to the Parliament of Religions, which commenced its session on Monday in connection with the Sree Ramkrishna Centenary celebrations.

At the outset, the speaker gave a brief account of Sree Ramkrishna's early life which, by innumerable instances, showed the promise of his future spiritual greatness.

The President next said Ramkrishna was a composite personality.

ABOVE ALL CONDITIONS.

"What he refused to delude himself with was that he was above all conditions and all infirmities of the flesh. But in his trances (Samadhi) he developed ecstasies in its present form, such as has been rarely witnessed in the West in the religious world since the days of Eckhart and Tanler.

"Like most Hindu saints, he had an inexhaustible store of homely sayings, adages, metaphors, allegories, parables, which could bring spiritual truths home to the meanest understanding and even to the child."

UNIVERSAL RELIGION.

The work of formulating Universal Religion free from Hindu or Christian theologies fell to Brahmananda Keshab Chandra Sen, who attempted this on an eclectic basis, and thus organised rituals and modes of worship. In his earlier days, Keshab Chandra made Christianity the central religion but in later life, he was drawn more and more to Vaishnavism for emotional and religious exercises. This was Selective Eclecticism. He thus variegated and fulfilled religious experiences, as well as concepts, rituals and worship in a way never attempted before. Buddhism, Christianity, Islam and Vaishnavism, not to mention other religions, each contributed its essence and substance to Keshab Chandra's religion of the new dispensation and what was new was the eclectic cult and culture.

"Keshab Chandra would emphasise the central essence of each religion and acknowledge its truth.

"The new Dispensation would select the "distinctive" central essence from each religion and make a collection a "Bouquet" of followers as it were.

COSMIC HUMANIST.

"Ramkrishna was a Cosmic Humanist in Religion and not a mere nationalist. He gave the impulse initiative to universal human and this must be completed in our age. Humanism has now various new phrases and developments. Leaving out Comte's Positivistic Humanism and Bhai-ism with its later offshoot "Babism", the Religion of human brotherhood (Bhai), we may turn to later phase such as the new concepts of religion without a God (as in Julian Huxley). This is not all. Impersonal ideals of truth, beauty of Goodness have sometime replaced the old faith in a personal God. And it is not merely the religious sentiment which claims its own pabulum in our day. A passion for science, for philosophy or for scientific philosophy, a passion for aesthetic sentiment in general is the badge of modernism in our culture and seeks to displace much of the old religious sentiment.

STEPPING STONE.

"Our present quest is for a Parliament of Religions, a quest which we seek to voice in this assembly. But this is only a stepping stone to a Parliament of Man or a Federation of world cultures."—United Press.

NO 'IMPERIALISM' IN RELIGION

(Continued from page 12)

in the truth which we cannot define, but call by the name of spirit,—even they are obliged to behave as though they did believe it to be true, or, at any rate, truer than the world which is evident to our senses. And so even they are often willing to accept death,—the termination of this physical life,—for the sake of the true, the good and the beautiful.

WHAT IS PERFECT FREEDOM?

When Buddha preached 'maitri'—the relationship of harmony—not only with human beings but with all creation, did he not have this truth in his mind that our treatment of the world is wrong when we solely treat it as a fact which can be known and used? Did he not feel that its meaning can be attained only through love because it is an expression of love which waits for its answer from our soul emancipated from the bondage of self? This emancipation cannot be negative in character, for love can never lead to negation. The perfect freedom is in a perfect harmony of relationship and not in a mere severance of bondage. Freedom has no content, and therefore no meaning, where it has nothing but itself. The soul's emancipation is in the fulfilment of its relation to the central truth of everything that there is, which is impossible to define because it comes at the end of all definitions.

The distinctive feature of materialism is the measurability of its outward expression, which is the same thing as the finiteness of its boundaries. And the disputes civil and criminal, which have raged in the history of man have mostly been over these same boundaries. To increase one's own bounds one has necessarily to encroach upon those of others. So because the pride of Power is the pride of Quantity, pride of the mere number of its recruits and victims, the most powerful telescope, when pointed in the direction of Power, fails to reveal the shore of peace across the sea of blood.

SELF DELUSION

Such is the tragedy that so often besets our history when this love of power, which is really the love of self, aggressively domineers over the religious life of man, for then the only means by which men could hope to set his spirit free, itself becomes the worst enemy of that freedom. Of all fetters those that falsely assume spiritual designations are the most difficult to break and of all dungeons the most terrible are those invisible ones where men's souls are imprisoned in self-delusion bred by vanity. For, the undisguised pursuit of self has safely in its openness, like filth exposed to the sun and air. But the self-magnification, with its consequent thwarting of the best in man, that goes on unashamed when religion deadens into sectarianism is a perverse form of worldliness under the mask of religion, it constricts the heart into narrowness much more effectively than the cult of the world based upon material interests can ever do

SHADOW LAND OF CREED

When we come to believe that we are in possession of our God because we belong to some particular sect, it gives us a complete sense of comfort to feel that God is no longer needed, except for breaking with the greater unction the skulls of people whose idea of God, fortunately or unfortunately, differs from our own in theoretical details. Having thus made provision for our God in some shadow-land of creed, we feel free to reserve all the space in the world of reality for ourselves,—ridding it of the wonder of the infinite, making it as trivial as our own house-hold furniture. Such unmitigated vulgarity only becomes possible when we have no doubt in our minds that we believe in God while our life ignores Him.

PRIMITIVE CEREMONIALS

The pious man of sect is proud because he is confident of his right of possession of God. The man of devotion is meek because he is conscious of God's right of love over his life and soul. The object of our possession needs must become smaller than ourselves and, without acknowledging it in so many words, the bigoted sectarian nurses the implicit belief that God can be kept secured for himself and his fellows in a cage which is of their own make. In a similar manner the primitive race of men believe that their ceremonials have a magic influence upon their deities

PRIEST-RIDDEN

Thus every religion that begins as a liberating agency ends as a vast prison house. Built on the renunciation of its founder, it becomes a possessive institution in the hands of its priests, and claiming to be universal becomes an active centre of schism and strife. Like a sluggish stream the spirit of man is choked by rotting weeds and is divided into shallow, slimy pools that are active only in releasing deadly mists of stupefaction. This mechanical spirit of tradition is essentially materialistic, it is blindly pious but not spiritual, obsessed by phantoms of unreason that haunt feeble minds with their ghastly mimicry of religion. This happens not only to mediocre individuals hugging fetters that keep them irresponsible or hungering for lurid unrealities, but to generations of insipid races that have lost all emphasis of significance in themselves, having missed their present in their ghostly past!

Great souls who have a comprehensive vision of Truth have the power to grasp the significance of each different form of the Reality that is one in all,—but the masses of believers are unable to reconcile the conflict of codes and commands. Their timid and shrunken imagination, instead of being liberated by the vision of the Infinite in religion, is held captive in bigotry and is tortured and exploited by priests and fanatics for uses hardly anticipated by those who originally received it.

FOR SEEKERS OF TRUTH

I say to you: that if you are really lovers of Truth, then dare to seek it in the fulness, in all the Infinite beauty of its majesty, out never be content to treasure up its vain symbols in miserly seclusion within the stony walls of conventions. Let us revere the great souls in the sublime simplicity of their spiritual altitude which is common to them all, where they meet in universal aspiration to set the spirit of man free from the bondage of his own individual ego, and of the ego of his race and of his creed; in that lowland of traditions, where religions challenge and refute each other's claims and dogmas, there a wise man must pass them by in doubt and dismay.

TOWARDS TYRANNY

I do not mean to advocate a common church for mankind, a universal pattern to which every act of worship and aspiration must conform. The arrogant spirit of sectarianism which so often uses either active or passive, violent or subtle, methods of persecution, on the least provocation or without any, has to be reminded of the fact that religion, like poetry, is not a mere idea,—it is expression. The self-expression of God is in the variedness of creation; and our attitude towards the Infinite must in its expression also have a variedness of individuality, ceaseless and unending. When a religion develops the ambition of imposing its doctrine on all, it degrades itself into a tyranny and becomes a form of imperialism.

FASCISM IN RELIGION

This is why we find a ruthless method of Fascism in religious matters prevailing in most parts of the world, trampling flat the expansion of the spirit of man under its insensitive heels.

The attempt to make the one religion which is their own, dominate all time and space, comes naturally to men addicted to sectarianism. This makes it offensive to them to be told that God is generous in his distribution of love, and his means of communication with men have not been restricted to a blind lane abruptly stopping at one narrow point of history. If humanity ever happens to be overwhelmed with the universal flood of a bigoted exclusiveness, then God will have to make provision for another Noah's Ark to save his creatures from the catastrophe of spiritual desolation.

What I plead for is a living recognition of the neglected truth that the reality of religion has its basis in the truth of Man's nature in its most intense and universal need and so must constantly be tested by it. Where it frustrates that need, and outrages its reason, it repudiates its own justification.

A SPIRITUAL GENIUS

Let me conclude with a few lines from the great mystic poet of mediaeval India, Kabir, whom I regard as one of the greatest spiritual geniuses of our land:—

The jewel is lost in the mud,
And all are seeking for it;
Some look for it in the east, and
some in the West;
Some in the water and some
amongst stones,
But the servant Kabir has appraised it at its true value,
And has wrapped it with care
In a corner of the mantle of
his own heart.

ROMAIN ROLLAND'S MESSAGE

CALCUTTA, March 2.

When the Parliament of Religions re-assembled this evening the following message of Romain Rolland was read out:—

"You do not doubt that my thought is not present in your midst. I request you to be kind enough to communicate to the Parliament my fraternal greetings of sympathy and respect. No body has aspired more than myself during an entire life time to reconcile and unite among themselves all the great forces of human spirit, the energies of faith in universal life and of love working for all mankind. I am happy that such an Assembly of world unity has been placed under invocation of the Master of Love

Glands Made Young —Vigour Renewed Without Operation

If you feel old before your time or suffer from nerve, brain and physical weakness, you will find new happiness and health in an American medical discovery which restores youthful vigour and vitality quicker than gland operations. It is a simple home treatment in tablet form, discovered by an American Doctor. Absolutely harmless and easy to take, but the newest and most powerful invigourator known to science. It acts directly on your glands, nerves, and vital organs, builds new, pure blood, and works so fast that you can see and feel new body power and vigour in 24 to 48 hours. Because of its natural action on glands and nerves, your brain power, memory and eyesight often improve amazingly.

And this amazing new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs is guaranteed. It has been tested and proved by thousands in America, and is now available at all chemists here. Get Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs from your chemist today. Put it to the test. See the big improvement in 24 hours. Take the full bottle, which lasts eight days, under the positive guarantee that it must make you full of vigour, energy and vitality, and feel 10 to 20 years younger or money back on return of empty package. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you.

WELL-KNOWN HERBALIST IN BOMBAY

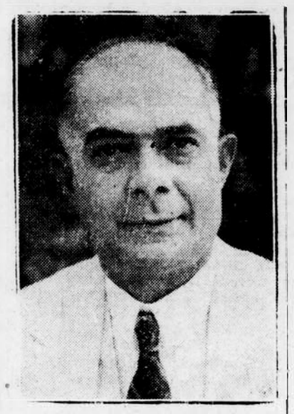
MR. MAHOMED ALLUM.

Mr. Mohamed Allum, who has lived abroad for the last 45 years, out of which long period he has been in Australia for about 35 years, arrived at Bombay a few days ago.

He has been described as a "Wonder Man," because of the astonishing cures with herbal medicines which he claims and because of his services being free to all.

Interviewed by our representative at the Royal Afghan Consulate, Mr. Allum said, "I have come here not to make money, but to awake you and to save you from injections and operations."

Mr. Allum is a life-member of the South Australian Ambulance Transport Corporation and was presented with a gold medal in 1935.



Mr. Justice M. A. Somjee, M.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, who has been appointed as an Additional Judge of the Bombay High Court in place of Mr. Justice Tyabji, commanded an extensive practice on the original side of the High Court.

He had a brilliant career in Elphinstone College, from where he graduated. He was the James Taylor Prizeman and a scholar. After obtaining the M.A. degree, he passed the LL B. examination in 1914, and set up practice in the Court of Small Causes. Six years later, he went to England and was called to the Bar in 1922.

For three years from 1929 he worked as a Professor in the Government Law College. He is a member of the Bombay Bar Council and is the first Khoja gentleman to be appointed as a Judge of the High Court. He is about 45 years of age.

PARLE PRIEST'S ATTACK

Describes Congress As Enemy Of God

(From A Correspondent)

The Congress is the enemy of God" has been the theme of the many sermons preached in some Roman Catholic Churches since the inauguration of the recent election campaign to the Legislative Assembly.

The elections are now over but the propaganda against the Congress does not seem to have abated. On the contrary, fanned with the fanaticism of a particular class of eclesiastical demagogues the fight is being maintained in the face of the fact that the Congress Party has been universally acknowledged as representatives of the people of India.

PULPIT AND POLITICS.

The pulpit is no place for the discussion of politics, and as a matter of the fact the Canon Law has laid it down that to disregard this mandate is a desecretion of the Church. Never the less from the suburb of Vile Parle, the voice of the padre in charge of the Chapel there, was raised in an astounding protest against the Congress and its leaders on Sunday.

Rev. Father Santoos, the padre, it is stated, denounced the Congress as the enemy of God and exhorted his flock to eschew the evil from their midst and rally round the banner of God to fight the enemy.

Strange as this may appear to those who are forbidden to think for themselves it is a glaring fact that the propaganda carried on in the Church is nauseating to the intelligent members of the congregation.

The padre warmed up to his topic with unusual vigour and even proceeded, it is stated, to warn his flock to desist from reading newspapers which lend their support to the Congress.

This pernicious propaganda is unbecoming of any temple of God and it is to be hoped that the authorities will now issue a fresh "hookum" to refrain from referring to politics in the course of their discourses from the pulpit.

Murder Case Conviction Confirmed

(From Our Correspondent)

SANGLI (By Mail).

The tribunal consisting of Khan Bahadur Sunawala, Rao Bahadur Patwardhan and Mr. Limaye, dismissed on 27th February the appeal preferred by Messrs. Joshi and Chavan, the accused in the Patwardhan murder case, against the conviction and sentences of 7 years' rigorous imprisonment passed on each, by Mr. Lambric, I.C.S. the specially appointed sessions Judge. The accused were charged with having disposed of the dead body fo Patwardhan, the deceased, who was their co-student and friend. The case had aroused a great deal of interest in this part of the province, and the decision of the appeal was therefore eagerly awaited.

"Help The Poor Front In Spain"

TAGORE'S APPEAL TO CONSCIENCE OF HUMANITY

This Devastating Tide Of International Fascism Must Be Checked

CALCUTTA, March 2.

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, President of the League against Fascism and War, has issued the following statement on the Spanish situation:—

"In Spain world civilisation is being menaced and trampled under foot. Against the Democratic Government of Spanish people Franco has raised the standard of revolt. International Fascism is pouring men and money in aid of the rebels. Moors and foreign legionaries are sweeping over beautiful plains of Spain, trailing behind death, hunger and desolation.

Madrid In Flames

"Madrid, the proud centre of culture and art, is in flames. Her priceless treasures of art are being bombed by rebels. Even hospitals and creches are not spared. Women and children are murdered, made homeless and destitute.

"This devastating tide of international Fascism must be checked.

"In this hour of supreme trial and suffering of Spanish people I appeal to the conscience of humanity.

Cry Halt To Reaction

"Help the poor front in Spain, help the Government of people, cry in million voice 'halt' to reaction, come in your millions to the aid of democracy to the succour of civilisation and culture".—United Press.

LEAGUE AGAINST FASCISM & WAR

Tagore As President Of Indian Committee

CALCUTTA, March 2.

The Indian Committee of League against Fascism and War has been formed with the following:—

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore (President), Prof. K. T Shah (Chairman), Mr. Soumyendranath Tagore (General Secretary), and Shreemati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. K. Santhanam, Mr. R. S. Ruikar, Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, Prof. N G. Ranga, Mr. S. A. Dange, Mr S. Zaheer, Mr Indulal Yagnik, Swami Sahajanand, Mr. Navakrishna Choudhury, Mr. Tusharkant Ghosh, Dr. Dhirendra Sen, Dr. Sumant Mehta, Mr. P. Y. Deshpande, Mr. Surendranath Goswami and Mian Iftikaruddin (members).—United Press

Madras High Court Appointments

MADRAS, March 3.

His Majesty the King has approved the appointment of Justice Alfred Henry Lionel Leach, Bar.-at-Law and Judge of the Rangoon High Court as Chief Justice of Madras High Court in place of Chief Justice Sir Owen Beasley, who retired on July 2.

Khan Bahadur Sir Mohamed Abdur Rahman, a practising barrister at the Punjab Chief Court, has been appointed Puisne Judge of Madras High Court in place of Justice H. D. Cornish, who retires on August 7.—A. P.

7 LABOURERS ENTOMBED

Tragic Quarry Accident In Jubbulpore

JUBBULPORE, March 3.

According to an Official information received here from Katni, a tragic quarry accident occurred on Friday last near village Salaiya in Jubbulpore District. Seven labourers met with instantaneous death, while eight others sustained grievous injuries.

Details available reveal that the labourers were working in a stone quarry belonging to Messrs. Dyer & Sons, when, due to overnight heavy rains, the stone slipped and entombed the workers. Seven persons were killed on the spot.

Official inquiry is proceeding.—United Press.

JUBBULPORE STRIKERS ADAMANT

JUBBULPORE, March 3.

The situation of the Jubbulpore Municipal Sweepers' strike remains unchanged. The strikers are adamant in their demands. The city presents a dirty and insanitary sight.

Efforts are being made to persuade the strikers to resume work.—United Press.

Beauty's Self And Sweet and Twenty

Blood full rich and Health in plenty!
Lips and Cheeks of Nature's Shade
That need no artificial aid
Bright, vivacious, happy, gay,
Her sparkling eyes enhance the day!
Her health, her smiles, her merry trills,
Her beauty comes from Beecham's Pills.

A Nightly Dose Of

Purely Vegetable

Beecham's PILLS

Will Conquer Scores of Daily Ills

TATAS AND LABOUR FEDERATION

Workers' Move For Hartal In Case No Recognition Is Granted

(From A Correspondent)

JAMSHEDPUR: March 2.

Jamshedpur factory labour congratulated successful members in the Legislative Assembly elections, in which the candidate of Labour Federation was returned by an overwhelming vote. Nine separate processions with several subsidiary ones with 25,000 terminated in a meeting which was addressed by Babu Patnaik, Sardar Roopsing and the President of the Labour Federation.

HARTAL PROPOSED.

Special emphasis was laid on now pending issue between workmen and the Tata Iron and Steel Company, viz. the question of recognition of Labour Federation by the Tata Steel Company. It was the general sense of the meeting that a 'hartal' should be declared in case the Tata Company failed or reduced to recognise the Federation, which 16,000 workmen of the Tata Company had joined as members out of its 18,000 working force.

Workmen are awaiting the Tata Steel Company's reply in respect of recognition of the Labour Federation.

AGREEMENT ON RUBBER IMPORT

RANGOON, March 2.

A communique says that the International Rubber Regulation Committee agree to Burma Rubber Licensing Committee importing Colonial rubber seed or budwood from Malaya on condition "inter alia" that the territory from which all high yielding planting materials are obtained must be notified to the International Rubber Regulation Committee and the Government of that country.

Permission to import the high yielding materials will remain operative until June 30, 1937.—A. P.

Sentence Reduced

ALLAHABAD, March 2.

The Allahabad High Court disposed of an appeal to-day reducing a sentence of 18 months' rigorous imprisonment passed on Mr. Krishna Chand Bangoria of Jhansi, to 7 months' rigorous imprisonment.

The case arose for Mr. Krishna Chand Bangoria's alleged uttering the following words "I have come to teach you rebellion" in the course a speech made before villager.. who were dissatisfied with the payment of compensation made for field firing.—United Press.

CHANGE IN IMPERIAL AIRWAY'S SCHEDULE

Brindisi-Paris Train Journey Eliminated

KARACHI, March 3.

The Imperial Airways announce that from the beginning of March the England-Egypt section of their Empire routes will be operated throughout by "C" class flying boats flying between Southampton and Alexandria via Marseilles and Brindisi. The train journey between Brindisi and Paris will therefore have been eliminated.

The schedule time for the Southampton-Alexandria journey is 2½ days (approximately 54 hours) and departure from London will be on Saturdays and Wednesdays as heretofore; in the reverse direction, the schedule time from Alexandria to Southampton is two days (approximately 41 hours), departures from Alexandria being on Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Passenger fares remain unchanged and include a train journey in a special Pulman car between Southampton and London.—A.P.

BARODA'S UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM

Government's Varied Relief Schemes

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA: (By Mail).

The Government of Baroda appointed a Committee to consider the recommendations in the Report of the Unemployment Committee, U.P. 1935, pertaining to unemployment among the educated young men in so far as they may be applicable to conditions in the State. The Committee, which was presided over by Mr. S.V. Mukerjee, the Revenue Commissioner,

GRADING NAGPUR ORANGES

Operations Commenced After Arrival Of Machine From England

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

The Director of Public Instruction, Central Provinces, acknowledges the generous donation of Rs. 3,000 given by the Berar King Edward Memorial Society, Amraoti, for the purchase of the science apparatus necessary for the opening of B. Sc. classes in the King Edward College, Amraoti.

Egyptian Delegation

The Egyptian Delegation which is visiting India to study the educational system specially of the Mussalmans paid a visit to Nagpur. Interviewed, Mr. Muhammad Habib Ahmad, Secretary of the Delegation, said that they regretted to observe that Arabic was treated in India as a dead language, like Latin or Greek or Sanskrit.

Grading Of Oranges

A fruit grading machine from England has been obtained and has commenced operating at Nagpur with a view to grade Nagpur Oranges into five different sizes. They will be packed in different baskets and will be supplied to important markets in India. At present the oranges are not selected according to sizes.

Ferozabad Riot Appeal Judgment

ALLAHABAD, March 2.

Judgment was delivered to-day by Justices Collister and Alsop of the Allahabad High Court in the Ferozabad communal riot case appeal acquitting 25 out of 33 Muslims sentenced to transportation for life, reducing the sentence of four and maintaining the transportation sentence in case of the remaining four.

It may be recalled that a communal riot took place at Ferozabad on the 15th April, 1935, when a Muharram procession and a Ramnavami procession were taken out, and 52 Muslims were originally tried of whom 33 were sentenced by the Sessions Judge to transportation for life and the rest were acquitted.—United Press.

Mr. J. Reid Kay has been returned uncontested to the Council of State in a bye-election caused by the resignation of Sir C. G. Arthur.

HEAVY EXPENDITURE ON BURMA POLICE

House Of Representatives Criticise Govt.

RANGOON, March 2.

The House of Representatives carried three token cuts, including one criticising the Government for incurring heavy expenditure on the police.

Supporters of the resolution said that in Burma they did not see any reason for keeping a large number of police officers to watch politicians and political suspects.

U Saw asked the House to throw out the budget in view of the unsatisfactory nature of the Reforms.

The Finance Member explained that if the demand was refused the Ministry for Home Affairs would be faced with a difficult problem on April 1, 1937. It would not be possible for the Minister to make a grant for charitable purposes nor would it be possible to pay salaries to employees of the subordinate establishments except those appointed by the Secretary of State.

SECRETARY OF BIHAR SOCIALIST PARTY ARRESTED

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, March 2.

Police arrested last night one Basawan Singh for failure to report himself in time at the police station as required according to the restrictions imposed on his movements under the Criminal Tribes Act.

He had been proclaimed along with, many others as member of Criminal Tribes. Basawan Singh came out of jail sometime last year after undergoing imprisonment in connection with some conspiracy case. He is the Point Secretary of the Bihar Provincial Congress Socialist Party.

Oxford University, taking full advantage of favourable conditions, have smashed their forty year old record by rowing from Chiswick Steps to Putney Bridge in 11 minutes, 9 seconds, which is 45 seconds better than the 1897 record.

TO INVESTIGATE ANTI-INDIAN DECREES IN ZANZIBAR

Kunzru's Resolution Stands For Meeting Of Council Of State

NEW DELHI, Mar. 3.

A resolution urging for the appointment of a committee to make detailed enquiries into the working of the B. N. Railway administration with a view to find out the cause of deficits year after year and to suggest ways and means to improve finances of that railway has been allotted by Mr. Mahapatra for the meeting of the Council of State on March 17.

Mr. Husain Imam comes next with his resolution urging the Government to make early announcement as to the action they intend to take on the recent Incometax Committee's Report. The next resolution stands in the name of Pt. Kunzru who recommends the Government to take steps to investigate again on the spot position of Indians in Zanzibar as affected by the recent anti-Indian decrees and to adopt such measures as may appear desirable in light fresh investigation to secure justice to Indian community.

Ray Choudhry has a resolution, fourth in the list, recommending, the Governor-General-in -Council to submit to the King Emperor the most earnest and humble prayer of the Council that His Majesty should graciously be pleased to send member of the Royal Family as the Viceroy and Governor-General of India when Federation will be introduced.

BENGAL GOVERNOR SEES PARTY LEADERS

CALCUTTA, March 3.

Tre Associated Press is authorised to announce that in pursuance of his policy of affording an opportunity to the leaders of various parties and groups in the new Legislature to give him a preliminary statement of their attitude towards formation of the new ministry His Excellency the Governor of Bengal granted interviews to-day to Mr. J. N. Basu, Mr. Eric Studd, Nawab Khwaja Habibullah Bahadur of Dacca and Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq.—A.P.

Widespread Rain In Punjab And Frontie

POONA March 3.

The western disturbance lies this morning as a low pressure area over West Rajputana and caused fairly widespread rain in North Baluchistan, North-West Frontier Province, North Punjab and Kashmir.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Sonamarg, Dras and Cherat one inch; Murree three quarters.

FORECAST.

Widespread rain is likely to occur in and near Western Himalayas.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 3-3-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.001 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 70.5 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 83.7 degrees 0.6 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 68.2 degrees 1.1 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 81 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 144 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 20 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10). 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 3-3-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 77.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.04 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.85 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Extension Of Bihar Council Chamber

PATNA, March 1.

To meet the increased requirements of the Bihar Legislatures with the inauguration of the new constitution to present Bihar Council Chamber is being extended, which when completed will accommodate both the Houses, the Bihar Legislative Assembly and the Bihar Legislative Council (Upper Chamber).

Two wings are being added to the present building in the northern side of whicr will be accommodatd the Upper House.

ASTHMA
ENDED IN 10 MINUTES

No Further Need to Gasp for Air

TEN MINUTES and the gasping, choking, fight for air is a thing of the past. ONE TABLET and the miracle of glorious relief is accomplished. ONE TABLET and all the torment that is Asthma vanishes! ONE TABLET and you begin to look and feel 10 years younger. Ephazone is a TESTED and PROVED remedy. Over 15,400 Doctors; over 1,000 Hospitals are convinced of its effectiveness; over 2 million sufferers have been given Asthma freedom. Why not YOU? Their plight was every bit as desperate as yours. Here's an example—"Having suffered from Chronic Asthma for 18 years I had given up all hope. In less than 20 minutes after taking one tablet I felt a new man—breathing with ease." (341). Ephazone is ECONOMICAL. It NEVER FAILS to act. You get the relief you pay for. Every tablet does its work—QUICKLY AND SAFELY. Ephazone CANNOT HARM THE HEART. Leading Hospitals and Government Institutions use Ephazone—including Brompton Hospital, Charing Cross Hospital, Guy's Hospital, Ministry of Pensions (Gt. Brit.) etc. VALUABLE FREE BOOK for every sufferer. Write NOW to address below. Ephazone is sold at Rs. 2, Rs. 5 and Rs. 10. For trial size send As 8 in stamps to K. L. Markon, Standard Buildings, Hornby Road, P.O Box 258, Bombay. (704

Skin Itch Cause Curbed Overnight

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs 'side and cause terrible Itching, Cracking, Eczema, Peeling, Burning, Acne, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Blackheads, Pimples, Foot Itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm, kills the germs the very first night and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble. The guarantee protects you.

We couldn't make them Better — so we made them Bigger.

and NOW they're Re 1/- for 50!

Wills's

CAPSTAN

NAVY CUT MEDIUM MAGNUMS

IMPORTED FROM LONDON

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON.

CAP/104

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 27 POINTS UP

Silver Strong And Wheat Steady

BOMBAY, Mar. 3.

On Wednesday crossrates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM.

New York cotton continued firm on tighter spot situation and foreign as well as domestic buying.

SILVER STRONG.

London gold was unchanged but silver was strong.

WHEAT STEADY.

Wheat was steady jute was firm. Rubber was quiet.

SECURITIES LOWER.

The London Stock Exchange was quiet and featureless with very little in news to attract attention. Giltedged were dull and somewhat lower.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1937

New York, Mar. 3.

Previous closing	13.00
To-day's opening	13.04
Difference	plus 04
To-day's closing	13.27
Difference	plus 27

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1937

Liverpool, Mar. 3.

Previous closing	7.21
To-day's opening	7.28
Difference	plus 07
To-day's closing	7.37
Difference	plus 16

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 235

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Mar. 3.

Cotton exhibited decidedly bullish sentiment to-day following continued strength of spot situation while the expanding world consumption and the possibility of crop control gave further impetus however the technical position of the market suffered in consequence of foreign speculative buying.

Trading in May commenced at 12.04 i.e. 4 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool and good foreign and domestic buying which readily absorbed few scattered hedge sales with May steadily rising to 13.14 on continued good demand.

New York cotton finally closed at 13.27 with a rise of 27 points for May delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Mar. 3.

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (12.90/12.88) 13.05/13.03
July (12.69/12.67) 12.85/12.81
October (12.16/12.15) 12.33/12.30

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Mar. 3.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American March (7.24) 7.30
American May (7.25) 7.32
Egyptian March (9.73) 9.93
Egyptian May (9.93) 10.03

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Mar. 3.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 234 and Rs. 231-12 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 233-8.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Mar. 3.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1 1/4) 1-1 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-7) 1-7
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 3/4) 1-2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3 1/2) 2-4 1/2

JUTE

New Crop March April (£19 3/16) £19 5/16 buyers.
Dunlop March (£22 1/4) £22 1/4
Lightning March (£20 1/2) £20 1/2 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (10 13/16 value) 10 3/4 buyers.
Forward April June (10 7/8) paid and sellers) 10 13/16 paid and value.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay March April (£14 sellers) £14 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta March (£13 15/16 sellers) £14 1/16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata March (£11 7/8 sellers) £11 7/8 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal April (£15 3/16 sellers) £15 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Mar. 3.

Liverpool wheat opened firm with March at 103 1/2 and May 105 1/2. Trade was again active on continued outside purchases with considerable covering by shorts on reports of good sales of plate thereafter the market turned irregular with rates moving in a narrow margin but the undertone kept very steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

Bombay, Mar. 3.

May 1937 Delivery

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 10 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 10 3
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7 11 0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 11 3

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Mar. 3.

Previous closing	4.89 1/32
To-day's opening	4.89 1/32
To-day's closing	4.88 7/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Mar. 3.

Previous closing	4.89.02
To-day's opening	4.89.06
To-day's closing	4.88 31/32

FRANC RATE

London, Mar. 3.

Previous closing	105.14
To-day's opening	105.14
To-day's closing	105.13
Difference	—.01

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Mar. 3.

The London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.89.06 and then fell to 4.89.02 on lack of support with no important movement subsequently.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.88 31/32.

Franc opened at 105.14 and continued practically stationary.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 105.13.

CROSS RATES

London, Mar. 3.
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.936) 7.936
New York on Bombay (36.94) 36.95
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 3/4) 0.91 3/4
London on Milan (92.90) 92.90
London on Shanghai (1-2 5/8) 1-2 5/8
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

London, Mar. 3.

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

LONDON METALS

London, Mar. 3.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£241 1/2 buyers £244 3/4 sellers. Steady) £250 1/4 buyers £250 1/2 sellers. Strong.
Lead (£31 5/8 buyers £31 3/4 sellers. Steady) £32 3/8 buyers £32 7/16 sellers. Firm
Electrolytic Copper (£72 1/2 to £74 1/2) £73 1/2 to £75 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Mar. 3.

The following cable information was received here to-night from London.

"India bought. Sellers were reserved. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Mar. 3.

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 1/4d.	20 7/16d.
Forward	20 1/16d.	20 1/4d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Mar. 3.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-2-2 1/2) £7-2-2 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Mar. 3.
11-0 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	53 12 6
Silver 1st settlement	51 4 0
Silver 2nd settlement	51 10 9
Gold ready	35 2 9
Gold 1st settlement	35 2 6
Gold 2nd settlement	35 2 3
Sovereigns	22 8 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Mar. 3.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat May	5 8 6
Wheat September	5 7 0
Linseed May	7 9 6
Linseed September	7 13 9

AHMEDABAD SHARE BAZAR

(From Our Correspondent.)

Ahmedabad, Mar. 3.

The following are the closing quotations of the share bazar:

Ashok 215, Aryodaya Spinning 228/2, Calico 524/6, Gujarat Cotton 27/8, Jubili 149/6, Marsdan 68/2, Motibhai Hirabhai 53/2, Monogram 45/10, Rajanagar 327/8.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Mar. 3.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper quoted at Rs. 94-9-0 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 5 p.m. was Rs. 93-7-0.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	95 2 0
Highest	95 3 0
Lowest	93 4 0
Closing	93 7 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Mar. 3.

The 3 1/2 p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £91 as against the previous closing at £91 3/8.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Mar. 3.
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£91 1/4 Ex Div) £91
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£114) £114
4 per cent Indian 194 8-53 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112) £112
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 3/4) £102 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108) £108

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£78 1/2 Ex Div) £77
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/8) £101 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 3/8) £107 1/2
5 per cent Funding Loan (£112 5/8) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103 3/8) £102 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 7/8) £109 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Mar. 3.
3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were quiet and price movements rather irregular. Giltedgeds were dull. Coppers and rubbers were steady. Internationals were firmer on better Wall Street advices.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (18-0) 18-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (83-9) 83-1 1/2
Hydro Electric (12-4 1/2) 12-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (53-6) 52-9
Musical Industries (24-3) 24-3
Imperial Chemical (40-1 1/2) 40-1 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (82-6) 81-3
Realisation 1930 (99-3) 99-3
Dunlop Rubber (34-0) 33-6
Unilever Ordinary (43-9) 44-4 1/2
Ford Motors (52-0) 32-0
Cables and Wireless (£9 7/8) £9 7/8
British American Tobacco (125-0) 123-1 1/2
Carreas A (£8) £8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (155-7 1/2) 153-1 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (34-3) 33-9
Distillers (108-6) 107-6
Bredford Dyers (£11 1/4) £11 1/4
British Celanese (£10 1/2) £10 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (50-4 1/2) 50-4 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (53-0) 53-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (13-0) 12-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (35-6) 35-6
Inter Nickels (73-1 1/2) 73-10 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (68-3) 70-0
Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Donaro Tea (50-0) 50-0
Empire of India (32-6) 32-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (48-0) 48-0
Gula Kelampong (61-3) 66-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (45-9) 45-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (63-9) 65-0
Burma Corporation (19-6) 19-6
Rio Tintos (£30 1/8) £30 1/8
East Rand Proprietors (77-0) 78-3
Rand Mines (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 7/8) £14 7/8
Gedule New (£10 1/4) £10 1/4
New Modders (£31 1/4) £31 1/4
Sub Nigel (£11 7/8) £12
Spring Mines Split Shares (38-1 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£11 1/8) £11 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (64-4 1/2) 63-9
Anglo Iranian (128-9) 128-9
Burma Oil (120-0) 118-9
Musical Eagle (28-3) 27-6
Shell Transport (£142 1/2) £142 1/2
Royal Dutch (£50) £50

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£58 1/4) £58 1/4
L and S Ordinary (£28 3/4) £28 3/4
L N E R Defd (£5 1/8) £5 1/8
Southern Dutch (£22 7/8) £22 7/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£122 1/2) £125
London Transport 'C' Stock (£92 1/2) £92 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Mar. 3.

The following were to-day's opening rate:—

General Motor (dol 65 1/2) dol 68
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 64 1/4) dol 65 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 115 5/8) dol 120 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 146) dol 146 1/2

FURTHER RISE IN STEEL SHARES

Indecive Trend In Giltedgeds

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

London, Mar. 3.

On the Stock Exchange the indecisive trend in Giltedgeds was reflected in other sections wherein price movements were mostly narrow and irregular. Indian iron-steels exceptionally featured rising from 66/3 to 71/10 while among internationals U S steel jumped another 5 points to 123 1/2.

In commodities cotton was higher on speculative buying based on the conviction of its undervaluation relative with other armament commodities. Tin was strong on United States trade buying.

Wall Street was firm.

JUTE SHARES FAIRLY STEADY

Coals Firm And Teas Active

CALCUTTA, Mar. 3.

In jutes there was not much business passing although the undertone kept fairly steady. Coals were firm and large volume of business was put through. Teas were active. In miscellaneous Indian iron and steels ruled strong while coppers, dunlop rubbers, mining shares and Midnapore zemindary were a turn better. Government securities were slightly quieter. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Two and threefourth per cent 1948/52 99/14, three per cent loan 1941 104/2 small lots, three per cent paper 89/2 small lot, four per cent loan 1943 109/6 small lot, five per cent loan 1945/55 118/7 small lot, three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 105, four per cent loan 1960/70 112/2, five and a half per cent loan 1938/40 105/8.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1523 small odd lot, Reserve Bank 130.

Railways:—Arrah Sasaram Rly 65 small lot.

Cottons:—Elgin 131/8, Dunbar 155, Dunbar pref 205, Kesoram 5/10, New Victoria 1/10 small lot, New Victoria pref 4/8.

Coals:—Amalgamated 28/7, small lot, Bengal 340, Bansra 5, Bhulanbararee 12/2, Bokaro and Ramgur 18/8, Burrakur 18/4, Burra Dhemo 4/13, Bhalgora 4/3, East Indian 21/8, Equitable 38/8, Equitable new 37, Deoli 7/12, Dhemo Main 10/12, Hurriladih 17, Muardi 2/4, Lakurna 4/12, Mudulpore 8/8, Nazira 11/8, Parasea 2/3, Rewa 27/6, Raneegunge 38/12, small lot, Satpukuria and Asansol 1/10, Samla 3/3, Seebpore 21/2 small lot premium, South Karanpura 8/10, Talcher 2/14.

Jutes:—Agarpara 20/8, Auckland 184, Birla 18/4, Howrah 53/6, Anglo India 388, Albion 240, Budge Budge 295, Craig pref 61 small lot, Kamarhaty 528, Kanknarrah 429 small lot.

Miscellaneous:—Burma corporation 13/15, Consolidated tin 8/9, Indian copper 5, Rhodesia copper 4/12, Tavoy tin 5/4, Reliance Firebricks 14/12, Agra electric 155, Bhagalpore electric 10/5, Patna electric 19/12 small lot, Dacca electric 19/12 small lot, Jorhat electric 10/4, Braithwaite 13/2, Burn and Co., ord 361, Hukumchand electric 11/8, Indian iron and steel 49/8, Indian Galvanizing 17/8, small lot, Kimardhubi engineering ord 613, pref Kumardhubi pref 143/8, Marshalls 3/6, small lot, Saran engineering 10/12, steel products 5/14, Triton Insurance 282, B. I. Corporation ord 4/8, B. I. Corporation pref 153, Dunlop rubber 31/8, Indian cables 19, Indian wood products 2, Ganges rope 350, Kalimpong Ropeway 15/14, Indo Burma petroleum pref 120, Molla oil 3/7, British Ceylon corporation 7/2, India paper bulp 168, Midnapore Zeminary 100, Bengal timber 265, India General Navigation 137.

Rubbers:—Bigwarrah 18/8, Ayer Panas 2.12 1/2 cts, Kedah 3.12 1/2 cts.

Teas:—Bateli 6/10, Eastern Cachar 12/12, East India 12/4, Bishnauth 28/12, Dhunseri 3/8, Dhunseri pref 3/7, Hansqua 12/10, Hattikhira 27/12, Kaliti 13, Loobah 6/6, Sonai river 24/12, Sapoi 1/2, Tezpore ord. 10 small odd lot.

Debentures:—Three and quarter per cent Rangoon Municipal 98 small lot.—A. P.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, Mar. 3.

Closing quotations:—

Cotton Sind March 23/3/6, May 22/14/6.
Panjab March 19/5/9, May 19/6/6.
Desi American March 24/2/6, May 24/6/6 strong. Good demand.
Wheat March 31/2, July 29/3/9 steady. Offices bought.
Toria March 39/4/6, May 40, July 40/11/6.
Gram July 21/3.
Cottonseed March 17/0/3, May 17/8, May 17/14/6.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 2-3-37	5850000	6230000
Receipts Yesterday 2-3-37	14000	11000
Exports to date 2-3-37	4084000	4489000
Stock at Ports 26-2-37	2180000	2465000
Stock at Interior Towns 26-2-37	1877000	2124000
Stock at Liverpool 26-2-37	929000	716000
Visible Supply 26-2-37	5603000	6244000
Quantity in sight 26-2-37	11039000	10618000
Quantity out of sight 26-2-37	8688000	7480000

Jain Nun Initiates Minor Girl

(From Our Correspondent.)

DHRANGADRA. (By Mail.)

At last, after great excitement and resistance by the public, the minor girl, Subhadra, has been recently initiated by a Jain nun.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 26th day of February 1937.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	14,36,08,000
Notes in circulation	193,93,12,000
Total Notes issued	208,29,20,000
Total Liabilities	208,29,20,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,55,19,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	77,30,98,000
Total of A.	121,73,15,000
B. Rupee Coin	62,18,73,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	24,37,32,000
Total Assets	208,29,20,000

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 26th February 1937.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	16,60,07,000
(b) Banks	19,64,80,000
(c) Others	53,04,000
Bills Payable	9,97,000
Other Liabilities	54,34,000
Rupees	41,42,22,000

xIncludes £.76,100 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Notes	14,36,08,000
Rupee Coin	5,59,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,05,000
Bills Discounted:—	
Balances held abroad*	25,12,35,000
Other Loans and Advances	1,10,000
Investments	7,37,52,000
Other Assets	46,53,000
Rupees	47,42,22,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

REVEALING FIGURES

Merchandise Exported from Japan in 5 months ending May 31st 1936.

	1936	1935	1934
British India yen	99,000,910	108,189,073	89,683,863
Dutch India yen	47,212,267	53,386,576	60,512,262
Great Britain	52,332,094	41,934,759	42,118,321
Grand Total for the World	1,009,503,811	981,943,749	819,723,670

Approximately yen 100 equal Rs. 78.

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday, the 3rd March 1937, tenders to the amount of £.1,295,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and accepted in full.

£.1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 10th March 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, March 2

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Ame Power and Light Com	13
Ame Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	64
Electric Power and Light	24
Electric Bond Common	25
Columbia Gas	17
American Tel and Tel	179
Western Union Telg	77
Baltimore and Ohio Railway	30
New York Central Railway	45 7/8
Pennsylvania Railway	43
Southern Pacific Railway	57
National Steel	91
Amr Rolling Mills	38
St Regis Paper	9
Bethelehem Steel	97
Republican Steel	37
United States Steel	119
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	18
Amr Car Foundry	67
Anaconda Copper Mining	65 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	72
Thompson Products	26
Chrysler	131
General Motors	68 1/4
Packard Motor	12
General Electric	61 1/4
Consolidated Oil	16
St Oil of N J	73
Soconv	18 7/8
Chase Bank	60 1/2
National City Bank	57 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	775
Amr Celanese	35
R C A	11
Youngstown Sheet	72
Crucible Steel	77
Northern S Power A	36

Market strong. Steels leading. Motors and Rails following. Amr. Celanese has declared a dividend of 75 cents.

Mr. Shankerbhai Haribhai of Delol has been elected a member of the Panch Mahals District School Board at the by-election held to fill up the vacancy caused by the disqualification of Mr. Marutising Chhatrasing Thakore of Kalol, (Congress).

(Continued from Col. 7).

From Oslo: 1063 cases paper; 1833 cases nails; 600 bds woodpulp.

From Hamburg: 65 cases paper; 49 cases window glass; 25 cases tin ware; 72 cases pad locks; 500 cases nails; 61 bds. steel; 52 cases machinery; 103 cases stoves; 40 cases plywood; 450 pees Ashenlog; 48 drums chemicals.

From Antwerp: 250 cases colour; 16 cases paper; 400 rolls wire; 300 pees empty cylinders; 58 bds boards.

From Rotterdom: 50 cases art silk yarn; 16 cases paper; 690 bags starch.

From Port Sudan: 250 bales cotton raw.

From Lisbon: 64 cases corks.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Mar. 3.

J F ss City of Kobe of 2743 reg tons Capt. J Baker arrived from Dunkerk via Middlesbrough Hull and Port Said with general cargo.

L T ss Conte Rosso of 9309 reg tons Capt. G Fabris arrived from Shanghai via Hongkong Saigon Singapore Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

Scindia Steam Nvg. ss Jalayamuna of 3080 reg tons Capt P L Matches arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Tuticorin, Trivandrum, Alleppey, Cochin, Ponani, Calicut, Badagra, Tellicherry and Cannanore with rice and general cargo.

BISN ss Gandara of 3190 reg tons Capt W G Readman arrived from Mombassa with cargo of cotton cashew nuts and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

L T ss Conte Rosso of 9909 reg tons Capt. G Fabris sailed for Trieste via Massowah with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N ss Bankura of 1896 reg tons Capt. A A Lewis sailed for Basra via Verawal, Karachi, Kathiawar Coast Ports, Persian Gulf Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N ss Takliwa of 3742 reg tons Capt. O W A W Hall sailed for Durban via Porebunder East and South African Ports with passengers and local cargo.

M B Kaisha's ss Kenkon Maru of 2721 reg tons Capt. S Adachi sailed for Kobe via Cutch, Mandvi, Marmagoa, Karachi with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following steamer booked for Loading on 3-3-37.

S S Frienfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, Mar. 3.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

2 City of Kobe 2743 Karachi 6-3 J F
3 Ginyo Maru 6128 Kobe 12-3 N Y Kaisha
4 Rotenfels 4654 Bremen 4-3 L E
5 Britania 5281 11-3 Liverpool Grahams Trading.
6 Liebenfels 3852 Karachi 5-3 L E
7 Clan Macindoe 2775 Bhavnagar 4-3 J Finlay
8 Chitral 8773 London N F M M
9 Binefield 3170 Mombassa 6-3 M M
11 Watchtfels 5208 Antwerp 4-3 L E
12 City of Canterbury 5290 Karachi 5-3 K Nixon
14 Takliwa 3742 Durban 3-3 M M
15 Manela 5041 Antwerp 10-3 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Bankura 1986 P Gulf 3-3 M M
4 Varela 1926 Busrah 4-3 M M
5 Costcappelle 348 Malabar Coast 3-3 M S N
8 Gharinda 3212 Bhavnagar 4-3 M M
9 Pundit 3199 Rangoon 5-3 T M
10/11 Talamba 3844 Calcutta 4-3 MM

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Jalaratna 2326 Rangoon 7-3 S S N
N/O Jalayamuna 3080 N F 5-3 S S N

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Burdwan 3-3-37 M M
Strathmore 4-3-37 P & O
Kaisar-i-Hind 11-3-37 P & O

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Simla 13-3-37 K N
Elysia 8-3 Graham Trading
Clan Ogilvy 7-3-37 J Finlay
City of Perth 14-3-37 K N

FROM NEW YORK

City of Worcester 12-3-37 F F Campoell
Yomachichi 8-3-37 L Edward
Alamkerk 13-3-37 L Edward
Wartenfels 15-3-37 L Edward
Kandelfels 16-3-37 L Edward

FROM OSLO

Sumatra 9-3-37 L Edward
Agra 18-3-37 L Edward

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Koshim Maru 11-3 O S K
Tokiwa Maru 18-3 N Y K
Kofuku Maru 20-3 N Y K
Buyo Maru 22-3 O S K
Borneo Maru 26-3 O S K
Mirzapore 8-3 P and O
Bhutan 14-3 P and O

FROM SYDNEY

Maloja 27-3 P and O

FROM AKYAB

Howra 6-3-37 M M

FROM JAVA.

Silvery 10-3 Vol Bros.

FROM BASSEIN

Haresfield 11-3-37 M M

FROM BASRA

Bandra 11-3-37 M M
Barpeta 4-3 M M
Vasna 7-3 M M
Varsowa 13-3 MM and Co.

FROM DURBAN

Rina Curaddo 8-3-37 L Triestino
Kenya 6-3 M M

FROM KARACHI

Fraunfels 5-3-37 L Edward
Vita 4-3-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Chitral 13-3 37 P and O
Kaisar-I-Hind 20-3-37 P and O
Maloja 27-3-37 P and O
Naldera 20-3 P & O
Strathmore 6-3-37 P & O

FOR GERMANY

Rotenfels 5-3-37 L Edward
Freunfels 14-3 L Edward

FOR LIVERPOOL

Elysia 31-3-37 Grahams
City of Benares 8-3-37 Killick
Britania 11-3 G Trading
Tascania 25-3-37 G Trading.

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 25-3 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 2-3 L Triestino

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Hayes 22-3-37 F F Campbell
Pres Wilson 21-3-37 F F Campbell
Silver Pine 3-3 V Brothers
City of Worcester 14-3 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Tokiwa Maru 21-3-37 N Y K
Calcutta Maru 23-3-37 N Y K
Koshin Maru 25-3-37 O S K
Kofuku Maru 31-3-37 N Y K
Conte Rosso 30-3-37 L T
Victoria 16-3-37 L Triestino
Shunko Maru 9-3 O S K
Genyo Maru 22-3 N Y K
Hague Maru 14-3 O S K

FOR BASRA

Varela 4-3 M M
Bankura 3-3 M M

FOR KARACHI

Vita 6-3-37 M M
Liebenfels 6-3-37 Lionel E

FOR DURBAN

Tairea 31-3-37 M M
Benfield 6-3-37 M M
Kanya 17-3-37 M M

FOR RANGOON

Jalaratna 7-3-37 S S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Talamba 3-3 M M

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Aludra 27-2-37
S S Hilda 27-2-37
S S Rotenfels 27-2-37
S S Hague Maru 2-3-37
S S Pundit 1-3-37
S S Vareia 1-3-37
S S Bankura 1-3-37
S S Mooltan (boat) 1-3-37
S S Netravati 1-3-37
S S Sonavati 1-3-37

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Mar. 3.

S S Strathmore for London: 138 cases bristles B P Hayby; 13 bales animal skins M Esmail; 25 bales animal skins D Abraham; 42 bags almond kernals D Abraham; 100 bags dry ginger A P Gupta; 2440 bags groundnut kernels S M Rajgor; 17 bales woollen carpets M M; 20 cases bristles M M; 196 cases walnuts kernels M M; 3 bales animal skins M M 10 bales animal skins Ralli Bros.; 1000 bags lentiles Cotton Agents; 14 bales woollen numdas Cox and Kings; 5 cases bristles Cox and Kings; 1232 bags myrabollam H Bhagvandas; 50 bags coffee Thos Cook; 6 cases brass ware Thos Cook; 2156 bags myrabollam J Moolchand; 35 bales animal skins Grindlay.

For Marseilles: 2070 bags castor seed Cotton Agents.

S S Manela for Hull: 2000 bags ground nut cakes Kishan Prasad; 8000 bags cotton seed Ralli Bros.

For Antwerp: 400 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.

For London: 22 bales woollen rags Overseas Cotton Waste; 616 bags myrabollam J Moolchand; 24 bales animal skins Thos Cook

S S Britannia for Liverpool: 4000 bags myrabollam C Jivanlal; 214 bags kang S M Rajgor; 55 bales hemp raw K G Kapadia; 50 bales cotton waste B Karsondas; 131 bales cotton raw Langley.

For Marseilles: 6300 bags castor seed K Devchand; 20 bags gum olibonum Ipea.

Rotenfels for Antwerp: 6000 bags groundnut oil cakes A Oomerbhoy; 22 bales cotton yarn A Virji.

For New York: 67 bags gum olibonum B Jaffar.

For Hamburg: 300 bags gum olibonum E Valimohamad; 30 bales cotton fly L O Vora.

For Ghent: 110 bales cotton raw H Nensey.

For Salonica: 39 bags groundnut seed R Shantilal.

For Sevilla: 24 cases dry guts D Abraham.

For Rotterdam: 2666 bags gingelly seed Oil Seeds Tdg.

S S C/O Canterbury for Marseilles: 56 bales hump raw T Dawoodbhai.

Frienfels for Hamburg: 103 bales cotton waste C Jairam; 55 bales cotton raw Holindia Cotton.

For Oporto: 200 bales cotton raw B Cursondas.

For Gothenburg: 29 bales cotton waste C Jairam.

For Bremen: 50 bales cotton waste C Jairam.

For Rotterdam: 1318 bags gingelly seed Cotton Agents.

S S Silverpine for New York: 20 bags cotton rags Overseas Cotton Waste; 110 bags henna leaves S M Rajgor; 81 bales jute rags Overseas Cotton Waste; 715 bags plantogo seed D Abraham; 25 bags fragrant roots D Abraham; 3200 bags myrabollam G Moolchand; 41 cases cotton goods Cox and Kings; 3 bales animal skins Cox and Kings; 140 bags sandalwood S Nowroji.

For Baltimore: 9 bales woollen numdas Cox and Kings.

For Boston: 200 bales cotton raw T Clayton.

S S Barowan for Vanconver: 15 cases condemmts M M Poonjiaji.

For Hongkong: 345 bags gum olibonum Jethabhoy; 26 bags fishmones R Dhanji; 14 bags shark fins R Dhanji; 25 gottas ooplates E S A Kayum.

For Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 100 bales cotton raw A Podar; 100 bales cotton raw N Nagsi; 100 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 100 bales cotton raw B Harakhchand; 100 bales cotton raw S Karamshi; 100 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan; 150 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Tdg. Co.

For Shanghai 60 bags sandalwood S Nowroji.

For Usaka: 150 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.

Kenkon Maru for Kobe: 7 tons steel scrap M B Kaisha; 100 bales cotton raw K Poonja; 100 bales cotton raw G Dossa.

For Osaka: 400 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.

Ginyo Maru for Yokohama: 130 tons iron scrap Faiz.

For Kobe: 800 bales cotton raw A Podar; 200 bales cotton raw P Madhavani; 100 bales cotton raw C Jethabhai; 1500 bales cotton raw N Nagsi; 100 bales cotton raw Habib; 300 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 800 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 200 bales cotton raw Sassoon J David; 300 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 600 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan; 3000 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 1650 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton; 200 bales cotton raw Nissho Co. 300 bales cotton raw Langley; 400 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Osaka: 500 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha; 500 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton; 600 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 300 bales cotton raw Langley; 400 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Yokkaichi: 100 bales cotton raw N Nagsi; 200 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton; 1000 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha.

For Nagasaki: 100 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 500 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.

IMPORTS.

S S Baroda Agents M M from Bushire: 100 bags gum; 455 bags almonds; 30 carboys rose water.

From Bahrein: 30 bags dry sates; 2 tins gold; 1 tin pearls.

From B. Abboo: 82 bags raisins; 32 bags p seeds.

From Koweit: 2 bds. specie; 1 bds. gold.

From Muscat: 1 bdle specie; 2 bds. gold; 2 bds. silver; 225 bags sardines; 881 bags dry dates; 81 bags wet dates; 76 crts pomegranates.

S S Tejuca Agents L Edwards from Gothernburg: 1171 cases paper; 30 bales leather boards; 1839 cases nails; 50 cases stoves; 85 cases woodpulp boards.

(Continued in Col. 5).

Heavy Trade Buying In Cotton

SCARCITY OF CONTRACTS

Cotton Under Influence Of Armament

Bombay, March 3

The cotton market was hesitant due to reactionary sentiment after the recent advance but late heavy trade buying raised prices. There was scarcity of contracts.

The market opened very steady and advanced on trade and foreign buying, steady Liverpool and firm spot situation. Prices later reached on realising and hedge selling. Ten March notices were stopped by a leading spot house and support for March checked the decline. The market advanced on trade buying of near months and strength of the stock market.

At the opening May was quoted 2 points down at 12.88, but declined to 12.84 on realising and this proved to be the lowest level for the day. Later on there was active buying and prices rose to 13.00. This was the highest level for the day and the market closed at a net rise of 10 points but distant months were 2 points down. Spot cotton prices closed 10 points up at 13.60c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 13 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 13.34c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points with May 7.26. Large world consumption estimated induced further speculative buying but met new high levels attracted profit-taking. Later on there was local support of near positions on small tenders, but prices eased of on profit taking and local liquidation. The offtake was poor apart from trade calling. The market closed at a net decline of one to three points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced one point at 7.20d.

EGYPTIAN MARKET

The Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet and Sakels futures closed 7 to 4 points down. Uppers futures closed 5 points up to 8 points down.

The Alexandria market was quiet and Sakels futures closed 15 to 8 points down while Ashmouni futures advanced 8 to 17 points.

MANCHESTER CHEERFUL

Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson state:—Accounts from Manchester are still quite cheerful in their tenor and, although actual trade has undoubtedly been reduced in volume, it is, as we have said above, mainly due to the fact that neither spinners nor manufacturers can give the delivery which most of their customers require.

OVERSEAS MOVEMENT

The nearer months have eased sympathetically with the movement overseas and there is also a feeling that some of the most undesirable cotton which was tendered in January will be placed on docket on the March position, and until the bulk of this finds a permanent home it will certainly exert some influence on the immediately near positions. With regard to the two crops we thought last week that there was rather too much confidence about the buying that was going on of months like May and July against sales of next crop options. The premium has, however, now narrowed quite appreciably, and unless some striking development takes place in the policy which is controlling the Loan cotton, we do not think that the relative easing of the present crop will go materially further.

The parity between here and the American Exchanges has narrowed somewhat, but as this has been running on very wide lines latterly it is only natural, that, with the lessened trade support here, this should take place.

MODERATE SELLING

A moderate amount of selling has also been witnessed against purchases of Broach in Bombay. This parity has been running on wide lines and at around 175 points apart for July here against July August Broach, it looks rather attractive to us to sell in this market and buy in Bombay.

Broadly speaking, we do not look for any material change. Any definite rise will, we think, meet increased offers; on the other hand, it must not be overlooked that the market has reacted more than 20 points per lb. from the top rates touched recently and probably purchases made on easy markets at present will pay, providing that those entering into such an operation are content with moderate gains. In other words, it seems to us that, for the time being, sales are advisable on strong markets and purchases on weak ones until fresh reasons for a definite trend make their appearance.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 13.00 plus 10 (2-57 p.m.)

New York May lowest 12.84—06 (11-5 a.m.)

Liverpool May highest 7.27 plus 05

Liverpool May lowest 7.20 —02

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable:—

Their New York Agents cabled as under:

Advance due largely strength nears reflecting scarcity spots plus discounting eventual advances on World Rearmament programme.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:

Continued price fixing nears.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: New York cables, cotton firm. Spot situation dominates the market. Demand broadening.

Liverpool: Tone reactionary on general profit taking. Looks like technical correction after recent steady advance. European political tension appears to be becoming increasingly acute.

New York: Trade both foreign and domestic buying. Some speculative buying nears. Contracts scarce with light hedging and profit taking.

New York: Persistent trade buying of old crop months. May and July appear likely to follow March. Indications seem to favour a continuation of the advance.

New York: Demand is principally for the old crop. Textile reports are very favourable, with a buoyant demand for goods. In the market's present temper, a further advance would not be surprising.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 2

May	13.00 plus 10
July	12.74 plus 08
October	12.19 plus 07
December	12.10 plus 05
January	12.08 plus 03
February	12.08—02
Middling Spot	13.60 plus 10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, March 2

March	13.23 plus 13
May	12.94 plus 09
July	12.70 plus 07
Middling Spot	13.34 plus 07

NEW YORK

New York, March 2

11-00 A.M. RANGES—

May	12.86/12.85
July	12.63/12.63
October	12.12/12.11

NOON CALL—

May	12.85
July	12.63

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, March 2

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	14,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	22,000 bales.
Day's exports to the Continent	1,000 bales.
Day's exports to China and Japan	13,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, March 2

March	7.20 plus 01
April	7.20 —01
May	7.21 —01
June	7.18 —02
July	7.17 —01
August	7.02 —01
September	6.89 —01
October	6.81—02
November	6.76 —03
December	6.75 —03
January	6.75 —02
February	6.74 —02
March	6.74 —02
Middling Spot	7.52 plus 08
10-12 a.m. quotations	
May	7.26
July	7.21

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, March 2

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—	
March	9.57
May	9.92
July	9.96
September	9.96
F G F SPOT	10.28

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, March 2

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	5.70
Fine (good staple)	5.55
Superfine (good staple)	6.00
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.72
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.87
Choice (No. 1 staple)	6.02
BENGAL—	
Good	4.75
Fully Good	4.85
Fine	4.97

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, March 2

Broach A/M 1937 opening 228 1/2; highest 229 1/4; lowest 228; closing 228

Broach J/A opening 232 1/4; highest 232 3/4; lowest 231 1/2; closing 231 1/2

Oomra March opening 209 1/2; highest 211; lowest 209 1/4; closing 209 1/2

Oomra May opening 210; highest 212; lowest 210; closing 210 1/4

Oomra July opening 211 1/4; highest 213 1/4; lowest 211 1/4; closing 212

Bengal March opening 182 1/2; highest 183 1/4; lowest 181; closing 182

Bengal May opening 183 3/4; highest 184 1/4; lowest 183 1/4; closing 183 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-3-37) Rs. 5 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/M (31-3-37) Rs. 6 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (30-6-37) Rs. 14 1/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, March 2

Bank bills 3 months market rate Unchanged

Bank bills 6 months market rate Unchanged

Fine trade bills 3 months market rate Unchanged

Fine trade bills 6 months market rate Unchanged

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent

Interest 7 days market loan [illegible] cent

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, March 2

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£71
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 ex dividend	£78 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later ex dividend	£91 3/8
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent ex dividend	£77 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£101 3/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£103
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£112 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£16 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£113 1/2
National Bank of India	£47 1/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 2

T T London on:—	
New York	4.89.2
Paris	105.14
Berlin	12.16 1/4
Madrid	72.50
Amsterdam	8.93
Brussels	29.02 1/4
Milan	92.90
Berne	21.43 3/8
Prague	140.12

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 3

Following a rise of 10 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 229/8 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 229 on realising. At this level there was active buying and prices advanced to Rs 230/4 but later prices remained steady with some profit taking.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 8 points and the local market was steady at Rs. 230. New buyers were few as the recent rise is believed to induce some liquidation. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M	231	4	0
Broach J/A	235	0	0
Oomra March	212	8	0
Oomra May	213	4	0
Oomra July	214	8	0
Bengal March	184	4	0
Bengal May	185	8	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Mar. 3.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	...	191	188	185	182
Punjab	...	191	188	185	182
Oomra No. 3	220	217	214	211	...
C.P. No. 1	232	229	226	223	...
C.P. No. 2	224	221	218	215	...
Broach No. 2	...	233	231	229	227
Khandesh	213	210	207	204	...

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Mar. 3.

500 Langli and Co. Bhilwara 36 off
107 Langli and Co. Aurangabad 207 1/2
100 Gill and Co. Derol 9 on
115 Narshi Nagshi Gulabpura 190 1/2
100 N. Fatehalli Manwathroad 10 off
92 Arjun Khimji Nandgaon 203 3/4
50 Arjun Khimji Nandgaon 7 off
41 Raili Bros Amraoti Bhavbhav
52 A. Damodar Bolda 206 3/8
50 Samji Karamshi Kudchi old 207

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Mar. 3.

Bengal Superfine	188/90
Bengal Fine	185/87
C.P. 1	221/23
C.P. 2	215/17
Arvi	216/18
Ellichpur	214/16
Berar	212/14
Khamgaon	213/15
Mulkapur	210/11
Khandesh	208/10
Jalna/Sailu	208/10
Burwah Sanavad	213/15
Broach Fine	231/32
Punjab/American	225/30
Sind, N.T.	270/80
Punjab 289F	285/90
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	265/66

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Mar. 3.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	Since 1st Sept. This year.
Khandesh	56	190,585
Central India	1,720	266,423
Barsi and Nagar	471	134,597
Hyderabad-Gaorani	335	67,089
Berar	1,888	452,335
Central Provinces	394	95,909
Total Oomras	4,774	1,206,938
Dholera	668	31,960
N.-W. Provinces	...	6,716
Rajputana	501	50,124
Sind-Punjab	2,262	244,157
Broach	3,518	98,256
Coompta and Dharwar	...	11,509
Westerns-Northerns	..	14,701
Cocoanada		124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	205	3,175
Persian	...	10
American	...	4,560
Egyptian and African	836	156,938
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	5
Total	12,764	1,829,623

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 25th Feb.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	2,425	218,396
Japan and China	4,101	793,632
Coast Ports	200	13,341
Up-country by Rail	..	132,624
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	19,687
Total	6,726	1,177,880

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, March 2

	To-day.	Total
Bengal	100	2050
Oomra	100	100

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, March 3

March 243.50 plus 140
May 245.10 plus 270
June 246.60 plus 260
July 247.80 plus 270
September 247.00 plus 90

LONDON SEEDS

London, March 2

Linseed La Plata Hull C.I.F. March sellers	£11-17-6
Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. April sellers	£13-16-3
Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. April sellers	£14-2-6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont C.I.F. March April sellers	£13-15-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull C.I.F. March April sellers	£14-0-0

LONDON PRODUCE

London, March 2

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe March April sellers	29/10 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo Unquoted	
Wheat South Australian March sellers	44

LINSEED OIL

London, March 2

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt March sellers	28
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt May August paid	27/10 1/2

LONDON RUBBER

London, March 2

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb Sellers 10 7/8

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, March 2

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) [illegible] 8 7/8

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, March 3

Yesterday London gold prices declined one penny to £7-2-2 1/2. Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.89.20 and London Paris Exchange rate was one point up at 105.14. London silver prices advanced 1/16d to 20 1/4d. There was small speculative buying and sellers were reserved. New York silver prices were unchanged at 44 3/4 cents and Montreal prices advanced 10 to 32 points. The local market was fairly active with improved demand and prices advanced to Rs. 49/12. Gold market was quiet but steady with a limited business.

	Rs.	a.	p.
GOLD—			
Ready	35	3	0
Fagan	35	2	9
Chaitra	35	3	0
SILVER—			
Ready	51	14	0
Fagan	49	12	0
Chaitra	49	15	0

LONDON SILVER

London, March 2

Spot	20 1/4
Forward	20 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, March 2

Gold Bars Fine per ounce £7 2-2 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, March 2

March 44.98 plus 18
May 44.78 plus 32
July 44.55 plus 10

Bombay Metals

Bombay, March 3

London market—

Standard copper cash (buyers)	£68 17 6
Standard copper 3 months	£68 10 0
Electrolytic copper	£74 10 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	15 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	14.50 cents
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 47 8 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 63 0 0

Tone: Steady.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, March 3

Following steadier foreign advices the local market ruled steady with a slightly better enquiry. The undertone of the market was steady and general feeling is inclined on the bull side. Quotations were as under:—

Linseed May	7 11 6
Linseed September	7 14 9
Wheat May	5 8 9
Wheat September	5 7 3

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, March 3

Our market was very steady with improved demand for groundnuts. Castorseeds were quietly steady while cottonseeds ruled steady in sympathy with firmness of raw cotton. The undertone of the market was good but foreign demand does not show any material improvement.

Groundnuts May—	
Opening	44 2 0
Highest	44 7 6
Lowest	44 0 0
Closing	44 2 6
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	36 13 0
Highest	37 1 0
Lowest	36 12 0
Closing	36 13 0
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	20 13 3
Highest	21 1 6
Lowest	20 13 3
Closing	21 0 0

Groundnuts Coromandel Shell

London, March 2

March £14-15-0

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, March 2

March 102 1/4d.
May 104 1/4d
July 105 7/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, March 2

May dol 1.33 1/2
July dol 1.15 1/8
September dol 1.12

New York Sugar

New York, March 2

July 2.58 plus 2
September 2.58 plus 2
December 2.61 plus 1
January 2.51 —1

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Mar. 3.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready Javas	13	4	0
Shipment March	4	5	6
Shipment July-Sept.	4	9	0
Kesar	11	9	0
Saraya	11	0	0
Java Spot	F.5.35.		

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Mar. 3.

	Cwts.
Wheat	6,572
Linseed	4,393
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	509
Gingellyseed	1,213
Poppyseed	467
Groundnuts	3,534
Castorseed	389
Rice	47,633
Myrabollams	6,419
Cottonseed	6,388
Gram	1,255
Joowar	310
Barley	925
Indian Sugar	2,554
	Tons.
Coal	718

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 3

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 99/12
3 per cent 1951/54 101/4
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 103/12
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 94/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 105/2
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 109/2
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 112/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 117/8
5 per cent U P Bonds 97
5 per cent 1928/44 106/10
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 109/12
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 105/9

TAX FREES

3 per cent 1945/55 118/11
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan 111/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 105/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 124/8

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1974 107/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 106/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 117/4
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129
6 per cent K P T 1956 129
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 95/2 and prices declined to Rs. 94/8. Tone easy.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, March 3

B. C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	273 3/4
Banks selling T T	271 3/4
Banks buying T T	269 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	788
Banks buying T T	803
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from April)	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	76 3/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	66 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 1/4
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 3/8
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 5/8
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 2nd instant	4.89
Japan/London— 3rd instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London— 3rd instant	8.88 1/2
Hongkong/London— 3rd instant	1/3
Shanghai/London— 3rd instant	1/2 19/32
London/Paris 2nd instant	105.14
London/Belgium 2nd instant	29.02 1/4
London/Switzerland 2nd instant	21.43 3/8
London/Berlin 2nd instant	12.16 1/4
London/Stockholm 2nd instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 2nd instant	4.89.2
London/Amsterdam 2nd instant	8.93
London/Italy 2nd instant	92.90
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.	
Gold 1st instant	£7-2-3 1/2
2nd instant	£7-2-3 1/2
Silver London Ready 1st instant	20 3/16
2nd instant	20 1/4
Silver London Forward 1st instant	20
2nd instant	20 1/16
Silver New York Ready 1st instant	45
2nd instant	45
London Discounts 3 months 1st instant	9/16 p.c.
2nd instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months 1st instant	11/16 p.c.
2nd instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	3/4 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.	

Indian Sterling Loans

London, March 2

Call Loan London 1/2
3 per cent 78 1/2 xd
3 1/2 per cent 91 3/8 xd
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59 103
4 per cent 1948/53 106 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 114
5 per cent 1942/47 112
3 per cent 1949/52 98
2 1/2 per cent British Consols 77 1/2 x.d.
3 1/2 per cent Conversion 101 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan 103

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 1st March 13,128 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936 1,816,859 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 1,422,748 bales
Increase 394,111 bales

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: May 181 July 199 at cross rate 4.89 1/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 229 Liverpool May 7.27 Rs. 87 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 232/8 Liverpool July 7.24 Rs. 82 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 229 New York May 13.00 Rs. 66 1/2 at cross rate 4.89 1/32

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 232/8 New York July 12.74 Rs. 57 1/4 at cross ratte 4.89 1/32

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, March 3

May 76.90 plus 30
June 77.00 plus 20

Tata Steel Shares Reach War Levels

Extensive Bullish Enthusiasm

ERRATIC PRICE MOVEMENT

BOMBAY: March 3.

Boom in Steel Industry all over the world and scarcity of pig iron have arrested the attention of speculators.

The British Treasury has abolished the 33 per cent. import duty on pig iron and the duty on iron and steel is reduced to 10 per cent. from 20 per cent. The motive behind this change is to secure supplies without stimulating rise of prices.

All world factories are working at the maximum capacity and orders on hand are plenty. There seems no possibility of easing the situation.

Armament programmes are influencing speculative sentiment and Steel Shares are going up daily by leaps and bounds.

So far there is no actual political trouble, but in case if European situation takes an ugly turn, Tata Steel Dfds. will be considered a safe purchase at Rs. 3,000.

On the other hand, if political peace is secured a price level of Rs. 1,200 will appear too high. This is the prospective situation; and it is beyond the control of one individual factor.

With these prospects, Bears will be well advised to refrain from selling even a single share as in the present temper of the market nothing is impossible.

Our Market is full of bullish enthusiasm, and it is impossible for any one to say as to where the present rise will stop. New buyers are pouring in and to-day Tata Steel Dfd. shares reached levels seen only during the last European War.

If a crash comes, the market will be responsible for the over-enthusiasm, but this fear has no room at the moment. Past experiences are soon forgotten and everything appears bullish on the Stock Exchange horizon.

Steel Shares are under political influence and what measures will be adopted in case of a disturbed situation remains to be seen, but short sales are dangerous and we think it safe to leave the market alone to Bulls.

Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 225 and finally closed at Rs. 220. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 965 and after advancing to Rs. 971 declined to Rs. 956. Central India shares were placed at Rs. 282. In this section there was some unloading by actual holders which depressed prices.

Cement shares were steady at the opening in sympathy with firmness of Steel shares but later prices declined on realising. Indian Cements were placed at Rs. 583 and Shahabads at Rs. 563.

Hydro-Electric shares were quiet with a limited turnover. This section remains neglected as securities are sagging.

Tata Steel opened with great excitement and there was considerable irregularity. Business in Dfds. began at Rs. 1,760 while nominally they were quoted at Rs. 1,720. Later on there was active buying and covering and prices after advancing to Rs. 1,785 closed at Rs. 1,760. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 369 and soon rose to Rs. 377 this was the highest level as later on prices eased off to Rs. 370.

The market was open for one hour and will remain open daily for one hour till the settlement.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY, Mar. 3.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 14)	297	8
250 BOM DYEING (Rs. 25)	956	4
100 CENTURY	220	0
100 CEN INDIA (Rs. 4)	282	8
100 COLABA (nil)	156	4
100 Coorla	110	0
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	370	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0	14
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	117	8
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	223	12
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,725	0
100 Indore	48	12
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	90	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	295	0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	647	8
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	925	0
250 Model	52	8
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	111	4
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	208	12
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	50	0
100 Phonex (10)	310	0
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	62	8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2,300	0
50 SIMPLEX (Re. 1-2)	89	6
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	251	4
100 Swan (nil)	88	12
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1350	0
1000 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8) x.d.	115	0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	34	12
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1517	8
125-500 I Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	375	0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	138	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	133	0
5 Union (As 4.)	5	12
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	186	4
10 BUNDI (As. 10)	44	14
100 Coimbatore	199	6
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	153	12
160 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	583	12
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 83-3-9)	2,595	0
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	431	4
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	342	8
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	33	8
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 13-8)	563	12
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	181	4
INSURANCE.		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1012	8
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15	12
15-75 New India (Re. 1-4)	44	8
20 Mercantile	47	8
200 Oriental (125)	5,300	0
10-50 Universal Fire (As. 4)	5	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, March 3

Century (217/8) 225 223 226 221 222 220
Bombay Dyeing (945) 965 970 960 971 955 956
Kohinoor (292/8) 300 303 295
Central India (282/8) 292 282
New Great (203/12) 207 208 204 206
Simplex (88/12) 90 88 89
Swadeshi (256/4) 260 252 251
Bundi (44/10) 44
I Cement (586/4) 590 583
Punjab (33) 33/8
Shahabad (562/8) 570 565 563
Tata Hydro (183/7) 184/11
Tata Power (1471/4) 1496 1490 1485 1487 1485
Tram Ord (151/4) 151/14
T Steel Defd (1675) 1760 1770 1757 1755 1760 1765 1770
T Steel Ord (350) 369 377 369 374/8 369 371 369 370
Tata Steel 2nd pref (179/8) 179/12 180
Bellapur (171/4) 176 177 176
B Steam (272/8) 275
B Burma (651/4) 662 656 658

10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7 14
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	185 0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (45)	1702 8
10 Aimer (As. 4)	14 0
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 3-8)	151 14
100 Bom. Suburban (Rs. 6)	190 0
10 Broach	14 8
100 Karachi (4)	267 8
100 Poona (4)	285 0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208 2
100 T. HYDRO (Rs. 5)	184 11
1000 T. POWER (Rs. 40)	1485 0
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	897 8
100 C. Province	95 0
100 Dhond Baramati	102 0
100 Gujarat	92 0
100 Mandra Bhon	102 0
100 Pachora Jamner	97 8
100 Sara Sirajgunje	102 0
500 Tapti Valley (17-8)	777 8
MININGS	
10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	54 8
30 TATA STEEL DEF. (Rs. 7-8)	1770 0
75 T. STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	370 0
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	296 4
50 B SUGAR (Rs. 7)	170 0
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900 0
250 B. STEAM (Rs. 15)	275 0
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-8)	658 12
50 Do. Contry (Rs. 5)	216 4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	6 14
50 B. TELEPHONE (2-8)	116 8
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	13 14
2sh. Indian Copper	4 12
10 Indian I and S	48 0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	155 0
50 I. Invest. Trust (Rs. 2)	55 0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	538 0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	520 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	621 4
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	24 4
30 PREMIER CON. (Re. 1-1)	97 0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	23 0
PREFERENCE.	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,565 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	305 8
7 p.c. Bom. Tram. (T.F.)	85 12
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	537 8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146 4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13 10
6½ p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	105 0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	100 0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	160 0
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1,582 8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	200 0
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	180 0
7 p.c. Vishnu	692 8
DEBENTURES.	
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	102 12
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	111 0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51 4
7 p.c. Sholapur	84 12
½ p.c. Tata Hydro	110 12

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward list.)

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1937

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No 'Imperialism' In Religion

Tagore Condemns Bigotry

"TOUCH OF INFINITE IN SPIRIT OF SACRIFICE"

Ramkrishna Has Proved Truth Of Our Spiritual Heritage, Says Poet

CALCUTTA: March 3.

"I do not mean to advocate a common church for mankind, a Universal pattern to which every act of worship and aspiration must conform. The arrogant spirit of sectarianism which so often uses either active or passive, violent or subtle methods of persecution, on the least provocation or without any, has to be reminded of the fact that religion, like poetry, is not a mere idea,—it is expression. When a religion develops the ambition of imposing its doctrine on all, it degrades itself into a tyranny and becomes a form of Imperialism.

Another Noah's Ark!

"If humanity ever happens to be overwhelmed with the Universal flood of a bigoted exclusiveness, then God will have to make provision for another Noah's Ark to save his creatures from the catastrophe of spiritual desolation. What I plead for is a living recognition of the neglected truth that the reality of religion has its basis in the truth of Man's nature in its most intense and Universal need and so most constantly be tested by it. Where it frustrates that need, and outrages its reason, it repudiates its own justification."

These words of reverential homage to the sacred memory of Ramkrishna Paramhamsa Dev were uttered by Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore in the course of his presidential address delivered to-day, the third day of Parliament of Religions at the University Institute Hall.

The following are excerpts from Dr. Tagore's speech:—

OUR SPIRITUAL HERITAGE

When I was asked to address this distinguished gathering I was naturally reluctant, for I do not know if I can be called religious in the current sense of the term, not claiming as my possession any particular idea of God, authorised by some time-honoured institution. If, in spite of all this, I have accepted this honour, it is only out of respect to the memory of the great saint with whose centenary the present Parliament is associated. I venerate Paramhamsa Dev because he in an age of religious nihilism, proved the truth of our spiritual heritage by realising it, because the largeness of his spirit could comprehend seemingly antagonistic modes of sadhana, and because the simplicity of his soul shames for all time the pomp and pedantry of pontiffs and pundits.

I have nothing new to tell you, no esoteric truth to propound to you. I am a mere poet, a lover of men and of creation. But since love gives a certain insight I may perhaps claim to have sometimes caught the hushed voice of humanity and felt its suppressed longing for the Infinite. I hope that I do not belong to those who, born in a prison-house, never have the good luck to know that it is a prison, who are blissfully unaware that the costliness of their furniture and profuseness of the provisions for their comfort act as invisible walls in a castle of vanity that not only rob them of their freedom but even of the desire for it.

"DEPRIVED OF THE INFINITE"

The degree of this freedom is measured according to our realisation of the Infinite whether in the outer world, or in the inner life. In a narrow room we may have as much space as is necessary for living and for the exercise of our muscles; the food may be more than sufficient, it may even be sumptuous; yet our inborn craving for what we may call the more, the unattained, if not altogether killed, remains unsatisfied. We are deprived of the Infinite, which is freedom of range, both in the outer world as well as in the ceaseless variety of the world of our experience.

But a more profoundly intimate perception of the Infinite lies in that intensity of our consciousness, which we can only attain when we realise ultimate value in some ideal of perfection, when in the realisation of some fact of our life we become aware of an indefinable truth that immensely transcends it. We, in our human nature, have a hunger for Bhuma, for immensity, for something a great deal more than what we need immediately for the purposes of life. Men all through their history have been struggling to realise this truth according to the unfolding ideas of the boundless and have been gradually changing their methods and plans of existence, constantly meeting failures, but never owning final defeat.

SPIRIT OF SACRIFICE

We find that animals have their evolution along the line of the race. They have their individual life which ends with their death. But even in them there is a touch of the Infinite which urges them to outlive their own life in the life of the race, accepting sufferings and making sacrifices for its sake. The spirit of sacrifice in the parents is this touch of the Infinite,—the motive power which makes the race-life possible, which helps to develop those faculties in them that will enable their descendants to find better opportunity for food and shelter.

But in human beings has been further evolved a sense of the Infinite that goes far beyond the struggle for physical life which merely occupies extended time and extended space. Man has realised that a life of perfection is not merely a life of extension, but one which has its enjoyment of the great and the beautiful.

After we have evolved this sense of the beautiful, of the good, of something that we call truth,—which is deeper and larger than any number of facts,—we have come into an altogether different atmosphere from that wherein the animals and trees have their existence. But we have come into this higher realm only very lately.

MYSTERIOUS REGION

Ages and ages have passed, dominated by the life of what we call the self which is intent upon seeking food and shelter, and upon the perpetuation of the race. But there is a mysterious region waiting for its full recognition, which does not entirely acknowledge loyalty to physical claims. Its mystery constantly troubles us and we are not yet fully at ease in this region. We call it spiritual. That word is vague, only because we have not yet been able to realise its meaning completely.

We are groping in the dark, not yet clear in our idea of the ultimate truth which is at the centre of this world. Nevertheless, through the dim light which reaches us across the barriers of our physical existence, we seem to have a stronger faith in this spiritual life than in the physical. For even those who do not believe

(Continued On Page 8—Col. 1 & 2)

SUSPENSION ORDER CANCELLED

Officer Who Attended Congress Meeting

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, March 3.

It is understood that the U. P. Government have withdrawn the order suspending the Judicial Officer of these Provinces for alleged participation in Congress procession and meeting organised during the election tour of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

The Governments decision, is regarded significant in view of the Congress victory at the election in U. P.

Not only had Government suspended the Officer but had it is reported decided to hold a regular inquiry in connection with the incident.

FIRST THOUGHT FOR MASSES

Sir M. Visvesvaraya On Need Of Universal Education

(From Our Correspondent)

BENARES: March 2.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya delivering to-day the Convocation address at Benares Hindu University, observed:

"Extension, revision and reconstruction of our national life are necessary politically, because India has been a dependency hitherto and vast numbers of people have been without power of self-help and self-improvement in the economic sphere, because mass poverty exists here to a decree unknown to Western countries and socially because Indian mass mind has to be liberated from the stupefying spell of many ancient traditions and narrow prejudices".

FIRST THOUGHT.

He stressed "in view of mass poverty and unemployment, our first thought should be for the poor and any ameliorative measures taken should be to raise their standard of living and to arrest their further degradation".

He advocated universal mass education for young persons and unearned adults and said literary training now given in educational institutions should be supplemented by practical training in some of the many ways, in which it was possible to do it. "Separate vocational and trade schools, workshops and experimental and demonstration stations should be thickly scattered over the land."

FOR SOCIAL SERVICE

Allow me simply to respect all participants at the Parliament to always direct their efforts towards social service towards the aid of the message of the world. We find ourselves at a point in the history of the world, when people, oppressed and sacrificed as they have been for a number of centuries, are organising themselves for their defence against an exploitation which is becoming more and more humiliating and cruel.

May we help forward the coming of social justice; our place ought always to be beside the poor and the humble, those who labour and perish."—United Press.

LL. D. FOR TWO PRINCES

Sapru And Visveswarayya Get Doctorate Of Letters

BENARES, March 2.

The 19th Convocation of the Benares Hindu University was held to-day in the Amphi-Theatre. The Maharajah of Benares presided.

Pandit Malaviya, Vice-Chancellor conferred degrees on the distinguished gathering present. The Maharao of Kotah and The Maharajah of Benares were honoured by conferring on them honorary degrees of Doctor of Laws and Doctor of Letters, respectively.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on Dr. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru. Honorary degrees of Doctor of letters were conferred on Dr. Sir M. Visveswarayya, Principal A. B. Dhruva and Raye Baldeo Das Birla.

Pandit Malaviya conferring the degrees on them paid eloquent tributes to their services to the University.

After conferment of degrees on a large number of students including girl students and award of medals and prizes, Sir M. Visveswarayya delivered the convocation address.

Proposing a vote of thanks to Sir M. Visveswarayya for his unusual address, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru remarked that the extreme poverty of the Indian people was no new discovery. What they should do was to devise means for a solution of that greatest problem in the country and as to what the universities could do towards its solution. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru wanted them to adjust themselves to the various needs of the country.—A.P.

ULTIMATUM TO TRAMWAYMEN

If Strikers Won't Return They Will Be Considered As Having Left

MADRAS, March 2.

Out of a total of 98 cars, only about thirty were seen plying till noon. Later the number increased and at about 3 p.m. between 70 to 80 cars were running.

The management of the Tramway Company has issued the following notice:

"All members of the Traffic Department are warned that unless they return to duty immediately they will be considered as having left the Company's service, and all the Company's contribution to the provident fund and the gratuity fund, to which they are entitled will be confiscated, and their posts will be filled."—A. P.

12 ARRESTED FOR DISPUTE WITH ZAMINDAR

PATNA, March 3.

A message just now received from Lakhisarai says that a critical situation has arisen in Kamarpur Barhiya village over the arrest of twelve men in connection with a dispute with their landlord, regarding 'Bekast'.

The villagers have gone on strike and about hundred of them with their women, children, cattle and other belongings are marching this morning towards Monghyr District headquarters.

Further details are lacking.—United Press.

HON. DEGREES OF HINDU 'VARSITY

BENARES, March 2.

The 19th Convocation of the Hindu University was held this afternoon at Amphi Theatre Hall under the presidency of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Vice-Chancellor.

An honorary degree of Doctor of Law was conferred on His Highness the Maharaja of Kotah and honorary degrees of Doctor of Letters were conferred on the Maharaja of Benares, Raja Baldevdas Birla, Mr. A. B. Dhruva, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Sir N. Visweswaraya. Degrees of Doctor of Science and Doctor of Letters were conferred on Mr. K. N. Lal and Mr. Raj Bali Pande respectively.

Nearly 880 graduates received degrees including 39 ladies.—United Press.

Sardar Arrives In City

Calls Conference Of Bombay Legislators

DISCUSSION ON PARTY ORGANISATION

"Chronicle" Special

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Bombay Presidency Congress Parliamentary Board has called a Conference of all the Congress members of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and Council on the 12th March, Friday at 5 p.m. at Congress House to discuss and decide the party organisation within the legislature.

The Conference will be presided over by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

The Congress members in both the Houses will then elect their leader, General Secretary Whips as also other officials of the Congress Party.

It is expected that more than a hundred members will attend this Conference. Not only those who have been elected on the Congress ticket but also others who are prepared to sign the Congress pledge will be asked to attend the Conference.

The Conference, of course, will not decide as to who should be the Ministers on their behalf as by then, the Congress decision on the question will not be known. It is probable that the Conference might give its opinion as to whether the Congress legislators should accept offices or not.

As to who will be the officials that will be elected on that day will depend on the advice that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will tender to the House or to the representatives of the four different Congress Provinces in the Presidency. As to who will be ministers in Bombay will be decided by the Working Committee of the Congress after the Delhi decision on the question of offices.

Informal Discussions With M. L. A.'s

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

With the arrival of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Central Congress Parliamentary Board from Wardha after attending the Congress Working Committee meeting, there is intense political activity in the city.

Immediately on his arrival several of the Congress members of the Legislature saw him, most of them in connection with the forthcoming Conference of the Congress Legislators in the Presidency. So far there has not been any discussion as to who should be the ministers, when Delhi decides in favour of offices.

While Congress has secured a majority in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, leaders of the other groups are busy in strengthening their respective parties. Each leader is trying to get at and label as many of the independents as possible While it is considered possible that a good number of the Independents would join hands with the Congress, the remaining would like to remain Independents than joining hands with particular groups.

After the Muslim League, which claims twenty members in the Assembly comes the Independent Labour Party of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar who claims a following of about 15 members at present and hopes to get a few Independents to join his Party. He, however, is understood to have refused the offer of an ex-minister to join hands with his Party of about half a dozen.

GANGADHARRAO ON 'OFFICES'

Sjt. Gangadharrao Deshpande, President, District Congress Committee, Belgaum has forwarded to the President, "Indian National Congress," the following as embodying the unanimous views of the Belgaum District Congress Committee on the question of office-acceptance by the Congress Party.

ACCEPTANCE IN CASE OF MAJORITY.

The question of acceptance or non-acceptance of office is pertinent in Provinces, where the Congress has secured absolute majorities. In the opinion of this Committee, the question should be answered in the affirmative.

Further, the Committee is of opinion that in Provinces where the Congress is in absolute minority, i.e., not even in the position of doubtful majority of fifty-fifty basis the Congress should not accept the responsibility of forming ministries by combining with elements of reactionary and doubtful nature. There will be no discipline and the party thus formed will meet with premature disruption. The Congress should never be a party to such a contingency as this.

IN CASE OF DOUBTFUL MAJORITY.

On the other hand, if the Congress be in the position of a doubtful majority of fifty-fifty basis and provided the Congress party feels confident that co-operation with some others holding progressive and nationalist views, though opposed to Congress in the elections, will not affect the morale, the Committee is of opinion that in cases like these co-operation should be welcomed and Congress should shoulder the responsibility of forming the Ministries. Of course those with whom co-operation is contemplated should be genuine Nationalists and not re-actionaries or communalists, and should be prepared to accept Congress discipline so far as the defined work in the Legislatures is concerned. This view is put forth with the consciousness that in some cases genuine Nationalists opposed the Congress not because they were not in agreement with the fundamentals of the Congress, but because they were actuated by some other considerations and motives of secondary importance. Difficulties may arise in making actual adjustments, but a way can be found by acting on the principle of give and take. If however such co-operation be not possible without surrendering the fundamentals for which the Congress stands, none should be formed and no Ministries should be accepted. In such cases the Congress Party should act like watch dogs and should see that the ministerial party is always at its mercy.

The Sind Advisory Council is meeting for the last time on March 4, for a day, when it will be dissolved by the Governor after a farewell address.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—

"The [illegible] Ribbon"

I TELL YOU NOBODY FOLLOWED ME!--BUT WHAT ABOUT TRIGGER AN' SLINK? -- THEY BEEN ARRESTED!
SO WHAT? WADE CAN'T PROVE ANYTHING ON 'EM!
SUPPOSE THEY TALK ABOUT THE GREEN-- UGH!
NOBODY TALKS ABOUT TH' GREEN RIBBON! UNDERSTAND?
COME OUT HERE!
I-- I AIN'T TALKIN', SEE?
YOU WON'T HAVE TO, SLINK! I'LL DO THE TALKING!
1-26
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LYMAN ANDERSON

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